IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE."
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situate IN HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE. Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 56,075.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
4th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	.....	.....
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
18th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....
25th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
1st Nov.	MALOJA	12500	.....	.....
8th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
15th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
22nd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
29th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	.....
6th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MEDINA	12500
13th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
20th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
27th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
1914				
3rd Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
10th ,,	DELTA	8000	.....	.....
17th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
24th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
31st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
7th Feb.	MANTUA	11000	.....	.....
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
21st ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	.....
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	.....
28th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA	7000	.....	.....
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	.....
25th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....

All the above Steamers are fitted with
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE "A" rate.	SINGLE "B" rate.	RETURN. "A" rate.	RETURN. "B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES,	891 or 495	742	891 or 742-8-0	
,, LONDON	937 or 523	780	940-8-0	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Bombay, Superintendent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons	Capts.	Leave Bombay
*Circassia	6722	P. McLean	4th Oct
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	15th Oct.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	26th Oct.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	29th Nov.
Olympia	5124	J Kinnaird	13th Dec.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1914.

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	Leave Bombay
*Circassia	6723	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	16th Jan.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	31st Jan.
*Elysia	6368	J. A Coverley	25th Feb.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	13th Mar.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	26th Mar.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	7th April.
Scindia	5106	Wm Kelso	21st April.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	1st May.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	23rd May.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 853	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 520	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route via.
Linga	3,185	Friday 3rd Oct.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	3,164	Mon. 6th Oct.	11 a.m.	* P.D.&C.M
Dwarka	1,695	Thurs. 9th Oct.	9 a.m.	† C.M.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch, Mandvi.
† Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dwarka," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 9th October, calling at Muscat Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS,

(Weekly).

S.S. "Bankura," 3,159, tons, on Tuesday the 7th October, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Pentakota	3419 Thursday	4th Oct.
†Pundua	3305 ,,	16th ,,
*Palamcotta	3413 ,,	30th ,,
†Purnea	3306 ,,	13th Nov.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
†Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents
Neol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
3rd October, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
French Mail Steamers.

FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on 1913
Dumbea	5685	P. de Bousseo	22nd Oct.
Ville de la Ciotat	6383	Lafont	19th Nov.
Nera	5685	Lassince	17th Dec.
Sydney	4140	Leveque	14th Jan.

PASSAGE FARES (including table wine).

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. ,,	891	742	405
To London (single) .. ,,	660	528	270
Do. (return) .. ,,	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One Sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars, apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

MARITTIMA ITALIANA
(Italian Mail S. N. Co.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA.
Regularly every 4 weeks on WEDNESDAY.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Firenze	....	G. Merlo	14th Oct.
A Steamer	6000	.....	18thNov.
....	6000	.....	16th Dec. 1914.
....	6000	.....	13th Jan.
....	6000	.....	10th Feb.
....	6000	.....	10th Mar.
....	6000	.....	7th April
....	6000	.....	5th May
....	6000	.....	2nd June
....	6000	.....	30th ,,

RATES TO ITALY
INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Cl. Rs.	2nd Cl. Rs.	3rd Cl. Rs.
Single ticket...	450	350	165
Return tickets available 2 years.	675	525	247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st class, Rs. 690, 2nd Class Rs. 590. Special rates for missionaries.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

Subject to alterations. For further particulars, apply to G. FERRERO, Agent Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE).
BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts	To Sail about
Praesident	3310	Schutt	19th Oct. 1913
*Konig	4900	Colszan	4th Nov. 1913
Markgraf	3680	Jantzan	19th Nov. 1913.

Taking passengers and cargo for MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

* Wireless Telegraphy and Twin screw.

For rates and particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & CO.,
Agents.
24, Meadow Street,
Bombay, 19th September, 1913.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		,, Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. H. WILSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE:	NEW YORK.
Capital Paid up .. Gold	$ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund ..... ,, ,,	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits.... ,, ,,	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
43-43 Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	31,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	15,550,000

HEAD OFFICE YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

Anjang-Hsien	Mangtsze (2 offices)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Gyojun (Port Arthur
Hsinkai	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (Northern Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 400,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)
J. C. GEORGE BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....	Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up) ,,	25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)... ,,	36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Murree, and Srinagar (Kashmir)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Bullion and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co.

SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415,000

HEAD-OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BARRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 30,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA.

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 upto Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombasa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY
(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply to the 'Bombay Gazette' Office.

THE SAFETY PIN

FOR GENTLEMEN'S COLLARS AND TIES.

AN EVOLUTION OF THE ORDINARY HOUSEHOLD PIN.

Bronze pins have been found in the lake-dwellings of Switzerland, whilst others have been discovered in Egypt with gold or amber heads. The pin head apparently always presented a difficulty and sometimes consisted of a loose ring passed through the eye. Specimens of Safety pins of a pre-historic period have also been found, proving that even this form of fastening is no novelty.

The importation of pins into England was strictly forbidden in 1483, but Queen Catherine (of Aragon) received her supplies from France. They were then expensive luxuries and with the ladies of this period "Pin money," (hence the term of the present day) was a consideration.

An Act of 1543 prohibited the sale of pins unless "double headed" or with "heads fast soldered to the shank." France held the trade until 1626, when Tilsby introduced the manufacture into Stroud in Gloucestershire. The trade spread to London, Bristol and Birmingham in 1636, but it was not until 1817 a machine was patented for making the head, shaft and point in one piece.

The weekly output of pins, principally made in Birmingham, is computed at 500,000,000!

With the ordinary pin, we have but little to do, but we can show you

GOLD SAFETY PINS

in a variety of designs and values. We have dozens of London-made, Strong Safety Pins, of 15 carat and 18 carat gold from which to select. Round wire half round-topped; flat-topped; Platinum-topped; set with pearls or enamelled with jointed or spring hinges.

Prices from Rs. 4 and upwards.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLIVE OIL.

What we offer is the pure, genuine and unadulterated produce of the Olives and it is unquestionably the best for the Table and the Kitchen.

	Rs.	As.
OLIVE OIL, the best produce of Lucca (bottled in Bombay) per bottle	1	4
Do. in original tins of 10 Kilos — — — per tin	19	0
Do. do. 5 ,, — — — ,, —	9	8
Do. do. 2 ,, — — — ,, —	4	0
Do. do. 1 ,, — — — ,, —	2	0
SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the best and the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can also be taken as a medicine with the best of results; bottled in Italy by Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, Rs. 3 per bottle. In half litre bottles.. .. — — — — —	1	13
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in litre bottle, per bottle ... ... — — — — —	2	12
In half litre bottle, per bottle — — — — —	1	8

LARGE CONSIGNMENT
OF
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, PLANTS,
AND
FANCY CRACKERS
FOR
TABLE DECORATIONS
JUST UNPACKED
AT
MONGINI BROTHERS.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT,
Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED, on THURSDAY, the 9th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 2nd Oct., 1913.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the work of Addition for Spinning Room, etc, over Sorting, Bundling and Card Rooms in the compound of the Union Mills, Ltd., at Delisle Road, Parel, will be received on FRIDAY, the 10th October, 1913, at 2-0 P. M. (S. T.), at the office of the Undersigned.

No Tender will be received unless accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 400 (Four Hundred).

Plans, Conditions of Contract and Specification of work, may be seen at the office of the Undersigned, between the hours of 1 and 5 P. M. (S. T.)

Copies of Form of Tender can be obtained at the office of the Undersigned on payment of Re. 1. Three per each set.

The Agents do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

SHAPOORJEE N. CHANDABHOY & Co.,
F. R. I. B. A., etc.,
Architects, etc.,
Mankar's Building, Apollo Street, Fort,
Bombay, 3rd October, 1913.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on WEDNESDAY, 15th October, 1913, for the supply of the articles noted below, during the twelve months commencing from 1st January, 1914:—

B. Miscellaneous Country Stores.
C. Miscellaneous English Stores.
D. Stationery and Paper.

2. Separate Tender Forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of stores required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Re. 2 for each Form. No refund will be made on account of unused Tender Forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of stores, etc., tendered for with a maximum of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and, if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. L. SHAW,
Ag. General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 19th September, 1913.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO MILL AND FACTORY OWNERS.

CORY BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

(OF CARDIFF AND LONDON).

Are appointed SOLE AGENTS for the following Bengal Collieries in Bombay Presidency :—

CHARANPUR.	LOYABAD.
LUTCHIPUR.	MUDIDIH.
BHASKAJURI.	BUDROOCHUCK
PANCHGAT-	TITULMURI.
CHIA.	CHOITODIH.
HATGAROOIE.	JUMONI.
KATRAS.	

And are in a position to entertain business both Rail and Seaborne for Ready and Forward.

Royal Insurance Buildings,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of The "Bombay Gazette," Ltd.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

6-30 to 8 ; (8-30 to 9-30 pictures only).

12 MARVELLOUS JAPS 12.

Direct from the Imperial Theatre, Tokio, and just going to Europe on tour.

Acrobats, Contortionists, Equibrists. | THE HUMAN AEROPLANES | Globe, Ladder, and Wire—Walkers.

Remarkable

FEATS OF DARING.

Don't fail to see

"PROTEA."

CEMENT

Phaeton Brand.

Guaranteed best English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

BOMBAY.

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Everything you want to know about "Dress" will be found in the current issue of "FASHIONS FOR ALL," now on sale. The best designs, the best ideas, the best patterns, the best transfer designs, the most helpful dressmaking advice, and the most practical cooking, household, and fancywork articles are contained in this latest issue of England's Predominant Fashion Journal, which is the only fully comprehensive guide to Present Modes published.

IT CAN BE OBTAINED AT ANY BOOKSELLER OR RAILWAY BOOKSTALL

If you are told it's "Sold out," please give an order for a copy to be delivered each month, or, if you prefer it, you can have a copy each month,

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Just send your full name and address, and enclose stamps or a money order to the value of 3/-, and post it to—The Subscription Department,

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233, Regent St., London, ENGLAND.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ● NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY. BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BRASSO

The Finest Polish
FOR
all metal works is

BRASSO

Stocked in all Bazars.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION ?

IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO WRITE TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

the Branch Managers of the

NORWICH and LONDON. ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

TO-NIGHT!

The Greatest Detective Drama Ever Produced.

5,000 Feet Long—4 Parts.

PROTEA

A GREAT SENSATIONAL ECLAIR SUBJECT.

A film that surpasses even the famous "ZIGOMAR" series. Produced by the same Artistes that took part in the "ZIGOMAR" productions.

THIS FILM WILL BE THE TALK OF BOMBAY

Don't fail to see it ! The chance of a lifetime !

3 SHOWS OF 1½ HOURS.

6-45 to 8-15 ; 8-30 to 10 ; 10-15 to 11-45.

PRIZE SHOWS—Saturday and Sunday, 5 to 6-30.

MALARIA FEVER CURED.

THIS IS NO FABLE, BUT A SOLID PROVED FACT.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Cure Malaria, Ague, or Influenza. The soundest remedies in India, the Land of Fevers. Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 5.**

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

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Tables of Par Conversion—Commission Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

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"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," OFFICE,

HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from premature decay, or deficiency of the vital forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes and all ages, they are unequalled. Price 13½d. and 2s. 9d.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

Debilitated and Nervous sufferers should read the "Medical Advisor," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. Lewis, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LIMITED, BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKCS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds Library, Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest designs made and supplied,—Chuckla, No. 6.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Re. 3 per thousand.) 6 ½ inch by 3½ inch Rupees 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—Applicants for EMPLOYMENT, Rs. 100 p. m., minimum Box No. 430, "Bombay Gazette."

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FORT. BOMBAY.

Better get Good Strength.

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS will greatly help you to get good strength. Your digestive troubles, weakness, urinary complaints, and all will be completely vanished by these Pills and great strength substituted within a comparatively short time.

Wouldn't you like to be strong ? Do you not value your health !

Price Re. 1 per box.

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar—Kathiawar.
KALBADEVI,
BOMBAY.

JJ&S

PURE POT STILL WHISKEY.

The quality of this fine old mild flavoured Whiskey is guaranteed the same to-day as for the past 130 years.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LD.,
DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. The King.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—

9½ inch by 4½ inch...Re. 1 per hundred
9½ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per "
*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.
6 12-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—F. I. A. T. 12-15 H. P., 5 SEATED BODY, CAPE CART HOOD, two piece glass screen, electric and Rushmore-Acetelene lamps, accumulator, horn, pump, tools, etc., watch, speedometer, spare tubes, best water-proof upholstery covers, English made. Guaranteed in first class running order. Rs. 4,000. No offers Apply to Box No. 495 care of this Paper

THE KULU FRUIT GARDENS OF THE GARH ESTATE.
PROFESSOR COLONEL RENNICK.

BEST APPLES AND PEARS. 6 lbs. nett of fruit in baskets at Rs. 2-8 and in crates of 6 baskets each at Rs. 15 per V. P. P. delivered at domicile. Write to MANAGER, Kulu Fruit Gardens, Naggar, Kangra District.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

WANTED.

WANTED, an experienced ACCOUNTS CLERK, on a salary of Rs. 40 P.M., for the Office of the Asstt. Commanding Royal Engineer, M. W. S., Marine Lines, Bombay.

The post is on the temporary establishment i. e. non-pensionable.

Apply sending copies of genuine testimonials to the Undersigned.

T. C. WATSON, Major, R.E.,
A. C. R. E., Bombay, M. W. S.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS with BOARD REQUIRED at the end of October by three Europeans. Fort preferred but elsewhere will be considered. Terms must be moderate. Apply with full particulars to W. Q. F., care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED AT ONCE.—GOOD HALF TONE PROCESS and LINE BLOCK MAKER. Write giving full particulars and salary required to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A SMART CONTRACTOR, for the sale of Newspapers. Applicants must be prepared to deposit Rs. 100 as security on appointment or applications will not be considered. Apply with full particulars to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—By young Lady POST as COMPANION to European or Indian Lady. Apply Box No. 921, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Flats on second and third floors, in Harbour view, No. 7, Colaba Causeway. Monthly rent Rs. 70 each. Electric fittings provided. HOUSE, No. 42, 44, Custom House Road, TOP FLOOR. Rent Rs. 25.

Apply,
JAFFER CASSUM MOOSA,
Estate Manager, H.H. The Agakhan,
Jail Road, Umerkhady.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Nespean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,
DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
SURVEYING, ENGINEERING, AND DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, Etc., ARTISTS' MATERIALS, Etc.,
No. 9-12 KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

MONEY MADE EASILY.
Pay Re. 1-8 only and subscribe to
INDUSTRY.
A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities starting of small mechanical industries etc. Industrial queries replied free by experts.
Royal Edition Rs. 2-8; People's Edition Re. 1-8.
Benefits of free automatic life insurance. extraordinary prizes, etc.
AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.
Apply for particulars and samples to the MANAGER, Industry, Shamboazar Calcutta.

G. MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baris Building. Telephone No. 1288.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

NOTICE is hereby given that all the partners of the firm of Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, having either died or retired, the parties interested have arranged to WIND UP THE BUSINESS of the said firm, and therefore the GOODWILL of the said business of Crawford and Co., Auctioneers, that is to say, the right to carry on the business of Auctioneers in the name, style and firm of Crawford and Co., WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the Office of the undersigned, at Apollo Street, Fort, opposite the Government Dockyard at 4-30 p. m., S. T., on SATURDAY, the 11th of October, 1913.

The conditions of sale may be inspected at the said office of Messrs. Crawford and Co., at any time during business hours,

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 1st October, 1913.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

NEW TEAS,
NEW TEAS.
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
Retail Suppliers :—Messrs. BRANDON & Co., Victoria Terminus, & Messrs. DENISON & Co., Hummum Street, Fort.

CLARKES B 41 PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20
Half-yearly	„ 11
Quarterly	„ 6
Monthly	„ 2
SINGLE COPY	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	„ 13 8
Quarterly	„ 7 0
Monthly	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always the made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette."

See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per inch.
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Columns... ... Re. 1½ per inch.

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on 08 July, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Nera 3,420 tons Captain Vallet arrived in harbour on Thursday from Marseilles with a general cargo and passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Vorwarts, 3,727 tons, Captain S Olisnnak sailed on Thursday for Trieste with a general and passengers.

The steamer Dunerio, 1,210 tons, Captain J Tulloch will sail to-day for New York with a general cargo.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & B. I. M. VESSELS.

B I M S Dufferin ...Comdr E J Headlam...B I M S Investigator...Capt Hickman...B I M Transport...Bawa .....T Kerr .....Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 2.

Aviemoor.....2382 Koefod.....T Jeewandas
Bankura .....1899 Whytehead ...M M and Co
Bo Mara.....3393 Tozawa.....N Y Kaisha
Chakrata.....8641 Smith.....M M and Co
Dargai .....2279 Donorau...W and A G and Co
Geddington Court.....2495 Gleghain .....
Highland Monarch...2545 Scott .....
Hoseineo... 994 Fanning ... ..T Morrison & Co
Habeburg.....2395 Seberich .. A L S N Co
Ismaila...3331 Hodgson ... . M M and Co
Khosrou...2410 Hannah...Jeddah...T M and Co
Kola ...670 Mianett .....M M and Co
Lakonia.....3046 Mitchell .....
Nera.....3,420 Vallad.....M M & Co
Rahmani .....1872 Lewis.....T M and Co
Schwarzenfels...2443 Kettevich...T M and Co
Stephanotes ...2534 Goodridge ...Andrew Yule
Taebye.....2341 Kass .....A M Jeewanjee
Watchfels...3627 Huper ...W and A G and Co
Alfeld.....2450 Nieman.....K N & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Nordmark			Luning	Hamburg	15-10
G&E India				4198 Talbos Shanghai	8-10 P and O Co
D & E Risaldar		3091 Tofis		5-10	T M and Co
F Ariosto	4318	Booth	Karachi	7-10	J F and Co
H Clan Maclaren		1775 Phillips		5-10	J Finlay & Co
K Istrar		2979 Jacob	Dunkirk	10-1	K N and Co
M Badrie	1613	Fisher	Jeddah	3-10	A Sld
N Baralong	2661	Swinney	Antwerp	5-10	W and A G and Co
O Dunerio	1210	Tollock		3-10	W &A Gard & Co
P Itonus	3401	Pigot	Jeddah	5-10	M & Co
Q Rahmani		1873 Lewis	Jeddah	7-10	W and A G & Co 1 M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Pentakota	2209	Stewart	Darban	3-10	M M & Co
2 Circassia		4315	Maclean		W & A Graham and Co
3 Ozarda		3038 Miles	Calcutta	10-10	M M and Co
4 Aleppo		2536 Jones	Karachi	7-10	J F and Co
5 Islami	1604	Hughes	Jeddah		T M & Co
6 Markgraf		2325 Jent	Gan	4-10	A S & Co
7 City of Lahore		4471 McFee	Karachi	4-10	K N and Co
8 Nippon		4015 Franovich	Kobe	7-10	A L S N Co
9 K Monarch		4776 Clare			W & A G & Co
10&11 Devanha		4785 Hickey			P and O Co
12&13 Egypt		4207 Summers	London		P and O Co
14 Linga		951 Butler	Karachi	3-10	T M and Co
16 Mansuri		2043 Jose	Jeddah		T M & Co
Bahaduri		829 Goolam			Bo S N Co

M W D D

Saraswati	443	Ebram	Bo S N Co
Indravati	513	Esmail	NF NF ...Bo S N Co
Netravati	637	Fakeera	3-10 ...Bo S N Co

ARRIVAL

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination
2	Ners..... Rewa (Tpt)	Val'et ... Kerr.....	M'lles, Sept 17 S'pton, Sept 12

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels	Commanders.	From
2	Kagara..... Varwaerts ...	Minnet..... Cliennak ...	Busreh, &c Trieste

The steamer Dunerio, Captain Tulloch, obtained portclearances on Thursday for New York.

The steamer Taiyabi, began to load yesterday for Mauritius via Colombo

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer "Manora" left Suez on the afternoon of the 1st instant.

The Ellerman Lines Co's steamer "City of Glasgow," passed Port Said on the afternoon of the 15th September. The same Co's steamer "City of York," arrived at Marseilles on the morning of the 29th ultimo.

The Societa' Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi Co's steamer "Capri," from Bombay arrived at Naples on the 1st instant.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 1st Oct. to 6 a.m. on the 2nd October :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	0	0
Total mortality from all causes		60

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending September 27 was 510, giving a death-rate of 27·07 per annum per thousand as against 653, the corresponding period of last year, and 569, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 55 died from fevers; 10, plague; 1, small-pox; 2, measles; 5, cholera; nil leprosy; 27, phthisis; 32, diseases of the nervous system ; 109, affections of the respiratory organs; 53, diarrhœa ; 18, dysentery; 38, still born; 76, old age and debility ; 20 accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain 24 ; Brahmin 16; Lingaet 4, Bhattia 1, Hindu of other caste 234 ; Hindu low caste 58; Musalman 121; Parsee 20; Jew 3; Native Christian 24; Eurasian 1; European 4; Negro-African nil ; Buddhist nil ; other unknown castes, nil. The total number of births was 418 as against 446 for the corresponding period of last year, and 436 the average over the past five years.

THE current *Bombay Government Gazette* contains a copy of draft rules made by the Commissioner of Police "For places of public amusement in the City of Bombay." Any persons having objections or suggestions to offer regarding them should communicate with the Commissioner of Police on or before November 8.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—27 bales wool, D Kundannurk; 8 bales wool, J M Dama; 5 woolen carpets, King King and Co; 24 bales wool, J M Dama, 20 bales wool, D Nagji; 18 bales wool, E Shivjee; 35 bales wool, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—990 cwts gingeilyseed, John Fachiri; 1,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 900 lbs rose oil, M A Patheria; 2 cwts cashewnuts, R Jivandas and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—1,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Istrar s—12,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 2,100 mustardseed, Baner and Krause.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Monarch s—3,200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 2268 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co; 316 cwts barley, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chakrata s—150 cwts cajoo kernels, R Damjee and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Nordmark s—1,000 cwts groundnuts oil cakes, M H Dehdasht; 220 bales cotton, M B. Kaisha; 165 bales cotton, W Pavri and Co; 55 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

Schwarzenfels s—1625 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 201 bales cotton 9 bales silk waste, W Wolf and Sons; 440 bales cotton, K Visram and Co; 10,000 cwts mowrasseed, A Blascheck and Co; 105 cwts kang, Baner and Krause.

FOR GOTHENBURG.

Schwarzenfels s—55 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR TRIESTE.

Habsburg s—330 bales cotton, K H Kayani; 110 bales cotton, C Bhagawanlal and Co ; 690 bales cotton, Volkart Bros 4,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Habsburg s—110 bales cotton, K H Kayani and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Habsburg s—200 bales cotton, K H Kayani and Co ; 750 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 150 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co ; 200 bales cotton, J Finlay and Co; 259 bales cotton, K Visram and Co ; 300 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR MESTRE.

Habsburg s—50 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANCONA.

Habsburg s—60 bales hemp, K Reeve and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Nippon s—15 cwts karachi khismiss, C M Besania and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nippon s—312 bales cotton yarn, D Sassoon and Co.

Bombay Maru s—400 bales cotton twist, S J David and Co ; 300 bales cotton twist, M Amersey and Co.

India s—55 cwts per. dry fruits, T Canjee and Co.

FOR YAKKAICHI.

Bombay Maru s—4,747 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Bombay Maru s—168 bales cotton, M B Kaisha ; 300 bales cotton, Breul and Co..

FOR KOBE.

Bombay Maru s—150 bales cotton, G G Kaisha ; 500 bales cotton, D D Curranee and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha ; 200 bales cotton, N Fatchally and Co ; 500 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co ; 300 bales cotton, J Finlay and Co ; 169 bales cotton, M B Kaisha ; 70 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 500 bales cotton, M Amersey and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

India s—88 bales cotton twist, D Sassoon and Co.

DAILY IMPORTS—OCT. 2.

Steamer Nippon from Trieste Agents—A L S N Co ; 10 crates acitic acid, 1 parcel medicine, 100 bags almonds, 1 parcel cigars, 3 cases cigarettes, 103 packages gum arabic 4 packages gum gugal, 2 packages. Skins horns, 50 bags coffee, 150 cases lamp glass, 37 cases hollow glass, 63 cases glass rings, 243 cases glass bangles, 5 cases glass beads, 1 parcel colour 1,210 cases 332 kegs nails, 52 cases, 272 bales paper, 56 bales printing paper, 15,461 pieces sawndeal wood 10 bales cotton yarn, 116 cases cotton goods, 1 case silk, 20 cases cotton and woollen goods 1 case wool, 3 bales wool yarn, 1 bale 3 cases woollen goods.

Steamer Habsburg from Trieste Agents. A L S N Co ; 50 bags coffee, 5 cases cigarettes, 15 cases rope, 10 cases rosin, 50 cases gum arabic, 75 bales tobacco, 880 bags almonds, 415 cases currants, 600 cases figs, 11 cases clocks, 219 cases lamp glass, 405 glass plates, 12 cases glass beads, 22 cases hollow glass, 388 glass rings, 763 cases glass bangles, 5 cases silver coins, 115 cases 1,186 barrels nails, 23 cases soap, 11 cases brass sheets, 153 bales printing papers, 491 bales 29 cases 3 parcels paper, 28 bales 8 cases cotton yarn, 220 cases 4 bales cotton goods,, 4 cases cotton and woolen goods, 1 case silk, 101 cases silk yarn 9 cases wool, 2 cases 2 bales woollen yarn, 1 bale 1 case woollen goods.

Steamer Stephanantis from Calcutta Agents Andrew Yuk and Co 5,410 tons 2,343 pieces fire bricks, 140 bags fire clay.

Steamer—Bombay Maru from Kobe, Agents—N Y Kaisha—100 casks cement, 1688 casks cassia, 4 cases quinine, 50 bundles Jalangal, 21 bags cubeba, 369 cases camphor, 57 bags C gambier, 858 bags rice, 100 cases, 124 bundles gum bengamine, 244 cases fire crackers, 53 cases, 6 boxes glass bangles, 31 cases glass lamp , 49 cases mirrors, 33 cases glass heads, 7 cases perfume, 12 cases toilet soap, 8 cases soap, 11 cases cassia oil, 22 cases paper, 779 bags betelnuts, 3 cases mace, 20 bags pepper, 117 bags nutmegs, 16 cases glass bottles, 37 cases, 18 bales cotton yarn, 80 bales, 404 cases, cotton goods, 171 cases silk yarn, 7 cases silk goods.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

WILSON.—September 25, at Murree, to Captain and Mrs. N. Methven Wilson, Indian Medical Service, a daughter.

WINTOUR.—September 27, at Simla, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel R. Wintour, 28th Light Cavalry, of a daughter.

WHITTELL.—September 29, at 35 Napier Road, Allahabad, the wife of Lieut. H. M. Whittell, 56th Rifles F. F., Attached Supply and Transport Corps, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

G. I. P. Railway, Byculla Mechanics Institute, whist drive and dance, at 9-30 p. m.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.

Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim : Modesty is a covering to one's shortcomings.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	7-30	21-30
Third Class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-45	21-45

THE TRANSPORT "REWA."—The Transport "Rewa" which is coming into Bombay got in touch with the Bombay Radio Office at 1 a.m. yesterday. Messages will be accepted up to 1 p.m. to-day.

BOMBAY PRARTHANA SAMAJ.—In connection with the 46th Anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj Prof. N. G. Welinkar, M.A., LL.B., will deliver a lecture in English to-day at 6-30 p.m. in the local Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During September the number of Hindu patients treated in this Dispensary was 2,943. Among them the number of new admissions was 681, classified as stated below :—Bhattias 48, Vanias 84, Brahmins 121, Lohanas 12, other castes 414, Mahomedans 2. Total 681. The average daily attendance was 98.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per ss." Pentakotah" will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 P.M. to-day, intead of yesterday as previously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

JUVENILE CHARITY.—The students of the Proprietary and Fort High School, Grant-Road, who annually collect subscriptions to help different charitable institutions, have, out of the funds collected this year, contributed through Mrs. Munchersha Hormasji Taliyarkhan Rs. 50 to the "Cama Convelescent Home" Fund, and Rs. 36 to the "Seva Sadan" Fund. Up so the present the boys have contributed Rs. 900 to the funds of the different charitable institutions.

PARSI AUTHORS' ASSOCIATION.—Under the auspices of the Parsi Authors' Association Mr. R. P. Masani, M. A., delivered a lecture on Wednesday last on "The Retreat of the Ten Thousand," as related in Xenophon's Anabasis at the Shams-ul-ulma. Dr. J. J. Mody presided. An English version of Xenophon's account having been included in the course of the studies for the Matriculation Examination for this year, the lecturer thought it was necessary to examine the accuracy and historical value of the account.

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. C. H. Barnard, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band-Master, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day :—

March	Europe United	.....	W. Zehle
Overture	Morning, Noon & Night	.....	Suppe
Valse	September	.....	Godin
Grand Selection	I Pagliacci	.....	Leoncavallo
Song (Cornet Solo)	The Rosary	.....	E. Nevin
Selection	Palissiana	.....	Old Songs by the late H. G. Pelissier
Two Step	The Wedding Glide		Hirsch.

PRESENTATION AT ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—An enjoyable entertainment and dance were given at St. George's Hospital on Tuesday night, in honour of Miss Counsel, the retiring Senior Sister of the Hospital. During the evening three presentations were made to Miss Counsel, one a silver salver, by Colonel Jackson I. M. S., Physician-in-charge of the Hospital, and the other two, a silver chain bag, and a timepiece in a silver case, by the nursing staff of the hospital. Miss Counsel, who is giving up her profession in order to get married, has been a sister at St. George's for the past seven years, during the last two of which she has been Senior Sister. She is extremely popular among the nursing staff.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and Delhi ; Ghaziabad ; Meerut ; Saharanpur ; Lahore; Rawalpindi and Peshawar.

Bogie Stock, Restaurant Cars, Electric Lights and Fans. Through carriages between Bombay and Lucknow ; Kalka via D. U. K. (for Simla) and Peshawar.

DOWN From Bombay.	STATIONS.	UP to Bombay.
H. M.		H. M.
17-15...Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay.....Arr.	12-35
22-26...Arr.	Manmad .....Dep.	7-24
8-18... „	Bhopal ..... „	21-16
11- 4... „	Bina ..... „	18-32
13-25... „	Jhansi ..... „	15-57
15-14... „	Gwalior ..... „	13-48
17-45... „	Agra Cantonment „	11-14
18-41... „	Muttra ..... „	10-19
21- 0... „	Delhi ..... Arr.	8- 0
21-30...Dep.	Ghaziabad.....Dep.	7- 5
22- 9... „	Meerut Cantt. ... „	5-59
23-10... „	Saharanpur ..... „	3-58
1-24... „	Ambala Cantonment ..... „	2-11
3- 0... „	Ludhiana ..... „	23-44
5-18... „	Jullundur ..... „	22-37
6-24... „	Amritsar ..... „	21- 1
8- 4... „	Lahore ..... „	20- 0
9-33... „	Rawalpindi ..... „	13-32
16- 5... „	Peshawar Cantonment ..... „	8-48
20-13...Arr.		

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

17-15.....Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	Arr.		12-35
21- 0.....Arr.	Delhi	Dep.		8- 0
21-30.....Dep.		Arr.		7-10
2-45.....Arr.	Ambala	Dep.		2-17
3-40.....Dep.		Arr.		1-50
5-33.....Arr.	Kalka	Dep.		0-40
6-15.....Dep.		Arr.		0-11
12-45.....Arr.	Simla	Dep.		18- 0

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.

17-15.....Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	Arr.		12-35
13-25.....Arr.	Jhansi	Dep.		15-57
14- 0.....Dep.		Arr.		15-20
16-20.....Dep.	Orai	Dep.		13-14
18-45..... „	Cawnpore ... „			11- 8
20- 0.....Arr.	Lucknow..... „			9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Rumboll,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E., V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1913.

961. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

Dress.—Mufti.

962. Machine Gun.—The "A" Company Machine Gun Squad will parade on Tuesday the 7th instant, at 7-30 a.m. at Head-Quarters.

II. The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt A R S Hayes, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 7th instant at 6-15 p.m.

963. Parade—Detail of Company Parades.

I. "A" Company will parade at the Town Custom House on Wednesday the 8th instant at 6-30 p.m.

II. "D" Company will parade at the Telegraph Head-Quarters on Mondays at 7 a.m. and Fridays at 6 p.m.

III. "F" Company will parade at Head-Quarters, Council Road, at 6-15 p.m on Wednesday the 8th instant.

IV. "G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana on Wednesday the 8th instant at 7-30 a.m.

Dress—Mufti

Arms and Accoutrements will be issued on parade.

964. Recruits Parade—"G" Company Recruits will parade on Wednesday the 8th instant at 7-30 a.m at the Bombay Gymkhana

Dress—Mufti

Arms and accoutrements will be issued on parade

II. All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters, Council Road, every Friday at 6-30 p.m.

965. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "D" Company.—

No 7576 Vol A Albuquerque, No 7577 Vol J Siqueira, No 7578 Vol A D Montalegre, No 7579 Vol J Homan, No 7580 Vol S Vaz, No 7 81 Vol J D'souka and No 7582 Vol D J Ribeiro.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1913.

226. Semaphore Class.—The Semaphore Signalling Class will be parade at Head-Quarters on Friday next at 6-30 p.m.

227. Gun Drill Nos 1 and 2 Companies.—Nos 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Colaba North on Saturday the 4th October 1913, at 5-30 p.m. for 7-5 inch Gun Drill.

Dress :—Khaki with Helmets.

(Sd). A. D. CURTIS, Lieut. R.G.A., Offg., Adjutant B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The second Spoon Shoot of the Season will be held at Ghat Koper on Sunday next 5-10-13.

Distances 200, 500, and 600 Yards.

Trains leave Colaba 5-55 a.m.

" " Victoria Terminus 6-10 a.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY CAPTAIN STANLEY REED, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1913.

1. Riding School for Recruits and members of the Corps daily from 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Mufti.

CORPS SHOOTING CLUB.

2. A Match has been arranged with "G" Company Bombay Vol Rifles at Colaba on Saturday afternoon next, the 4th instant, from 4 p.m.

The following will represent the Bombay Light Horse :— Corpls Savile, Lodge and Webster (Captain).

Troopers John Reid, F. G Stewart, Aylward, Gilks, Spencer, Reserve Troopers Wallace and Furse.

REGIMENTAL SADDLERY.

3. Members are requested to send their charges to Head-Quarters during the ensuing week to enable the Government Saddlery to be fitted to same.

(Sd). D. W. WILSON, Lieut. Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

The disturbance in the Bay has given further heavy rain at Chittagong, but has subsequently disappeared. Rainfall in the South Peninsula has decreased. It has been nearly general in Malabar, fairly general in Burma and Assam; and local in Bengal. A few falls also occurred in the north east of the United Provinces and south east of Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Moulmein and Akyab, one inch; Mandalay, Maymyo, Dibrugarh and Sibsagar, three-quartars; Cherrapunji, four; Chittagong, seven; Saugor Island and Gorakhpur, two; Cochim, one.

Forecast:—No large change.

The Port Officer, Bombay, received the following message yesterday from the Meteorological Department, Simla:—

"Squally weather no longer likely."

KEMP & CO., LD., GUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. October 2.

Station.	Last 24 hours. In. cts.	Total Corpd'g. hours. to date. In. cts.	Corpdg. Total, 1911. In. cts.	Corpdg. Total, 1913. In. cts.
Gumballa Hill.	0·00	65·11	49·1	49·67

BOOT FACTORY, SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 20th September. In. cts. 0 40

Total up-to-date, In. cts. 79 84

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (1st) ...	91·3	75·0	...	0·00
Jask ...	93·8	79 3	...	0·00
Muskat (1st) ...	101 3	84·1	...	0·00
Multan ...	103·3	70 0	...	10·28
Rawalpindi ...	...	...	...	...
Lahore ...	101 9	66·2	...	18·09
Sirsa ...	...	...	...	...
Ambala ...	...	...	...	...
Delhi ...	99·3	68·3	...	13·66
Agra ...	...	...	...	...
Mainpuri ...	...	...	...	...
Jhansi ...	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore ...	98·6	72·6	...	18·82
Allahabad ...	97·6	73·0	...	22·36
Jacobabad ...	106·1	71·3	...	2·91
Karachi ...	85 0	74·0	...	12·01
Ajmer ...	96 6	79 2	...	11·16
Jaipur ...	...	...	...	...
Kotah ...	...	...	...	...
Bhuj ...	93·3	72·0	...	38·37
Dwarka ...	86·3	77·2	...	17 35
Veraval ...	84·1	72·8	...	24·55
Rajkot ...	95·1	68 8	...	23·55
Bhavnagar Para.	99 0	70 8	...	35·95
Surat ...	93 4	72·6	...	37·46
Ahmedabad ...	96·1	73·7	...	35 61
Deesa ...	93·3	66·4	...	35·15
Neemuch ...	95·9	66 0	...	23·85
Indore ...	93·1	67·1	0·07	36·48
Jubbulpore ...	95·3	65 3	...	30·82
Saugor ...	96·3	67·6	...	32·92
Hoshangabad ...	96·1	67·4	...	36 31
Khandwa ...	97·7	74·6	...	38·15
Akola ...	99·3	68 5	...	29·78
Amraoti ...	98 8	68 8	...	24·77
Nagpur ...	98·6	69·8	...	43·25
Chanda ...	96·5	69·5	...	5·99
Raipur ...	94·7	73·6	...	35 33
BOMBAY ...	87·9	78·2	...	68·61
Ratnagiri ...	86·3	77·9	...	68·03
Mormugao ...	84·0	76·7	...	85·40
Karwar ...	84 7	76·0	0·15	86·20
Malegaon ...	94 9	69·1	...	14 87
Ahmednagar ...	95·1	70·5	...	20·82
Poona ...	93·0	72·3	...	23·38
Sholapur ...	96 8	74·6	...	11·7
Bijapur ...	93·2	74·3	...	11·64
Belgaum ...	84·3	66 5	...	36·14
Aurangabad ...	94·4	75 5	0·03	21·33
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	95·4	69 2	...	36·89
Hyderabad ...	95·6	74·2	...	14·57
Mangalore ...	83·8	75·3	...	87·88
Calicut ...	84·3	72 6	0 60	83·88
Cochin ...	85·7	73·2	0·98	70·84
Colombo ...	85·5	75·0	0·09	15·56
Masulipatam ...	88·8	79·2	...	14·31
Bellary ...	95·0	?	...	7·47
Cuddapah ...	93·5	76·5	...	8·61
Madras ...	93·5	78·0	...	6·97
Bangalore ...	83 8	66·3	...	16·88
Coimbatore ...	88·4	71·8	...	3·52
Trichinopoly ...	93·1	75·8	...	6·34
Negapatam ...	93·2	77·7	...	11·04

CASTLE-ROCK.

Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours. In. Cts.	From 1st June to date In. Cts.
85	67	0 52	191 3

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 2nd OCTOBER

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general. Crop estimate equal to last year's. Food-grains doing well. Rapeseed being sown. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general.

Mooltan.—Cotton crop accounts continue favourable. All crops doing well.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Kharif harvest in progress.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. Absence of rain causing anxiety.

Beawar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening.

Khamgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton ready for picking in some places. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Cotton picking of first sowing partially begun. Small cotton arrivals expected early. All crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton plants in flower and showing bolls. Cotton plants flowering advanced. Cotton crop accounts continue favourable. Cotton crop excellent.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop making good progress, and prospects improving. Cotton crop accounts continue favourable.

Viramgam.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Wadhwan.—Unusually hot. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants in flower. Cotton crop excellent and making good progress.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing and in flower. All crops doing well.

Barsi.—Rain much needed generally.

Sholapur.—Cloudy, but no rain. Absence of rain causing anxiety.

Hubli.—Has every appearance of a continued fall. Rain general over district. Cotton plants flourishing. Food grains and crop prospects improving.

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton sowing begun.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 2nd October 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is nearly normal. Temperature during day is in excess and in defect at night at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal. Maximum temperature is in excess at most places.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in Rajputana and clear in Sind. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal except for an excess in the minimum at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is above the average at Bhavnagar-Para; night temperature is in defect at Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is generally in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in the northern districts.

The Konkan.—Karwar records 0·15" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at most places ; the minimum is higher than usual at Aurangabad.

General Remarks.—Fairly general rain has fallen on the Malabar coast and local in the south Konkan. Cochin records nearly one inch of rain. Skies are moderately clouded in some places to the south of Latitude 16° North where conditions are favourable for local thunderstorms.

Rain in local showers is likely on the west coast to the south of Ratnagiri. A few falls may occur in the Bombay Deccan.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time) on the 2nd October 1913, was 30·053 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80 deg. F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometers, either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometers reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect, Via Turkey Perfect, Via Suez Perfect,	Via Teheran Perfect, Via Turkey Perfect, Via Suez Perfect,	Via Brest Perfect, Via Valentia Perfect Via Direct Cable Perfect,
Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect,	Via Penang Perfect, Via Amoor Perfect, Via Bhamo Perfect,	Via Aden Perfect Via Cadiz Tenerife Perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd October.

NOTICES.

Prohibition of Cipher or code language applies only to private messages destined for or transiting Bulgaria, except those telegrams exchanged between di

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Oct. 1. BOMBAY, Oct. 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	73 9-16		1-16
do. do. Rentes	88 1-4	1-4	
do. do. Sterling Loan	88 3-4		1-4
do. do. Gov. Securities	63 13-16	un	chgd
Silver in London Spot	28 5-16	un	chgd
do. 3 months' hence	28 5-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York	61 3-8	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris	25·25	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin	20·44 1-2	01	
do. do. New York	4·86	1-4	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight	4 3-8	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 7-16	1-16	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-4	1-8	
do 7 day Market Loans	3 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 31-32d. unchgd.
Closing tone of silver—Steady.
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £1,150,000 for Egypt.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 1,20,00,000.

Rs. 10,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 5,30,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 3,30,000 „ to Madras.
„ 18,80,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·09.
Telegraphic Transfers :—
Rs. 75,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 11,20,000 „ to Bombay.
„ 15,00,000 „ to Madras.
10,120,000
Tenders on Calcutta and on Bombay at 1s 4 1-8d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Bombay ... ... 16·13
Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 1,16,80,000
Amount to be allotted next week ... ...Rs. 1,20,00,000

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Madras ...Rs. 190,000 at 1s. 4 1-8d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Easier. Moderate business.
Futures ...Steady.
Manchester ...Buyers operating quietly Lancashire labour situation considered serious.
Total Sales ... 7,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 500
Imports ... 2,000
Mid-Americans ...7·71—14
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...10·35—05

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·40 +01	7·33 +01	7·32 +01
Jan.-Feb.	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar.-Apl.**
7·31 +01	7·31 +01	7·32 +01
Apl.-May.	**May-June.**	**June-July**	**July-Aug.**
7·32 +01	7·31 +01	7·29 +01	7·27 +01

New York 11 a.m., Jan. 13·61 March 13·65.
New York official noon call Jan. 13·67 March 13·71.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 13·95 March 13·98

NEW YORK— Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...61,000
„ Receipts at U. S. last year ...60,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ...49,000
„ Exports to Continent 1,23,000
Received Mutilated.
„ Spot Cotton 14·20 unchgd
Futures—Month of Jan. 13·63+18
Futures—Month of Mar. 13·73+19

Advanced on firm Southern spot market and improved demand and on limited offerings.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ...14+1-16
Futures month of Jan. ...13·93+20
Futures month of Mar. .. 14·02
Tone of Spot Cotton ...Steady.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... .
Wheat White Karachi ...37 1-4+1-4
Do. Months Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Do. Months ... do
Do. Name of Ports ... do
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.
Rosario Santa Fe ...Unchanged
Do. Name of Ports— ... .

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.
South Australian Unchanged

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ...73 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers
Yellow Gujarat, per 415 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship ...54 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports. Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore 47 3-4 unchgd.
Do. Months— Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Port.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416lbs ex-ship ...47 3-4—1-2
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone—Easier.
Linseed Calcutta ...48 9
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. London—Nearest value—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ..44 1-4—1-2
Do Months— ...Oct.-Nov.
Do Name of Ports—Hamburg— —Sellers—Easie.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay steamed Market ...68-12-0+6d.
Oct.-Nov.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Bio Coffee No. 7 quality...10 3-8+1-4

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 3 1 1-2—2 1-2d.
Oct.-Nov.—Sellers—Easier.

METALS—
Standard Copper G M B ...£74+1 3-4
Copper Braziers ... £ 8 9 1-4+1
Yellow Metal ...d 7 1-2 unchgd.

FREIGHTS—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay—13s.6d.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 36 6
„ „ Mutton Tallow ... 38 3
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Easier.

ARRIVALS—
"Strathlyon," "City of York."

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C & F India double bags, 12 6 3-4—3-4d.
Do. Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quieter. Not much doing.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India ...12 1 1-2—1 1-2d.
Do. Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Sellers more disposed to give way.
German Beet-root 88 p. c....9 3 1-2—1-2d.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.—Sellers. 9 8 1-4—May—Sellers.
Tone—Opened quiet closed steady.
E A B a Similar Crystals C & F India ...13 6 unchgd.
Months of Shipments Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Steady but very quiet.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta ...12 unchgd.
Months of Shipments Sept.-Oct.—Value—Steady.
C & F Calcutta ...11 10 1-2 unchgd. Sept.-Oct.—Value steady.
Java Sugar—Still idle. No change.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING, } Oct. 2nd 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
8 Boxes Gold Bullion and Sovns	4,35,000	London	Sun P & O S N Co
2 Cases Sovns	75,000	do	do
9 Boxes Gold Bullion and Sovns ...	1,30,000	do	Comptoir National
	3,16,800	do	Mercantile Bank
	75,000	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 30th Sept. 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...	9	10,892
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	23	27,463

FINANCIAL

MONEY :—
Bank of Ben. rate since 28th Aug. 6 p.c.
Bank of Bom. „ „ 19th Sept. 5 „
Bank of Mad. „ „ 8th July 5 „

EXCHANGE :—
The market is firm, but there is no demand.
We quote:—
T. T. on London Ready ...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft Mail ...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credit 3 months sight ...1s. 4 3-32d mail
Do, do forward ...1s. 4 3-8d.
Do. do France Ready 172
Do. do Marks „ 140
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...148 1-2
Shanghai „ ...203
Japan „ ...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—
The market opened at 94-15 for Cash and 95-1 for 1st settlement and was steady moderate business has been reported.
We quote:—
Cash ... Rs. 95 1 0
1st Settlement ... „ 95 2 0

BULLION.—
Yesterday the London market for Bar Silver was unchanged for ready 5 to 6 forward, rates being 28 and 21 3-16 respectively. New York Bar Silver was 1-8 higher, rate being 61 3 8. The local market has remained steady.
We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs.	24 1 6
Australian Gold	„	24 1 0
Sovereigns Gold	„	15 0
Silver (ex duty) Ready	„	71 7 0
1st Settlement	„	71 10 0
2nd Settlement	„	71 14 0
Silver (cum duty) Ready	„	80 13 0
1st Settlement	„	81 0 0
2nd Settlement	„	81 4 0

COTTON:

MARKET REPORT.—
The following are the latest telegrams received here :—
STERN AND Co :—Market affected favourably by Miss Giles' reports. Estimate 13,500,000. Condition 637.
WELD AND Co :—LIVERPOOL :—Smaller market, hedge selling at the opening, a little continental long liquidation before Bureau. Market improved rapidly towards the close on continental buying and short covering on Miss Giles' report, and expected early settlement of labour.
NEW YORK :—Market closed very steady. very little offering.
CROP REPORT :—Our correspondents report "The indication of good crop prospects in North Carolina has changed into poor crop prospects. Think it doubtful if it will make 1,000,000 bales."
Our Liverpool Friends wire.—
"Labour Troubles.—It is reported that employers threaten a lock-out unless their terms are accepted in the dispute in one mill. Lock out will commence on October 24th and affect all American and Egyptian operatives. We think an amicable settlement will be arrived at. This has had little or no influence on the market."
We have a bullish opinion but prefer awaiting publication of Bureau before buying further.
The local market did not respond in sympathy with the advance in the Home markets reported to-day. For ready cotton there was a fair demand, high class cotton being mostly sought after. Shippers are still out of the market. New Bengals are arriving but it is difficult to sell except at a considerable discount from fine contract rates.
QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

		Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach	...	327-8	Mar.
Fine M. G. Wardha Hinganghat	...	334	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	...	331	„
„ „ Yeotmal	...	327	„
„ „ Dhamangaon	...	324	„
„ „ Khamgaon Akola		319	„
„ „ Amraoti	...	319	„
„ „ Khandesh	...	2-8	„
F. G. „ Khandesh	...	286	„
Fine „ Bengal	...	275	„
F. G. Bengal	...	260	„

LIVERPOOL OPENING :—
Opening Tone ...Dull.
Estimated Sales ... 7,000
Total Imports ... 4,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
7·47 +07	7·39 +06	7 33 +06
Jan.-Feb.	**Feb.-Mar.**	**March-April.**
7 38 +06	7 38 +06	7·38 +06
April-May.	**May-June**	**June-July**
7·38 +06	7·38 +06	7 36 +07

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is quiet but steady. We quote:—
Ready Rs. 7 13 6 B.T.
December „ 8 12 0 B.T.
May 1914 „ 9 8 0 B.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is steady. We quote :—
Brown Delhi May Rs. 8 8 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore „ 7 8 0 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore „ 8 9 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Bold White 85p.c. Rs. 59 14 0 Dec.-Jan.
Black Kutai Rs. 50 12 0 Jan.-Feb.

POPPY SEED :—
Tone—Quiet. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 11 10 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 36 9 0

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 25 7 0

GROUNDNUTS :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
New Crop Sold Rs. 48 8 0 Jan.-Feb.

MOWRASEED—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 8 5 0 B.T.

WHEAT :—
The market is strong. We quote :—
White Pesi 85 p.c. ready Rs. 5 9 0 B.T.
White Delhi May 1914 „ 5 13 0 B.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bombay Merchants Bank Ltd		13 1-2
Bank of Bombay	...	1,650
Bank of India	...	65 1-2
Central Bank	...	28 1-2
Eastern Bank	...	5 1-2
Indian Specie	...	59

MILLS.

David	...	517 1-2
Fazulbhai Mills	...	605
Manockji Petit	...	3,660
Kohinoor	...	735
New Great Eastern	...	212 1-2
Standard	...	1,395

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord	...	182
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre	...	172
Bombay S N Ordy	...	225
Colaba Land and Mill	...	1,410
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate	...	21 1-2
Treacher and Co	...	510
Thacker and Co	...	205

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley — 570

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	...	5,211	bales.
Wheat	...	5,287	cwts.
Linseed	...	5,811	„
Rapeseed	...	195	„
Gingellyseed	...	1,623	„
Poppyseed	...	Nil	„
Groundnuts	...	591	„
Castorseed	...	4,749	„
Rice	...	4,132	„
Myrabollams	...	937	„
Cottonseed	...	3,310	„
Mowrasseed	...	4,371	„
Gram	...	1,007	„
Joowar	...	4,288	„
Maize	...	89	„
Barley	...	413	„

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.

		Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports	...	61,000
Exports to Great Britain	...	49,000
Exports to Continent	...	123,000
Spot Cotton at New York	...	14·20
Future	Jan...	13·68+18
„	Mar...	13·73
Spot closing tone	—	Steady.
Futures closing tone	...	do

General Tone of Market Opened.—Steady and advanced on firm Southern spot market and limited offerings.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 1.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans	...	14+1-16
Future	Jan...	13·93+20
„	Mar...	14·02
Futures closing tone	...	.....

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 1.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Steady and closed steady.
Do. closed for future Quiet but steady.
Do. for East Indian ... do.
Total Day's Sales — 7,000
Sales on spec. and export ... 500
Sales of Surats ... .
Total Day's Imports ... 2,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... 10·35
Mid-American at Liverpool— 7·71

Cotton Delay Mid Uplands G.P.C. Liverpool. ... ...

Oct.-Nov.	...	7·40
Nov.-Dec.	...	7·33
Dec.-Jan.	...	7·32
Jan.-Feb.	...	7·32
Feb.-Mar.	...	7·32
Mar.-Apl.	...	7·32
Apl.-May	...	7·32
May-June	...	7·31
June-July	...	7·29

Manchester, Oct. 1.
Manchester Piece Goods Market Steady. Fair enquiry for Shirting Dhoolies and Staples.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 440 lbs). Oct.-Nov.—London— 47 Sellers.
Linseed, Bombay ex-ship (per 416 lbs) ...Oct.-Nov.—Dunkirk— 47 9 „
Linseed, La Plata .. Sept.-Oct. Hamburg— 44 3 „
Linseed, Tone of Market at Close— Firm.
Linseed Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Oct. £24-0-0
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... Dec.-Jan. £24-0-0
Linseed Tone of Market at Close—Steady.
Linseed Total afloat for U. K. .....
Linseed River Plate exports... .....
Poppyseed, Canal...Oct.-Nov. Dunkirk— 63 9 Sellers.
Poppyseed Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady.
Rapeseed, Calcutta Brown Canal, Oct.-Nov.—Dunkirk 47 9 „
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp 53 „
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Oct.-Nov.—Antwerp— 54 3 „
Rapeseed, Ferozepore casual bold ... ...
Do. Jumbo Red... ... .
Rapeseed, Tone of Market at Close ... ... Steady.
Cotton Seed Bombay Parcels Oct.-Nov.—Hull— 26-17-6 „
Cotton Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

WHEAT.

Wheat, Choice white Karachi Oct.-Nov.—London— 37 3 Sellers.
Wheat, F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492) lbs.)...Oct.-Nov. London— Nominal.
Wheat, Club No. 2...Oct.-Nov. London— 37 „
Wheat, Choice white Delhi... Oct.-Nov.—London— Nominal.
Do. Tone of market at close.. Quiet.
Do. South Australian Jan.-Feb 36 3 Value.
Do. Rozario Santa Fe 62 lbs Jan.-Feb. 35 Sellers.
Do. do Tone of Market at close ... ... Quiet.
Wheat, Red Grained American per cental—Oct ... 7 1

LONDON, Oct. 1.

SUGAR.

German Beetroot 88 p. c. F.O.B., Hamburg Sept. 9 8 Sellers.
German Beetroot 88 p.c. F.O.B. Hamburg... ...Oct.-Dec. 9 3 1-2 „
German Beetroot Closing Tone of Market ... ... Quiet.
German Granulated C. and F. India (double bags)... .....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags). Oct.-Dec— 12 7 1-2 „
German Closing Tone Market.. Steady.
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta...Jan.-Mar.—12 1 1-2 „
Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
Mauritius Crystals C I F Bom Sept—11 10 1-2—Value.
Do. do. Cal do .....
Mauritius Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double bags) Jan.-Mar.—13 4 1-2—Sellers.
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double Bags) ... ... Steady.
Do. Closing Tone of Market do

LONDON, Oct. 1.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec 11 4 1-2 Value. „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar 11 7 1-2 „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Oct.-Dec... 11 6 „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Jan.-March... 11 9 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Oct.-Dec... 12 4 1-2 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan.-March... 12 7 1-2 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Oct.-Dec ... 12 6 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi Jan.-March... 12 9
Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet and unchanged.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

METALS.

		£ s. d. Quotated.
Copper, Standard G M B	...	74 0 0
Copper Best English Selected	...	79 0 0
Copper Braziers	...	88 10 0
Copper Tone of Market—	...	Firm.
Hard Spelter	...	19 10 0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	195 0 0
Yellow Metal	...	7 3-8 to 7 1-2
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G, G O B I p. c. F O B Liverpool		10 15 0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta	...	5 10 0
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta	...	5 18 9
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta	...	6 13 9
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp	...	6 2 6
German Steel Plates F O B Antwerp	...	5 6 3
Belgium Iron Bar No 2	...	4 15 0
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets in box c. i. f. Liverpool	...	0 14 3
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland	...	2 14 9
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro.	...	2 16 6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie	...	3 14 9
Lead Pig English	...	20 10 0
Tone of Steel Market	...	Quiet.
Silver, Spot	...	...28 5-16
Silver 2 months hence	...	...28 5-16
Silver Tone of Market	...	Quiet. Unchanged.
Silver Special Feature	...	

LONDON, Oct. 1.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ... 28 5-16
Silver 2 Months ... 28 5-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Quiet. Unchanged.
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ... do
Rentes 3 p. c.... ...£ 88
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. Ex Div... £ 73 9-16
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c.... £ 89
Sterling loan ... ...£ 76
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...£ 76
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...£ 63 3-4
Bar Gold per oz. sh ... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market ... ... Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market ... ... Steady.
Bank of England Rate of Discount ... ... 4 1-2 p.c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight 1 3 31-32
London at Paris Fcs. ... 25·24 1-2
Berlin cheques on London Mks ... ... 20·43
New York (Demand Bills) ds ... ... 4·85 3-4
Interest day to day loans 3 1-3
Do. 7 days Market loans 3 3-8
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ... 4 3-8
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight ... 4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 4 7-8

LONDON, Oct. 1.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for... ... ... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Rs. 10,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 5,30,000 do to Bombay.
„ 3,30,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 18,30,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3 32d (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·09.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS—
Rs. 75,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 11,20,000 do to Bombay.
„ 15,00,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 10,120,000
Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 1-8d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-8d. (Min. Rate) received 75 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·13.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sale, Rs. 11,680,000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 1,20,00,000

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 1.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ... 8,000
Tone of Market ... Steady
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
Oct.-Nov. ...	7·40	7·46
Nov.-Dec....	7 33	7·39
Dec-Jan...	7·32	7·38
Jan.-Feb. ...	7 32	7·38
Feb.-Mar....	7·32	7·38
Mar.-Apl ...	7 32	7 38
April-May...	7·32	7·38
May.-June..	7·31	7 37
June-July...	7·29	7·35

Prices taken at 11-5 a.m.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, September 30.
The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—
Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14 ...£ 21,650,000
Remitted from 1st April. 1913, to 27th Sept. 1913, by Council Bill.* ... £ 10,136,734
Balance to be remitted from 28th Sept. 1913 to 31st Mar 1914 ...£ 11,513,266

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

BANKS.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	265
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 „	283
Bank of Bombay...	500	500	13 „	1160
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 „	67
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 „	1715
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 „	1460
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 „	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 „	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 „	12½
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	60
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	13½
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		29
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£60
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 „	86
Mercantile Bank (a)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	dl25	dl.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ „	615

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	25	915	
Alliance ...	1000	1006	...	75	
Berar Mfg ...	200	200	...	70	
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	237½	
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ...	250	250	15	680	
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	510	
Century ...	100	100	3	255	
Central India ...	500	500	70	20 5	
China ...	1000	1000	...	640	
Chho Silk ...	500	500	20	425	
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1445	
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	400	
Connaught ...	300	300	...	175	
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	700	
Crescent ...	100	100	20	118½	
Currimbhoy ...	250	250	12½	235	
Crown ...	500	500	20	500	
David ...	450	250	10	555	
Emperor Edward..	500	500	10	800	
Empress ...	500	500	...	145	
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	180	
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	575	
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1580	
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	320	
God Mohur ...	500	500	yr. 20	475	
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	660	
Hy o ward and Bullough ...	500	500	15	400	
Hdenabad ...	1000	1000	40	1200	
Imperial Cotton ...	500	500	...	110	
Indian Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	460	
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	60	1000	
James Greaves ...	500	500	...	200	
Jamshed Mfg ...	250	250	5	116½	
Jivraj Baloo ...	1000	1000	...	420	
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	260	
Khandesh ...	1000	619	25	350	
Khatow Makonjee...	1000	1000	45	1390	
Kohinoor ...	500	500	15	750	
Leopold ...	...	...	...	...	
Lakshmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1800	
Madras United ...	1000	1000	50	2175	
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	65	1290	d
Maneckji Petit ...	1000	1000	80	3080	
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	60	3200	
Mysore Spinning...	250	250	...	50	
Mysore Spinning...	30	30	...	...	
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	100	
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	6	212½	
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	35	980	
Phoenix ...	100	100	6	154	
Presidency ...	000	1000	...	200	
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	50	740	
Sassoon Silk ...	500	500	yr. 35	350	
Sholapur ...	1000	1000	125	4800	
S Mahratta ...	250	250	15	574	
Standard Mills ...	500	500	25	1410	
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	107½	
Swan... ...	250	250	10	275	
Swadesh ...	500	500	25	15,5	
Textile	500	500	50	1240	
Vishnu Cotton Co do	500	500	Nil	450	
Western India ...	1000	1000	25	642½	

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar ...	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi) ...	1100	1100	45	325
Bombay Cotton ...	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore...	200	200	6 p c	138
Broach City ...	200	200	14	170
Fort ...	475	475	22 1-2	1280
Godavery Valley ...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Sabbapatty ...	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P and M	250	250	15	...
Hingolee ...	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton ...	125	125	10	132½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co ...	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum ...	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpura Cotton ...	125	125	7 1-2	...
Mahuva...	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile ...	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg ...	250	250	15	240
New East India ...	1000	400	75	830
New Mofussil Co...	400	400	60 84	880
New Berar ...	500	500	40	550
New Prince of Wales ...	500	500	30	755
Oomri ...	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany ...	100	100	10	...
Sind ...	400	400	30	650
Surat City ...	200	200	20	245
Volkart U P Co, Ld	500	500	50	670
Wadhwan G. and P	150	150	12	N

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Ry ...	500	500	8 p c	660
Amritsar-Patty ...	100	100	6 „	135
Sindh Light Rys Ld (Mirpur Khas...	100	100	6 „	-143
Jhudo Feeder) ...				
Do. M'pur Khas—Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	
Tapti-Valley Ry Co.	500	500	4½ „	575
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway ...	100	100	5½ „	130
Central Provinces.	25		4	92
Gujrat Railway ...	100		4	116

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown and Co ...	100	100	6 p. c.	157
All India Ut. Co. Ld ...	100	20	5 „	12½
Bamankua ...	10	10	...	3
Back Bay Bath ...	50	50	6 p. c.	28
Badham Pile...	70	70	7 p. c.	93
Baroda Tram. Co...	100	100	4 p. c.	60
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p. c.	675
mbay Electric S. and T. Co Ld...O.	£10	£10	Nil	182
Do. do P.	£10	£10	6 p. c.	173
Bombay Ice Mfg ...	100	100	2 p. c.	17½
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	930
Bombay Land and Building ...	500	500	5 p. c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co.O.	250	250	7-8	225
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	273½
Central I. M. Co., Ld ...	10	10	8½	27½
Delhi

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

JOCKEY CLUB STAKES.

WON BY CANTILEVER.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The following is the result of the Jockey Club Stakes:—

Cantilever	1
Tracery	2
Aleppo	3

Won by two lengths, six lengths between second and third.

Cantilever was ridden by Walter Griggs, and Aleppo by F. Wootton.

The other starters were Birlingham, ridden by Donoghue; Harry of Hereford, by Martin; Cylba, by Maher; and Adamite, by Jones.

The betting at the start was 6 to 1 against Cantilever, 6 to 4 on Tracery, 4 to 1 against Aleppo.—Reuter.

[Last year this race was won by Prince Palatine who beat Stedfast by a length and a half. The distance is one mile and three-quarters.]

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

CLOSE SCORING IN SENIOR COMPETITIONS.

There were 38 entries for the senior scratch and handicap competitions, which took place on Tuesday and Wednesday this week. The course has dried up considerably and although no brilliant performances have to be recorded, the returns were slightly better than those of previous competitions, as quite a number of competitors were round in bogey. Most interest was naturally taken in the scratch competition, and after the first day's play there was very little to choose between those at the head of the list, Lattey being first with 43, Coombs and Jessop second with 44 and four others next with 45. On the second day, however, Macbeth put up an excellent performance and completed the wire holes in 40, which was three strokes better than his nearest opponent. He thus wins the scratch prize with 85 for the eighteen holes. Coombs, Lattey and England tied for the second prize with 87, but the latter was disqualified as in playing to the second hole his ball could not be found and instead of going back and driving another ball he dropped one and continued play. Another competitor had told him his ball was lying in a certain place, but it was not found there. Thinking it had been picked up by some one else, he considered he was entitled under the rules to drop another without penalty and continue play from the place where he expected his ball would be found. On the matter being reported to the committee they decided that the ball should be considered as lost and that he should have returned to the tee and driven another under penalty of stroke and distance.

Macbeth, who, as mentioned, won the competition did not play particularly well on the first day and took 45 for the nine holes including a seven and two sixes but on the second day he was very steady and was only 32 for seven holes. He had an excellent chance of a three at the eighth but bad putting caused him to take four, and he finished with a four on the last green. Coombs had a certain amount of luck during both rounds, as on both days he drove out of bounds going to the fourth hole. On both occasions his ball hit a tree and rebounded on to the fairway and he was able to hole out in four. On the second day he was 36 for eight holes, but drove into the screen and missed a short putt on the last green, which made him seven strokes for the hole. Lattey had two steady rounds of 43 and 44. Macbeth was also first for the handicap prize, but as he cannot take both scratch and handicap prizes Coombs and Lattey who tied for second place will now have to play off.

Results:—

SCRATCH COMPETITION.

	1st round	2nd round	result
N. B. Macbeth ...	45	46	85
E. E. Coombs ...	44	43	87
H. P. T. Lattey ...	43	44	87
T. N. Begbie ...	46	43	89
R. Aitken ...	45	44	89
H. S Adair ...	46	45	91
M. F. Nicholson ...	48	44	92
J. W. Jessop ..	44	48	92
E. Hargreaves ...	45	48	93
P. M. D. Sanderson	49	47	96
B. H. Lockhead ...	46	50	96
J. H. Hardie ...	48	48	96
C. H. Roberts ...	52	45	97
I. W. Marshall ...	50	47	97
J. Skelton ...	51	48	99
T. H. Watts ...	49	51	100
F. Hollinghurst ...	50	51	101

HANDICAP COMPETITION.

	score	handicap	result
N. B. Macbeth ...	85	—3	82
E. E. Coombs ...	87	scr.	87
H. P. T. Lattey ...	87	scr.	87
T. N. Begbie ..	89	scr.	89
P. M. D. Sanderson	96	—6	90
B. H. Lockhead ...	96	—6	90
R. Aitken ...	89	+2	91
E. Hargreaves ...	93	scr.	93
J. H. Hardie ...	96	—3	93
I. W. Marshall ...	97	—4	93
J. Skelton ...	99	—6	93
M. F. Nicholson...	92	+2	94
J. W. Jessop ...	92	+2	94
H. S. Adair ...	91	+4	95
T. H. Watts ...	100	—5	95
F. Hollinghurst ...	101	—6	95
C. H. Roberts ...	97	scr.	97

Colonel Osborne Smith, who is in command of the Northamptonshire Regiment, has offerd during the course of the stay of the regiment in the district for the manœuvres to hold a grand military torchlight tatto at the County Ground on behalf of the funds of the Northampton County Cricket Club. The offer has been gladly and gratefully accepted by the executive.

Sidney Barnes took his benefit at Porthill Park in mail week, when the North Staffordshire Cricket League champions met an eleven which had been assembled by Mr. S. Gleaves, the secretary of the league.

56 MILES AN HOUR BY MTOR-BOAT.

BRITISH CRAFT'S VICTORY OVER FRNCH VESSEL.

A remarkle record in motor-boat speed was ablished in mail week at the second ay's racing in Osborne Bay for thinternational Motor-boat Trophy. MMackay Edgard's Maple Leaf IV. (reat Britain) gaining a brilliant vicry over the French boat Despujol I. Ankle Deep (America) being third.

Maple Leaf V, accomplished the full distance of t course, 32.4 miles, at an average spe of 49.02 knots, equal to 56 3 land mil, as against an average speed of 46. knots in the case of the French boat Despujol II., which won on Wednesda

Despujol ., which many though would repeathe previous day's performance, got to trouble near Cowes, and broke dow

Half-way roud the fourth lap Maple Leaf, which w steered by Mr. Tom Sopwith, secure the lead, and continued to run magniently. She won the race with 3mir 27sec. to spare from Despujol I., Ade Deep being third four seconds bend.

One of the French mechanics met with an accidenon Despujol I. through the blowing ou of the exhaust tube. He was badly cut on the head, but remained on dy till the race was finished.

THE FEATHR-WEIGHT BOXING CHMPIONSHIP.

N. S. C. OFFR A NEW BELT.

Jim Driscoll hing retired as featherweight champion and taking with him the first Lonsda Belt put up for the class which he we outright the committee of the N. S C. have decided to offer another Lodale trophy for competition among te 9st. men under the same conditions tat governed the former belt. This new belt will be first competed for on the opening night of the N. S. C. Monda, October 6 and the boxers who will have the honour of disputing the possion of it will be Alec Lambert of St. James's and Kid Lewis of St. Geze's who have been matched for a renty rounds contest 9st. for £100 sidestakes the club's purse and the new belt.

Lambert starti as an amateur, and won the featheweight championship in 1909. Shortly after becoming a professional, says th "Sporting Life," he commenced to ain prominence with successive victors. He has met with few defeats, an each of these he has redeemed by subsequently beating his conquerors. Lt year he had a long season at The Ing, where he was successful again t dozen of the best men that could be ut against him, one of his victories—tat over Darkey Haley—being one of th cleanest cut and most decisive victries witnessed at that venue.

His last corest there was with Duke Lynch, whom Lambert easily defeated. From the Rig he removed his activities to the I. S. C., and here again success came his way in two matches, one of which was with Harold Walker, of Manchesr. Lambert's consistent victories hd brought him directly under the melight, and it was held months ago that his claims would have to be consiered when a new belt was offered.

Lewis is a product of the famous Judean Clb of Whitechapel, that has sent forth so many capable boxers. He had a unbroken series of about fifty successes gained at various East-end centrs. When in his first appearance at the N. S. C., in a match with Duke Lynch, he was knocked out in summar fashion. Subsequently Young Brooks was given a decision over him at Premierland. These are about the only reverses recorded against Lewis, and both of these he subsequently wiped out, beating Lynch at The Ring and Brooks at the N.S.C. The latter feat was one of the surprises of last season, as Brooks was a 2 to 1 favourite.

Higher honours came to Lewis when he defeated Joe Starmer in most decisive style at headquarters. Lewis's two defeats of Harry Sterling are his most recent accomplishments. He is now matched for about with Fernand Queendreux, the French light weight, at The Ring. The result of this bout, should it be adverse to Lewis, will have no effect upon the match with Lambert, as Queendreux and Lewis are meeting at 9st. 4lb.

Lambert and Lewis are both tall for their weight and exceptionally clever exponents. Lewis is the younger man by several years, he being jus on twenty-one years. The contest between them should be an exhilarating one, and is sure to draw forth the full membership of the club.

TWO-TON ATLANTIC CRAFT.

After bunkering at Queenstown, the little steamer George W. Yates (two tons net), from Greenock, has sailed for Sydney, Cape Breton, for the service of the Dominion Government.

Her intended trip across the Atlantic, a distance of 1,900 miles, is considered very hazardous, but her crew have every faith in Captain Macbeth, her commander, who has made many successful trips across the Atlantic in small craft.

The George W. Yates was only able to carry sufficient coal to last her the time of an ordinary voyage.

INTER-PORT RIFLE COMPETITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

RANGOON, Oct. 2.

In the annual Inter-port Rifle Competition between Rangoon, Calcutta, Colombo, and Singapore, the Rangoon team has fired its rounds puting up 724 points with an average of 90·6.

POONA RACES.

HORSES LEFT IN FOR SATURDAY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 2.

The following horses have been left in for the 7th extra meeting on Saturday:—

OCTOBER PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs:—Polish 10st 6lbs, Paul Pry 10st 3lbs, Kilbirnie 9st 5lbs, Forfeit 8st 9lbs, Seigneurie 8st 5lbs, St Alban 7st 9lbs, Eagle Bird 7st 7lbs, Glengarry 6st 7lbs, Lady Douglas 6st 2lbs, Portland Lad 6st.

MOFUSSIL PLATE—Division 1, Distance 7 furlongs:—Trustee 9st 2lbs, Mexico 8st 12lbs, Sweden 8st 12lbs, Harry Johnson 8st 12lbs, Mysore 8st 2lbs, Ream 7st 12lbs, Financier 7st 10lbs, Golden Ducat 7st 9lbs, Ya Nasib 7st 8lbs, Kokab 7st 5lbs, Tenebreuse 7st 5lbs, Welcome 7st 4lbs, Diltush 7st.

OCTOBER PLATE—Division 2:—Yungi Dunya 9st, Ajmer 8st 13lbs, German Silver 8st 12lbs, Last Chance 8st 12lbs, Occident 8st 11lbs, Maidania 8st 11lbs, Khedavi Miser 8st 4lbs, Sir Malt 8st 3lbs, Bhatty Chief 8st 2lbs, Mahakoom 8st 2lbs, Aden 8st 2lbs, English Mail 8st 1lb, Jescor 7st 11lbs, Thabashir 7st 9lbs, Moonif 7st 7lbs, Mutar 7st 5lbs.

THE NEW PADDOCK PLATE—Division 1, Distance 6 furlongs:—Pendil 11st 2lbs, Zaki Pasha 9st 7lbs, Minerva 8st 13lbs, Soomsam 8st 11lbs, British King 8st 10lbs, Zigomar 7st 13lbs, Dilkush 7st 11lbs, Red Wood 7st 10lbs, Benhur 7st 10lbs, Occident 7st 8lbs, Maasal 7st 8lbs, Maidania 7st 7lbs, Salisbury 7st, Creditor 6st 12lbs.

NEW PADDOCK PLATE—Division 2:—Sir Satu 9st 7lbs, Small Diamond 9st 4lbs, Good Evening 9st, Ata Allah 8st, Grequa 8st 10lbs, Mars 8st 8lbs, Malayeb 8st 5lbs, Peerage 8st 4lbs, Turkish Spot 8st 3lbs, Dhaidan, 8st 3lbs, Biglig 8st 2lbs, Saood 7st 13lbs, Hurbia 7st 13lbs, Vakil 7st 8lbs, Mulberry 7st 5lbs, Turkish Guinea 7st 3lbs, Jack London 7st 3lbs, Dhahmue 7st 3lbs, Royalist 7st.

THE PLASSY PLATE—Distance 1 1-2 miles:—Monsoon 12st 7lbs, Bambino 11st 10lbs, Beroll 10st 12lbs, Sholto 10st 11lbs, North 10st, Lasata 9st 12lbs, True Gold 9st 6lbs, Topsail 8st 9lbs, Bulloo 8st 9lbs, Pewter 8st 2lbs, Deputy, 6st 12lbs.

AN AUCTION PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs:—Mahaboob, the Tetrarch, Griqua, Gualib, Fyzabad, Grey Ghost II, Nimar, Mercy, Authority, Pretender, Peerage, Lord Roberts, Little King, Creditor and Good Evening.

CRICKET AT POONA.

GYMKHANA *vs.* POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 2.

The Poona Gymkhana met a team representing the Indian Police, to-day, at cricket, the match being one of the features of the Police Week now in progress.

The Police batted first, and were disposed of for 188 runs. The first two batsman of the Gymkhana knocking up 190 runs without being separated, the Gymkhana won the match by ten wickets, scores:

INDIAN POLICE.

Mr. Holman, b Love	36
Mr Smith, run out	60
Mr Jacob, l-b, w. Love	11
Mr Hume, b Love	19
Mr Mactier, c Stephenson, b Love	4
Mr White, b Love	5
Mr Kelly, b Haughton	6
Mr Dubois, b Haughton ..	15
Mr Rus ton, c Pebbles b Haughton	7
Mr Tanner, run out	10
Mr Pegge, not out	4
Extra	11
Total	188

POONA GYMKHANA.

Mr Gold not out	91
Mr Love not out	85
Extras... ...	14
Total ..	190

RACING AT HOME.

WINNING JOCKEYS ON THE FLAT.

(From March 24 to September 5, inclusive.)

Jockeys.	Mounts	1st	2nd	3rd	Total placed	Unplaced	Percentage
Maher, D.	273	78	39	42	159	114	28·57
Whalley, A.	343	67	51	40	158	195	18·45
Wootton, F. L.	217	45	44	37	126	90	27·12
Wheatley, E.	310	53	40	27	120	190	17·09
Donoghue, S.	398	52	42	53	147	229	13·47
Martin, J. H.	273	39	35	30	104	149	15·41
Robbins, H.	372	38	41	27	106	238	10·21
Piper, E.	344	37	39	26	102	222	11·6
Griggs, Walter	273	35	44	29	108	165	12·86
Rickaby, F. L.	284	34	28	29	91	143	14·5
Jelliss, H.	287	32	24	24	80	207	11·14
Saxby, W.	152	31	29	21	81	71	2·39
Clark, J.	26	29	18	27	74	132	14·07
Huxley, W.	233	29	31	21	81	149	12·45
Toy, C.	277	29	31	41	101	177	10·45
Buxley, E. D.	224	28	31	33	92	132	12·21
Temp eman, F.	196	25	18	25	68	128	12·75

BILLINGTON BEATEN.

LADY-SWIMMER'S VICTORY IN PARIS RACE.

David Billington and J. A. Jarvis were competitors in the big swimming race through Paris in mail week over a distance of seven miles and a third. Though Billington finished the course in the net time of 1hr. 59min. 26sec. nineteen minutes ahead of Jarvis and eleven ahead of his nearest rival, Cattaneo, he was beaten on handicap by Mlle. Alice Pezet, to whom he conceded a start of an hour and thirty-five minutes.

Despite the dull day, the banks of the Seine practically from end to end of Paris were crowded. The contest had assembled a brilliant list of swimmers. William Burgess, the second man to swim the Channel, who had been announced to compete, did not take part.

Holbein made another attempt to swim the Channel in mail week. He entered the water at St. Margaret's at 1 o'clock am and was swimming until five o'clock. As the day broke the wind got up, causing a nasty sea, and finally, upon the advice of the captain of the Triton, Holbein gave up and returned to St. Margaret's.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. R. S. Broomfield, I.C.S., on relief, to be Joint Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Hyderabad.

Mr. F. W. Allison, I.C.S., on completion of his special duty in Poona, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Belgaum.

Mr. Balak Ram, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Poona.

Mr. A. C. Daniel on return from leave to be District Superintendent of Police, Bijapur.

Mr. A. S. Holland, on relief, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bijapur, as a temporary measure.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dharwar.

Mr. Trotter, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police in Sind.

Mr. J. E. Husbands, I. C. S., has been allowed an extension of furlough for two weeks.

Mr. J. H. E. Tupper, I. C. S. has been allowed an extension of furlough for six months.

Mr. E. L. Moysey, I. C. S., has been allowed to return to duty.

Mr. W. F. Hudson, I. C. S., Collector of Karachi, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for one year and nine months, with effect from 15th October or subsequent date.

Mr. A. S. A Westropp, I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Collector of Karachi.

Mr. J. A. Shilidy, I. C. S., to act as Collector of Karachi, from the date of departure of Mr. W. F. Hudson, I. C. S. until the date of relief by Mr. Westropp, I. C. S.

Mr. J. A. Madan, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Ratnagiri, to be Assistant Settlement Officer in connection with the revision settlements of the Ratnagiri and Sangameshwar Taluga of the Ratnagiri District, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the date of his return to duty up 31st July.

Mr. G. P. Millett, on return to duty, to be Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Mr. O. H. L. Napier, on relief, to be Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

Mr. G. R Duxbury, on relief, to be Divisonal Forest Officer, East Khandesh.

Mr. W. C. Milne, on relief, to be Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana.

Mr. C. H. Bristow, I.C.S., passed an examination in Hindustani on 1st September.

Mr. O. Rothfeld, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Collector of East Khandesh.

Mr. C. G. Henderson, I. C. S., on relief to be Assistant Collector, East Khandesh.

Engineer W. H. Waters, R. I. M., to be 3rd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to the Port of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the appointment.

The Rev. G. Hewitt, on return from leave to be Chaplain of Dharwar.

The Rev. J. L. C. Dart, Chaplain of Ahmednagar, to be Chaplain of Mahabaleshwar as a temporary measure.

The Rev. G. R. A. Courtice, on return from furlough, to be Chaplain of Ahmednagar as a temporary measure.

Mr. P. Wren, Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, now on special duty, is granted privilege leave for two months and twelve days with effect from 20th October.

Mr. W. T. Saxton has been appointed Professor of Botany at the Maharaja Ranchhodlal Science Institute, Ahmedabad.

Mr. F. B. P. Lory, Education Inspector, Southern Division, is granted a fortnight's extension of privilege leave.

Lieut.-Colonel J. B. Smith, I. M. S., continued to hold charge of the Lunatic Asylum, Poona, from the 1st to 12th June.

Mr. C. Walke, Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers, has been granted privilege leave of absence for one month with effect from the 1st idem.

Major L. T. R. Hutchinson, I. M. S., Professor of Physiology, Grant Medical College, is granted one year's furlough on medical certificate from the 15th November in combination with the College, vacation commencing from the 1st October.

Major H. A. F. Knapton, I. M. S., is granted, from the 15th October, or subsequent date of relief, privilege leave of absence for three months in combination with furlough for nine months.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.—Captain (Honorary Major) H. A. K. Sconce resigns his Commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Lieut. W. J. McCanlis to be Captain vice H. A. K. Sconce, resigned.

Second Lieut. J. C. Crawford to be Lieutenant vice W. J. McCanlis, promoted.

Second Lieut. C. W. M. Collins (supernumerary) is absorbed in the vacancy caused by the promotion of J. C. Crawford. Audry John May to be Second Lieut. Supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption.

The Hon'ble Surgeon General H. W. Stevenson, C. S. I., I. M. S., is granted furlough under military rules from the 1st November, or subsequent date of relief, to the 10th January.

Karachi Artillery Volunteers.—Captain M. F. D. J. Sice is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 1st September.

Mr. H. A. MacArthur, Sub-Engineer, 1st grade, is appointed to hold charge of the office of the Executive Engineer, Nasrat Canals District, in addition to his own duties, from the date of departure of Mr. P. L. Bowers, Executive Engineer on leave, till the arrival of Mr. D. R. H. Browne, Executive Engineer.

On return from leave Mr. F. Wright, Superintending Engineer, is posted to the Southern Division.

On relief by Mr. Wright, Mr. Bangalore Krishnarav, is appointed Executive Engineer, Surat and Broach District.

On relief by Mr. Bangalore Krishnarav, Mr. M. T. Adalja, will revert to the rank of Assistant Engineer.

On return from leave Mr. H. O. B. Shoubridge, Executive Engineer, is appointed Sanitary Engineer to Government as a temporary measure.

On relief by Mr. Shoubridge, Mr. V. T. Agashe, is appointed Executive Engineer, West Khandesh District.

On relief by Mr. Agashe, Mr. W. N. Cartland will revert to the rank of Assistant Engineer.

On return from leave Mr. R. J. Kent, Executive Engineer, is attached to the Public Works Department Secretariat and placed on special duty in connection with the preparation of the Irrigation Manual for the Bombay Presidency, until the retirement of Mr. P. J. Fitz-Gibbon, M. C.E., Superintending Engineer, Central Division on 2nd December when Mr. Kent is appointed to act as Superintending Engineer of that Division until further orders.

Mr. R. G. Gordon, I.C.S., has been allowed an extension of furlough on medical certificate for two months.

Mr. P. E. Aitchison, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, Southern Circle, is allowed privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for nine months with effect from 10th October or subsequent date.

Mr. J. L. Grant has been appointed to the Bombay Public Works Department as Assistant Engineer on probation. He is posted to Sind.

Mr. W. L. C. Trench, Executive Engineer, is granted, privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for six months and twenty-eight days from the 18th December or subsequent date.

The undernamed officers are promoted to the permanent rank of Executive Engineer from 1st October:—Mr. N. B. Baxter; Mr. S. R. Perfect; Mr. W. L. C. Trench; Mr. H. J. MCousens; Mr. E. M. Duggan.

Mr. Himatal Bapulal Farikh, L.C.E., passed with credit on the 2nd September, 1913, an examination in Marathi according to the Lower Standard laid down in Government Resolution No. *E.*-1689, dated 30th July, 1910.

Mr. A. Gordon, Mr. E. P. Watson, and Mr. H. B. Evington passed on the 10th September an examination in Sindhi according to the Higher Standard.

Mr. V. M. Griffiths, Executive Engineer, Belgaum District, should be treated as on tour while he is engaged at Simla in connection with the Engineering Conference, the Superintending Engineer, Southern Division, having arranged for the management of his office during his absence.

HIGH COURT.—OCT. 3.

Before the Hon. Sir Dinshaw D Davar.

For Dismissal.

399-13—Bhaishanker—Sukurbai T. Trimandas Hirji Jamsetji

For Dismissal and on Question of Costs.

453-13—Bicknell. The Bombay Hagaj S & Co of India Ltd and A M Jeewanjee and Payne.

For Consent Decree.

1117-12—Ardeshir Bhimabai and Jethabhai Veljee Madhovjee.

For Consent order M Commrs., Report.

1171-86—Edgelow Jamnabai and J Sunders Slater Tyabjee.

For hearing on Exceptions to Commrs., Report.

502-07—Metham. The Advocate General of Bombay vs. Dhyabhai Japidas Rughawanjee.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1201-12—Sabnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Cooverji Rai. Shirke Chitnis, M and K

1276-12—Chitnis, M and K Manaji Cooverji Raji Shirke vs Merwanji Jehangir Vakil and another Sabnis and G.

1080-09—Mirza R B Chokshi vs B B Chokshi Jehangir.

677-11—Shamrao Mariambai vs M N Worliwala Mulji.

1319-12—Edgelow G W and Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal and others. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co. Ltd. Payne and Co.

43-13—Edgelow W G and Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal and others. The New Piece Goods Bazaar Co Ltd. Payne and Co.

658-11—Daphtary F and D R D Sethna and others vs Hunraj Malsey and another Ardeshir H D and Co

347-12—Malvi Hm and R Luxmibai widow and another Ahmedbhai Habibhoy Payne and Co.

355-11—Payne The Advocate General of Bombay vs M M Shirazi Shroff

O.S. 312-13—Motichand and D Nemchand Nathabhai vs Dayabhai Manchhi van and others, Ardeshir H D and Co. Patel and Ezekiel.

262-13—Pestonji R K and Co Bai Jivanbai, widow, vs Amboobai, widow, and others Madhowji K and C H Edgelow G W and Co

441-09—Little and Co Mathuradas Gocouldas vs Tehelram Girdharidas and another Jamsetji R and D

891-12—Mulla and Mulla Abdul Aziz Vali Mahomed vs. Khatizabai. Tyabji. D and Co.

939-12—Smetham B and Co. Parwatibai, widow vs Gopal Sudkoji Bole and others Vacha and Co; Payne and Co

486-13—Wadia, G and Co. Purkha Dolla and Co., a firm, vs Gulam Hossein Abdullaly and others Patel and Ezekiel, Mans J H and Co.

1317-12—Matubhoy, J and M Gulam Husein Bundeally Somji vs Mahomed Saleh Cassum and Co., a firm Payne and Co.

223-06—Payne and Co. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Moosa Haji Hossain and others Bhaishanker. K and O.

O.S. 620-13—Unwalla P and P Jijibhay Sorabji Dubash and another vs The Hon the Advocate-General of Bombay and others Wadia G and Co; Dastoor and Co.

769-13—Khambatta and Co Soonabai widow us Shapurji Framji Karajia and others Khambatta and Co Bicknell M R and Co

498-13—Dikshit and P Mangalal Ranchod and others vs Maneeklal Ghelabhai Maneeklal and T.

390-13—Little and Co Messrs Wild and Co a firm vs Girdharilal Narapandas Tyabji D and Co.

301-13—Patell and Eze Roque Estwae Pereira alias Rock Stiven Pereira vs Rozario Mathios deSilva alias Rodgers Mathios deSilva and otherr Patell and Eze Bhimji and Co.

303-13—Patell and Eze Roque Estivad Pereira alias Roque Stivan Pereira vs Roger Mathios de Silva and others Patell and Eze

699-13—Pestonji—Gran Edith Hemingway vs Wilmot Harrison Little.

A conference of Commissioners and heads of departments in Bengal was opened at Darjeeling on September 30. The Hon. Mr. D. J. Macpherson, Member of the Board of Revenue, presided. Among the subjects discussed were the reservation of permanent pasture lands in selected areas; the consolidation of rules regulating hunting, fishing and shooting in reserved forests; the classification of books in the Registration Department with a view to periodical destruction; the adulteration of food and the drugs; defects in the working of the Prisons Act regarding the arrangement of the present system of vaccination, the new railway projects and the programme of famine relief works.

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

A NATIONAL ANTHEM FOR AUSTRALIA.

A movement is on foot in Australia to obtain a national anthem, £200 having been granted by Farmer's Limited, a well-known business firm, as a prize for the best words and music, £100 for each.

REPORTED DISCOVERY OF WIRELESS RAYS.

The "Excelsior" states that the British Admiralty has placed a very important contract with Mr. Ullibi, an Italian, who is believed to have discovered a new system of wireless rays. Experiments have lately been made in France at Havre on board the English yacht Lady Henriette.

DESCENT INTO VESUVIUS.

A message from Naples states that Professors Stolfz and Jacob, of Munich University, with Professor Malladra, of Naples, have descended to the lowest point ever reached in the crater of Vesuvius. They remained there for eight hours during which time they were able to make scientific observations, which show conclusively that a serious eruption is imminent.

ABOLISH DAIRYMAIDS!

Should cows be milked by electricity? This proposal is the latest suggestion of science, and came from Sir James Crichton-Browne, speaking in Llandudno at the conference of the Sanitary Inspectors' Association, of which he is president. "Why not," he asked, "abolish dairymaids, and milk electrically?" Electric appliances, declared Sir James in support of his project, could not act as typhoid-carriers, of whom there were many about. Disease was communicated by the dirty habits of milkers.

SIR W. LAURIER A BAD "LIFE."

Speaking to the Life Underwriters' Association at Ottawa, the other day, Sir Wilfrid Laurier told of his own experiences in life assurance. He was thirty years of age before he could get insurance on his life. He made application to many offices, but they would not take him. At last the Sun Life took him on a certificate given by Mr. Grant (now Sir James Grant), who said that Sir Wilfrid was good for probably ten years. "I have only to die to get the money," said the ex-Premier amidst laughter, "but as I do not care greatly for the money, I will leave it where it is for the present!"

DUKEDOMS WITHOUT DIRECT HEIRS.

The birth of a son and heir to the Duke of Roxburghe reduces the number of Dukes in the British Peerage without direct heirs to six.

They are as follows:—
The Duke of Argyll.
The Duke of Somerset.
The Duke of St. Albans.
The Duke of Newcastle.
The Duke of Sutherland.
The Duke of Westminster.

The present Duke of Sutherland, it should be mentioned, quite recently succeeded to the title, and was only married last year

CLOWN BECOMES A PRIEST.

The story of "Le Jongleur of Notre Dame" has just had a parallel in real life.

Michael J. Byrne, one of a vaudeville troupe known as the Brothers, Byrne, of "Eight Bells" fame, and a very clever clown and pantomimist, celebrated his first mass as a Roman Catholic priest a few weeks ago at the church in Aloany, New York.

He is fifty-seven years of age, and his ordination was the culmination of a long-cherished ambition.

A PAINFUL "INCIDENT."

It is surely too horrible to be true, but I give the rumour, writes the Paris correspondent of the "Telegraph." The President of the French Republic has appeared in a frock coat and a bowler hat! What could the "protocol" have been doing, the protocol which has laid down the severest sartorial rules for such journalists as have been privileged to follow in the dusty track of the Presidential motor? Not a man of them was admitted without his wedding-garment or rather trousseau—tall hat, frock-coat, lounge suit, and, of course, dress suit. And now the President himself flaunts it shamelessly in a "frocker" and a bowler. One wonders if he tripped it off with brown boots.

FATHER VAUGHAN AND PHYSICAL DEGENERATION.

Father Bernard Vaughan speaking at Liverpool said that passing through Lancashire he could not help being painfully struck by the small stature of Lancashire lads in the towns clustering around Liverpool and Manchester. He found small, badly-grown, bow-legged, and narrow-chested lads. Very many of the boys and young men looked bleached, not to say anæmic, as though they suffered from want of oxygen, nitrogen, and wholesome food. Did it mean that the hours of labour were too long? He thought not. The hours of labour were about eight. A good deal of fraudulent foodstuffs was sold. Old men and women were not getting the article they paid for. Too much time was spent in looking at cinematograph pictures, instead of healthy exercise in the open-air. The corporations of Liverpool and Manchester ought to look to the physical well-being of citizens, and he thought every lad should be taught the noble art of self-defence.

NOVEL REASON FOR BREAKING AN ENGAGEMENT.

A new form of defence in breach of promise cases has been discovered. Charles F. Drucker pleaded the law of eugenics when he broke his engagement to marry Miss Rose Markewsky. In retort Miss Markewsky has brought an action for 25,000 dols. for alleged breach of promise. "He said he did not wish to marry me because my brother had tuberculosis," the girl said. "He made the excuse that he was afraid to marry into a tubercular family. That is not it at all. My brother is perfectly well, never had tuberculosis, and is a stronger man than Mr. Drucker. "I might have been entitled to break the engagement from a eugenic standpoint, but certainly Mr. Drucker was not. I can play better golf and tennis than he can to-day. I was never ill a day in my life." "Do you believe in the doctrine of eugenics?" she was asked. "Yes, and I believe in common sense, too," she replied.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

THE JOSEPH CONUNDRUM.

A conundrum revived in a morning paper in honour, presumably, of "Joseph and his Brethren" at His Majesty's Theatre reminds. "Pall Mall Gazette" of a better answer of the two compared:—

Why did Joseph's brethren throw him into the Pit?

I.—Because there was no room in the Family Circle.

II.—Because [illegible] a coat of many colours. Had he been [illegible] evening [illegible] he would [illegible] given [illegible] the stalls.

JUDGE'S DILEMMA.

Judge W. C. De Ford, of Cleveland, Ohio, has been in a long motor tour in England, and this (says the "Glasgow News" London correspondent) was its mournful conclusion.

He stopped for luncheon at Windsor with his son, and when the bill was presented he found he had nothing less than a £10 Bank of England note. He was directed to the bank near by, but the officials there said they could not change it as he was a stranger to them.

"It seems to me the King ought to change his bankers here. If a British bank won't cash a Bank of England note, who will?" After these in judicious sallies the officials declared all further negotiations "off." So that Judge De Ford found himself "dead broke," with nothing to pay his luncheon bill except a pocketful of British bank notes.

A stranger finally came to his assistance, and prevented further complications and delay.

A SONG OF DIETETIC LOGIC.

You will find me drinking rum
Like a sailor in a slum.
You will find me drinking beer like a Bavarian,
You will find me drinking gin
In the lowest kind of inn.
Because I am a rigid Vegetarian.
So I cleared the inn of wine
And I tried to climb the sign,
And I tried to hail the constable as "Marion."
But he said I could'nt speak
And he bowled me to the beak,
Because I was a Happy Vegetarian.
No more the milk of cows
Shall pollute my private house,
Than the milk of the wild mares of the Barbarian.
I shall stick to port and sherry—
They are so very, very,
So very, very, very, Vegetarian.
—G. K. Chesterton in the "New Witness."

BIDDY'S THRICK.

They have a way with them in Ireland in the matter of antiquities as well as other things. I remember (says a "Daily Chronicle" correspondent) an old woman of Inuishmore who came pounding after me on the hardest road in the world with the offering of an egg. She wanted (how touching it seemed!) to give something to the stranger as a token of good will. Now, you can't take even one egg from a ragged old woman without some return, and in this case the return was sixpence; there was no difficulty about its acceptance. "Ah," said the good man where I lodged, "that'll be ould Biddy; 'tis a thrick av hers. Ye'd best be throwin' that egg to the gulls." It was certainly a very old egg. Most people, I suppose, gave the sixpence and declined the egg. I had walked off with one of Biddy's "properties."

MAUVE COW.

At a sketch exhibition held by a body of artists of the milder growth in one Australian metropolis (says the "Sydney Bulletin"), the worst picture of an uncommonly poor lot was a travesty of a mauve cow ruminating in a blue atmosphere and in the presence of a large lemon-yellow moon. This picture had a neat little lavender tag suspended under it, on which was written: "Nocturne, £3." Two envious artists of an opposing organization, seeing the picture, marvelled at the unique incompetence of it. They decided that so admirable an example of the worst possible was too dirt cheap at the price, and one of them waggishly faked the tag, so that it read "Nocturne, £33," making the contemplative cow the most expensive animal in the show. Then they went about, advertising their naughty joke and there was much private sniggering over the pretty conceit until presently the jesters discovered a red tag on the nocturn. A plump brewer had written out his cheque at the table, and secured the nocturne for £33. Nothing would do for him but the best, he said. The sketch was sold, but not so wofully sold as the jesters.

ECONOMIC INSTINCT.

"This is a very nice collar, Sir. Sevenpence, or two for a shilling."

"Na, one will do, thanks. I'll ta' the fivepenny one."—"Windsor Magazine."

SERGEANT'S RUSE.

An amusing story of the subtle knowledge of feminine character displayed by a Greek sergeant is related by M. Andre Tudeau, the special correspondent in Macedonia of the

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THE
Bombay Gazette
Friday, 3rd Oct., 1913.

PORT SANITATION.

In recent years great progress has been made in the methods taken for the protection of the British and other ports from infectious diseases, and there are few who would hesitate to pay a tribute to the sanitary officers who have been engaged in this work. It is true that the passenger is sometimes inclined to grumble at the occassional inconveniences he has to submit to when on a sea journey; but if he will remember how much he himself owes to the precautions while on land, he will be less inclined to resent the precautions taken, even though at a slight inconvenience to himself. In India we have little cause for complaint; for the main ports are controlled by a competent staff of sanitary officers, and on the whole, there is a strict supervision. Other tropical countries are not so strict, and there is constant need for vigilance lest we should be exposed to the infectious diseases of other countries as well as those already prevalent. The conditions on board ship are especially favourable to disease, and the precautions now taken afloat are not such as to warrant that the ship's men are altogther free from infectious diseases. Their sanitary arrangements are very primitive, and the drinking water available on the voyage is often taken from sources infected with cholera and other diseases. The Acts already in existence require that any person on board suffering from infectious diseases should be notified. The responsibility for this rests upon the master of the ship, though, in the case of a ship carrying a doctor, the duty would naturally fall upon him. The difficulty presented by the present laws is that the master of the ship, who may have no medical knowledge, is expected to notify all cases about which he may be extremely ignorant. The neglect to report a case may, therefore, quite easily be excused on the ground of want of medical knowledge. The whole problem of Port sanitation was discussed in the British Medical Association, a few weeks ago, and the majority of the recommendations of the International Sanitary Convention held in Paris were endorsed. The problem does not concern the British Empire merely; for all countries are closely related to each other in these days, and it is well that something should be done on international lines so that the work of one port should not be undone by another. Certain precautions are recommended in connection with plague, cholera, and yellow fever.

In connection with the first disease the most interesting results have been obtained in the methods employed for destroying the rats. This has developed into a science, and in many ports the treatment has proved most successful. It is recommended that the ships should be fumigated every six months by pumping in a lethal gas and that such ships should have the preferential treatment in the port of arrival. In the Port of Rangoon Dr. Arthur Foy, the Port Health Officer, has been carrying on operations, an account of which he gave to the Association. There is no law enforcing this fumigation, but the shipping companies request it when the ship is going to a port where admittance cannot be gained unless a certificate to the effect that the vessel is free from rats is handed to the port officer. If it were possible to have some international law to this effect, the percentage of rats, often the carriers of disease, would be considerably reduced. If this process is done while the vessels are undergoing annual repairs, or, as a routine matter, as soon as the cargo is discharged, there would be little difficulty, and the ship-owners would not seriously object. The methods employed for destroying rats have been shown to be of use in the destruction of other vermin in the ship. It is also suggested that precautions should be taken so that the rats shall not go ashore when the ship arrives in port

It is also urged that medical inspection of all ships should be made compulsory in every port. It is felt that it is a wrong principle to leave the reporting of cases to the masters of vessels which carry no medical officer, and there seems no real remedy other than universal inspection. It may be objected to by the shipping companies on account of the inconvenience it may cause them, and by the port authorities because of the additional expense involved, but these are days of prevention, and the results so far justify the amount of money expended. In many ships the medical inspection takes place as a matter of course, and there is little semblance of hardship. Port sanitation has been described as the "first line of defence against the importation of disease." As the result of port sanitation cholera has been kept out of England for many years. In the near future the Panama Canal will bring other evils near the shores of India; there is danger anticipated from sleeping sickness in Africa. If the sanitation of the ports is the first line of defence against these, there will not be lacking, we hope, on the part of the Indian Government, any effort to improve this defence on the lines suggested by the practices of other nations. We cannot hope that India will soon be known as a country non-infected; but we can strive to protect her from any additional infectious diseases. This concerns not the ports merely but the whole land, and doubtless the Government will not be slow to lend financial assistance if such is required.

TACT AND THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

Among the papers delivered in connection with the annual meeting of the British Association at Birmingham was one on the administrative value of anthropology. The title may sound formidable—that is a a little peculiarity of addresses delivered to such learned societies—but it was only the label to a subject so simple, yet so important, as that of tact. This is, of course, putting the range of the address in its briefest form. The address was given by Sir Richard Temple, the president of the Section of Anthropology and the question he sought to answer is one of great interest not only to those who are sent from Home as administrators in dependencies and colonies, but to those responsible for sending them on their Imperial missions. The question was: What is the anthropology of to-day which claims to be of practical value to the administrator; and he prefaced his reply by pointing out that this science aimed at such a presentation and explanation of the physical and mental facts about any species of mankind as might correctly instruct those to whom the acquisition of such knowledge might be of use. Further, he pointed out how unique was the position of the inhabitants of the British Isle in the matter of administration: it fell to their lot to govern directly or indirectly, the lives of nearly every variety of the human race, professing every variety of religion known. In very many parts of the Empire the routine of daily life and the notions which governed it found no counterparts of any kind in those of the British Isle, in such matters as personal habits and etiquette on occasions of social intercourse. Yet nothing estranged the Administrator from his people more than mistakes on these points. If the relations with foreign people of young men sent out from Home were to be successful they must acquire a working knowledge of the habits, customs, and ideas that governed the conduct of those peoples.

"Tact," said Sir Richard, who has had wide experience as a colonial administrator, "is the social expression of discernment and insight, qualities born of intuitive anthropological knowledge, and that is what is necessary to induce in those sent abroad to become eventually the controllers of other kinds of men." As he emphasised, the man who is obliged to acquire empirically that knowledge of customs and characteristics, without which tact is impossible, is heavily handicapped. Years of active life which a renow wasted in securing this knowledge might be saved if our young men first studied mankind at home. In a word, Sir Richard wants the white man to know the right way to carry his burden before he attempts the task; or to use his own words: that in youth the administrators-to-be should imbibe the anthropological habit, so that as a result of having been taught how to study mankind they might learn what it was necessary to know of those about them correctly and in the shortest practicable time. The arguments may sound rather theoretical, may savour rather closely of the study; but there is much wisdom in them, much that can be put into practice. We commend them to the Public Services Commission and to those who would make Civil Service examinations harder and would spoil thb more natural and stronger qualities of the youth by the cramming system. Let there be an abandonment of the subjects in which a high degree of efficency is necessary and which are of no earthly use to the future administrator, substituting those which will help him in his relations with people of different ideas and ways of living, so that his work may at once be more sympathetic and judicious. It should be added that recommendations on the lines advocated by the Royal Anthropological Institute have been submitted to the Government and to the Public Services Commission, while the body is extending its operations to bring about the adoption of its principles in other directions. So far the representations to Governments have met with varying success.

AN OFFICIAL DEPUTATION TO S. AFRICA.

The suggestion, which is made by the *Times*, that a representative of the Government of India should go to South Africa to discuss the present situation with the Union Government will hardly be received with enthusiasm either in India or among Indians in South Africa. Indians are now very doubtful of the utility of discussions with the South African Government, experience having shown them that South Africans can come to agreements and make compromises without the least intention of carrying them into effect. Discussions, therefore, when every point on each side is familiar to both parties seem to be a useless waste of time. This suggestion will call to everyone's mind the mission of Mr. Gokhale to South Africa, and the manner in which it ended, and many people will ask what more than Mr. Gokhale can an official do? Mr. Gokhale does not happen to be an official of the Government of India, but in every respect he was fully competent to discuss the Indian question on behalf of the mass of his compatriots. He is recognised by all parties as a leading Indian of a broad type of mind, one who has earned the deep respect of Europeans and Indians alike, and he is a non-official member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council. No South African could question his qualifications; no South African did question his qualifications. He was received with the greatest politeness and cordiality, everyone listened respectfully to what he had to say, many seemed sympathetic on important points, and through him a compromise was arranged, which some months later the South Africans totally ignored. Who will guarantee that the mission of an official will not be treated in the same cavalier manner? No such guarantee, of course, can be given, and the only influence which can be used in this direction is that of the Imperial Government at Home, in whom now the hopes of the Indian peoples rest in this matter. The wishes of the Imperial Government, whatever they may be, in regard to this suggested deputation will no doubt sway the feelings of Indians. Should it be that the Colonial office approve this procedure so that they may re-open the question without any appearance of an aggressive attitude, doubtless Indians will bear with patience the waste of time involved in a series of perfunctory conferences. Such a deputation would naturally stay the growing passive resistance campaign, but that would be a relief of no real value, unless the situation were permanently remedied.

A TEN YEARS' MYSTERY.

The life of a sensation in these days of hustle is very short; we are no sooner thrilled by some piece of exciting news and have hardly had time to realise it fully when our interest is recaptured by some new and startling occurrence. Occasionally, however, there happens an event which is destined to occupy many years in its solution and to provide periodically a revival of interest by some incident or series of incidents which recall past history and which help toward the ultimate solving of the problem—whether it be a tragedy, a matter of political concern, or whatever the mystery may be. In such a category is the series of outrages of the "Wyrley Gang." Ten years ago this month, a Birmingham solicitor was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude on a charge of cattle-maiming. He always protested his innocence and he was released after serving three years and a reinvestigation of his case resulted in a free pardon being granted him. The cruel outrages went on while he was in prison, and they have recurred regularly each year. The operations of these Staffordshire cattle-maimers have always been the same, and the "gang" has always baffled the police, who seem no nearer a solution than they were ten years ago. A number of horses and cattle have been maimed this year, in each case following a warning from the mysterious "Wyrley Gang," as it signs itself. It is remarkable that the perpetrators of these outrages should have gone so long without being caught, even though the best police investigators have been employed. Some day, doubtless, inhuman pests will be captured, and then the punishment will be such as to fit their crimes.

LORD PENTELAND, Governor of Madras, has joined the Council of the British Dominions Exhibition to be held in London in 1915.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, Sept. 12.

COURT AND SOCIETY

The Royal Family attended Divine service in Crathie Church on Sunday when the preacher was the Rev. Dr. Wallace Williamson St. Giles' Edinburgh. The weather was brilliantly fine and, as usual, there was a large congregation included numerous visitors from the surrounding district. The King and Queen, with Princess Mary, drove from Balmoral in an open carriage preceded by outriders. The King was in Highland dress and the Queen wore a Saxe blue costume with black hat trimmed with cerise and pink roses. The Prince of Wales, with his three brothers, Prince Albert, Henry, and George, walked from the castle to the church, accompanied by Mr. Hansell. The fine weather of the past week has tempted the King to spend much time on the moors and in the deer forests. On Friday excellent stalking results were got in the neighbourhood of Loch Muick A number of stags were grassed, including three to his Majesty's rifle within three minutes. On Saturday the King was accompanied in a grouse drive on the west portion of Ballag Moor by Prince Albert, Sir Derk Keppel, Major Olive Wigram, Lord Farquhar, Captain Oakley, and Lieutenant Riddell Webster, of His Majesty's Guard, Balltaor. In five hours, despite the wildness of the birds, 140 brace were secured.

The West End looked very gloomy and deserted yesterday, and few people were about except those whose duties keep them in London Nearly all the principal clubs are closed for repairs or cleaning, such as the Turf and the Bachelors, and in all Mall and St. James's street mattersare just the same. There are, however, signs of an early autumn season, and is quite likely that London will be full of life and bustle the last week in the present month. The marriage of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the Duchess of Fife will bring the Court back earlier than usual. At the same time, it must be borne in mind that their Majesties will not remain long in London, and beyond the state banquet at Buckingham Palace it is not expected that there will be any other festivities in connexion with the royal marriage. The King and Queen will return to York Cottage immediately after the wedding, and they will be there until they come later on to Windsor Castle where a succession of distinguished guests will be entertained and the King will shoot over the royal preserves.

QUEEN'S UNEXPECTED VISIT TO "THRUMS."

Kirriemuir, the earthome of Sir. J. M. Barrie and so man of the characters whom he has immortalised in fiction, had an unexpected honour paid to it. It was visited by the Queen. Her Majesty motored from Balmoral through picturesque Glenshee to Cortachy Castle. When nearing Kirriemuir the Royal chauffeur took the wrong turning, and landed his distinguished passengers in the very heart of "Thrums." The Royal party were speedily put on the right road to the "Bonnie Hoose o' Airlie," where Her Majesty planted an oak sapling in the "Garden of Friendship."

It is announced that when the King and Queen travel to Althorp for the autumn manœuvres late on in the present month, Their Majesties will pay a short visit to the borough of Northampton This decision has, needless to say, given great satisfaction to yet another large section of loyal subjects, and Northampton's welcome will doubtless not lack anything of the warmth and enthusiasm which have characterised Their Majesties' receptions in the various other districts which have recently been honoured by such visits. During Their Majesties' stay at Althorp Park as the guests of Lord Spencer, the latter's daughter, Lady Delia Spencer, will act as hostess for her father. The Prince of Wales has now joined the Royal party at Balmoral, after being present at the wedding of King Manoel and Princess Augustine Victoria of Hohenzollern at Sigmaringen last week The latest item of interest regarding the Royal children is the appointment of Prince Albert as midshipman to the battleship *Collingwood*, which he will join shortly. Lord Kitchener was the guest of Their Majesties at Balmoral last week. It is said that the wedding of Prince Arthur and the Duchess of Fife is to receive an added interest by the presence of two Royal brides—the Kaiser's recently married daughter, Princess Earnest of Cumberland and, Princess Victoria of Hoenzollern, whose marriage to King Manoel took place last week. After the ceremony it is probable that these two Royal couples will pay a short visit to Queen Alexandra at Sandringham. By the way, in connection with Prince Arthur's wedding the Grand Lodge of Freemason of England have voted the sum of 300 guineas for the presentation of a wedding gift to "Bro. H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught."

WOMEN'S WORK AT BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

The most remarkable personal fact about the British Association meeting at Birmingham to-day is the large share taken in the discussions by women. The most distinguished guest is Mme. Curie, the joint discoverer of the most curious properties of radium and uranium. For the first time a woman is president of a section: and if Miss Ethel Sargent has not the world-wide reputation of Mme. Curie; she is beyond question one of our most thorough and original botanists, Women are contributing to the papers in most section and where they are not contributing they are forming the subject matter of the debate. The sex problem will, indeed, be discussed in more than one section from different points of view Certainly as many as twenty of the contributed papers are by women and the range of these papers is as remarkable as their number. Mrs. Charles Temple will give the result of investigations in Nigeria. The new subsection of psychology is dominated by women, and they take almost a half-share in the educational section, Women also will contribute two of the most practical papers in the agricultural section

THE DRAMA.

There is not the same religious scruple against dramas taken from the Old Testament which, as I said, up to the time of Shakespeare, used to form the subjects of the miracle plays that were once so popular in England; and of all those scripture themes, curiously enough, the favourite one was ever Noah, doubtless because a good deal of comic relief was introduced in connection with his wife, who was always pictured as a termagent and a shrew, 10 times worse than Katharine or Xantippe. She was unwilling to accompany her husband on board the ark, and at the last moment had to be caught hold of and lugged aboard just before the colossal vessel slipped her moorings and sheered off into the tumbling billows of a shoreless ocean. I know not how these old English playwrights mostly monks—portrayed the ark, though there ought to have been as little difficulty with that as with the representation of the "Golden Hind" in the spectacular drama of "Drake." Yet this was a theme which did not lend itself so readily to dramatisation as the story of Joseph in Egypt, a subject which has already formed the basis of an opera by Mehul, though I am not aware that it has ever been put on the boards in this over-fastidious England of ours.

A WONDERFUL ROMANCE.

Anyhow, Sir Herbert Tree, with the help of his co-operating playwright Louis Parker, has now succeeded in doing this, and the result is perfectly charming. The critical aspects of the performance do not concern me, but the subject matter itself—how engrossing, how entrancing! It is some considerable time since I read the Book of Genesis, for having been dosed with it so heavily in my soft and impressionable boyhood, I suppose a certain nauseating sense of surfeit had been followed by a reaction against this particular kind of intellectual and religious food; so that on lately resuming my reading with an eye to the play at His Majesty's, I may be said to have experienced all the pleasure that one feels at the first perusal of a masterpiece—whether of historical narrative or historical fiction. I take it that in all the range of dramatic literature, there is nothing so artistically beautiful, so perfectly dramatic, so elemental, so touching as this wonderful story of Joseph and his brethren; and he must indeed be a poor playwright who fails to make a good thing out of the story simply as it stands, without those deviations, additions, and modifications which Mr. Parker has seen fit to introduce. I do not know how old the story is—who does? But it certainly is one of the oldest, as it is also perhaps the most beautiful in all the world. There must, indeed, be quite exceptional merit in a drama, which moves its readers or its audience to tears. Thus there is at least the truth of human nature, if not, perhaps, of actual happening, in this wonderful romance of the world's misty and mythical infancy.

REWARD BEFORE RESULT.

Of course, the story is not without features which lay it open to severe criticism. For example, when the brethren, on account of the famine in Canaan, go down into Egypt to buy corn—they all return each with a sackful of oats on his ass's back, serving alike as provender for man and moke, so that it is difficult to see how there could have been anything left of these cereals by the time the brethren had got a third of the way back home. Then again, take Joseph and his appointment to the Premiership of Egypt at the age of 30, though even that fell short of the appointment of Pitt, the younger, to the Premiership of England at the age of the 24. Now this high honour was conferred by Pharaoh on a Hebrew alien as a reward for the latter's having interpreted the King's dream as to seven years of plenty to be followed by as many of famine. But what a simple sovereign Pharaoh must have been to pay his servant beforehand, that is to say before it was seen that his dream-interpretation had come true. As Voltaire says, "We doubt if at present a King could be found, even in Asia, who would bestow such an office in return for an interpreted dream"—and that, too, long before the prophecy had been justified by the event. Certainly none of our "bookies" would pay up before the result of a race.

A LOVE TRAGEDY.

Joseph had come to interpret Pharaoh's dream through having been cast into prison at the instance of Potiphar, His Majesty's captain of the guard, or kind of Kaid MacLean, whose wife had vented her rage on the Hebrew for not yielding to her caresses by accusing him to her husband of having made a vain assault upon her impregnable virtue. This is an episode which is not confined to Joseph and Zuleika, but is found in the story of Hippolytus and Phedra, of Bellerophon and Zenobia, of Hebrus and Damasippa, of Myrtilus and Hippodamia, etc. It is difficult to know which is the original of all these love tragedies, but among the ancient Arabian authors there is a tract relating to the adventures of Joseph and Potiphar's wife- incorporated in the Koran—which is very ingenious, and which shows that, owing to the evidence of a precocious child who had been sleeping (with one eye open) in Zuleika's chamber; her husband was forced to the conclusion that his Hebrew slave, Joseph, was innocent of the charge trumped up against him by his guilty wife, Joseph lived to the ripe old age of 110, which beats all our modern records of longevity, while his father Jacob, who joined him in Egypt—and who looks uncommonly like the late lamented General Booth as impersonated by Sir H. Tree—attained to the patriarchal limit of 147, though it is humanly—as well as critically—possible that in those days the year may have consisted only of six months instead of 12.

EDUCATION OF MAHOMEDAN WOMEN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
POONA, Oct. 2.

Her Highness, the Begum of Bhopal, who has been staying here for some days, received at Yerroda Palace, Halimunnisa Begum, the newly appointed Mahomedan inspectress of Urdu Schools, and had a long conversation with her regarding the progress of education among Mahomedan women in these parts. Her Highness is particularly interested in the spread of primary education in Zenana schools, for which she has prepared an admirable course in Urdu which is now in the hands of Sir Harcourt Butler.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" with the homeward mails of the 27th ultimo arrived at Aden at 4 p.m on Wednesday, the 1st instant.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Medina" with the outward mails of the 26th ultimo passed Suez at 5 a.m. on Thursday, the 2nd instant.

FEARS OF A THIRD WAR.

AN UNCERTAIN SITUATION.

GREEK NAVAL RESERVISTS CALLED OUT.

IS BULGARIA MOBILISING?

ATHENS, Oct. 2.

The naval reservists have been summoned to join the colours within three days. All the departments of national defence are taking every measure dictated by the uncertainty of the situation.

Greece regards Turkey's latest pretensions to retain a number of Aegean Islands as adding to the seriousness of the situation.

Greece accuses Turkey of persistently delaying a settlement, and of now attempting entirely to alter the basis of negotiations in regard to which only two small points were outstanding. Greece, while ready to discuss these points, absolutely refuses to reopen the question of the islands.—Reuter.

QUESTION OF DEDEAGATCH.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Greece has ordered the evacuation of Dedeagatch in view of the signature of the Turco-Bulgarian Treaty and is taking defensive measures owing to alleged Turkish equivocations. Seven classes of naval reservists have been called out.—Reuter.

GROWING APPREHENSIONS.

BELGRADE, Oct. 2.

The Servian Army has re-entered Dibra and Ochrida. The reports that Bulgaria is mobilising, though unconfirmed, are disquieting commercial circles. The outbreak of a third war is feared.—Reuter.

INSURANCE FOR GREEK STEAMERS.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Underwriters have received coldly the recent enquiries for rates for Greek steamers trading to the Black Sea to be insured at war risks.

"EMPEROR OF INDIA."

THE NEW WARSHIP "DELHI" RENAMED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The warship "Delhi", which is being built in Messrs. Vickers' yard has been re-named "Emperor of India."—Reuter.

CATHEDRAL FOR THE NEW DELHI.

BISHOP OF CALCUTTA'S APPEAL

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The Bishop of Calcutta writes to the *Times* pointing out the urgent need of finding money to build a worthy church in the new Delhi. A sum of at least £50,000 is needed in addition to any Government grant. The money, he says, must be quickly raised, owing to the necessity of definitely answering whether or not the site offered is accepted.

The Bishop mentions that Lady Hardinge has allocated £1,000 from the thank-offering for the Viceroy's escape towards the building of the Cathedral.—Reuter.

ARCHDUKE FERDINAND.

AUSTRIAN PRESS WELCOMES HIS VISIT TO ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Much interest has been aroused by the announcement of the visit of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand to England as the guest of the King at Windsor for a week.

The Vienna Press welcomes it as likely to strengthen and improve Anglo-Austrian relations.—Reuter.

U. S. TARIFF BILL.

CAUCUS POSTPONES ALTERING TAX ON COTTON FUTURES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.

The Democratic Caucus has approved the Tariff Bill as reported by the Joint Conference Committee.

The Caucus has decided to leave the tax on cotton futures to later legislative action.—Reuter.

MISS SACKVILLE-WEST MARRIED.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The Hon. Victoria Sackville-West daughter of Lord Sackville, was married yesterday to Mr. Harold Nicolson, son of Sir Arthur Nicolson, at Knole Park.—Reuter.

[Miss Sackville-West, it will be remembered, was a witness in the recent Sackville lawsuit concerning the will of the late Sir John Scott, and enjoyed much prominence in London newspaper headlines as "Kidlets." Mr. Nicolson is the son of the Permanent Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs.]

LORD KITCHENER.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Lord Kitchener has returned to Cairo.—Reuter.

RATE OF DISCOUNT.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

The rate of discount is now five per cent.—Reuter.

ULSTER WARCRY.

ECHO OF FULL 'STEAM AHEAD'.

DETERMINATION TO RESIST HOME RULE.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Sir Edward Carson, speaking at Cookstown, said he would take a phrase from Mr. Redmond and say: Let Unionists go full steam ahead with the grimmest determination. Nothing could prevent their courageous determination to resist Home Rule.

He realised all the difficulties and dangers; he thought of them all day and often at night. Nobody could alter their determination.

Mr. J. M. Robertson, Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade, speaking at Newcastle, said the Pope would have no more power in Ireland under Home Rule than he had in Germany or London. If Belfast could not be asked to accept Home Rule, then the Catholics could not be asked to accede to Belfast rule.—Reuter.

SIR EDWARD CARSON LAYS DOWN A CONDITION.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Sir Edward Carson, speaking at Dungannon, said no conference was possible unless based on a principle consonant with the Ulster Covenant. If this were not conceded the Unionists must rely on their own right arms. If disaster followed, it would rend the United Kingdom and the Dominions overseas into two parties, fighting a fratricidal fight at a moment when they should be showing a united front to all nations.—Reuter.

BRITISH LAND REFORM.

TO BE BASED ON SCOTTISH ACT.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Mr. Ure, speaking at Birmingham, said the Liberals would fight the next election on the land question. The reform would be based on the Scottish Land Act.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN NAVY.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD SUSPENDED.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 1.

Captain Hughes-Onslow, the second member of the Australian Naval Board has been relieved from duty pending enquiry into friction between him and other members of the Board.—Reuter.

GRAVE COTTON CRISIS.

UNION LEADERS UNABLE TO CONTROL MEN

LONDON, Oct. 2.

At a special meeting of the Bolton Operative Spinners' Association it was announced that the Strike at the Beehive Mill was authorised by the Amalgamation to continue until Oct. 6.

Replying to questions at the close of the meeting of the Cotton Spinners' Federation, Sir Charles Macara said the crisis was the gravest for twenty years, as the leaders of the operatives were unable to control the men. It was the duty of the Federation drastically to enforce discipline and to nip Syndicalism in the bud.—Reuter.

MASTER SPINNERS URGE A GENERAL LOCK-OUT.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 1.

The general committee of the Cotton Spinners' Federation has passed a resolution urging all firms to close their mills in the last week in October and to keep them closed till the Beehive Mill dispute is settled.—Reuter.

NAMING OF DESTROYERS.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

In view of the difficulty of identifying the age and type of the various destroyers, these will henceforth be divided into alphabetical classes and will bear names, for the most part, of officers who have distinguished themselves in action.—Reuter.

EARTHQUAKE AT PANAMA.

PANAMA, Oct. 2.

The severest earthquake, since the United States took possession of the Canal zone, occurred last night. The canal was not damaged and there was no serious damage to buildings.—Reuter.

CHINESE REPUBLIC.

PEKING, Oct. 2.

The Chinese Parliament has decided to elect a President of the Republic for a term of five years. He will be eligible for two consecutive terms.—Reuter.

SUFFRAGETTES RAIDED BY POLICE.

ARRESTS AFTER FIERCE STRUGGLE.

LONDON, Oct 1.

The Police raided the Suffragette premises in Kingsway, to-day, and rearrested several Suffragette leaders after a fierce struggle.

The Suffragettes were believed to be planning an autumn campaign.—Reuter.

"Incandescent Gas" is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting."—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

JAPAN'S POLICY.

DESIRE FOR CHINA'S INTEGRITY.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

With reference to the rumours of Japanese activity in the Yangtze district and the alleged intention of Japan to take action calculated to lead to the dismemberment of China, Reuter's Agency has received an authoritative assurance that Japan has no intention whatever of embarking on any course likely to lead to such undesirable consequences. The reports of the increase of the Japanese forces in Hankau, of the landing of a large number of troops at Nanking and of the despatch of an ultimatum are entirely baseless; only two hundred marines have been landed at Nanking to patrol the Japanese settlement. The Japanese warships will be withdrawn as soon as order is restored.

Japan has had troops at Hankau for the purpose of patrolling the Japanese settlement for many years. Any fresh troops have merely been sent to replace those proceeding home.

CHINA PROMISES REDRESS.

According to the latest information, the affair at Nanking, in which three Japanese civilians were killed, may be regarded as settled, as China has promised to fulfil all Japan's demands, including the removal of General Changhsun.

Japan's policy with regard to China is entirely in agreement with the obligations of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. Japan does not intend to take any action likely to lead to differences between the British and Japanese Governments. Japan is as sincerely desirous of maintaining the integrity of China as is her ally.—Reuter.

SHOULD ENGLAND EXCHANGE WEE-HAI-WEI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 2.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent cables:—

The *Daily Telegraph's* correspondent at Pekin urges that Great Britain should exchange Wee-Hai-Wei, which China wishes to convert into a naval base, for Chusan Island at the mouth of the Yangtse, which would become another Hongkong. He adds that, undoubtedly, an opportunity is now presented which will never return.

EFFORT TO OBTAIN CIVIC RIGHTS IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.

Surprise is expressed at the State Department and in the Press by a despatch from Tokio that Japan will seek a new Commercial Treaty with the United States.

Unofficial information indicates that Japan, instead of seeking a substitute for the Knox Treaty of 1911, desires an agreement which in conventional terms will recognise the right of Japanese to own land in any state of the United States on equal terms with the citizens of any other nation.

The attitude of the State Department to such a proposition remains to be developed.—Reuter.

PASSIVE RESISTANCE.

HUNGER STRIKE STARTED AT VOLKSRUST

PIETERMARITZBURG, Oct. 1.

Small parties of Indians are departing daily in the endeavour to cross the Transvaal border.—Reuter.

VOLKSRUST, Oct. 1.

Of the sixteen Indians incarcerated on the 23rd ultimo, two, including a relative of Mr. Gandhi, have refused to be vaccinated. They have also declined food for two days. The authorities, fearing that the hunger strike will spread have removed both to Durban.—Reuter.

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 2.

Four Indians, including a son of Mr. Gandhi, have been fined £1, or seven days' imprisonment, for unlicensed hawking. They went to jail.—Reuter.

LITTLE SUPPORT FOR MARTYRS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 2.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent states:—

The Johannesburg correspondent of the *Daily Telegraphs* says that Indian residents are not finding much money for their martyrs. One Indian merchant, when approached, said, "But for Mr. Gandhi, all this agitation would never have arisen, and nothing is to be gained thereby."

The Conference of Indian delegates has decided to retain in their own hands the funds subscribed. These previously have been handed to Mr. Gandhi.

MADRAS TENANCY BILL DISPUTE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

The Cochin Durbar appointed a special committee, presided over by the Dewan, to consider the clauses of the new Tenancy Bill which has created a sensation among the landholders of the state. A landholders' representative, who sat as a member of the committee, withdrew under the impression that he was not regarded as a member by the Dewan.

The Dewan issued proceedings charging the landholders' representative with discourtesy and gross misstatement of facts. The proceedings of the Dewan were criticised by the Indian papers here.

In a reply the landholders' representative has addressed to the Press, he severely criticises Mr. Bannerjee, Dewan of Cochin. Among other things he writes that, believing as he did that he was a member of the committee, he had a right to take his own course, and the Dewan of Cochin, as another member and President of the Committee, had absolutely no power to pass any proceedings against him.

WOMEN DOCTORS IN INDIA.

THE NEW SERVICE SCHEME.

TO BE SANCTIONED IN OCTOBER.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Sir Charles Lukis, lecturing in London yesterday, announced that the Government of India had approved a grant of ten thousand pounds sterling a year to the Women's Medical Service in India.

In his lecture Sir Charles Lukis outlined the conditions of the service for medical women which would be finally sanctioned in Simla early in October. He believed that the scheme remedied all legitimate grievances, and gave medical women in India an assured and definite position in regard to pay.

When free housing was taken into consideration, the terms were better than those of young officers of the the Indian Medical Service. Moreover, from the beginning, medical women had the opportunity of practice, whereas a young officer spent the first five or six years in military employment with all expenses incidental to regimental life.—Reuter.

MEDICAL PROBLEMS.

HOW TO COMBAT VARIOUS DISEASES.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

Sir John Hewett, distributing the prizes at St. Mary's Hospital School, described the problem still confronting the medical profession in India in the direction of reducing infantile mortality, malaria, and abdominal and lung diseases as one of portentous magnitude. He deprecated the mental attitude of persons who asserted that Haffkine's vaccine encouraged plague. It had, on the contrary, been of enormous benefit.—Reuter.

THE DIESEL MYSTERY.

INVENTOR DISAPPEARS FROM HIS CABIN.

LONDON, Oct. 1.

At the meeting of Messrs. Diesel and Co. in London, to-day, the chairman dwelt on the loss sustained by the world at large by the death of Herr Rudolf Diesel.

It appears that Herr Diesel retired to his cabin and has not been seen since.—Reuter.

THE POLICE MURDERS.

THREATENING LETTERS TO DEAD INSPECTOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

Further particulars received here regarding the murder of Police Inspector Bunkim Chunder Chowdhuri at Mymensingh go to show that the bomb was thrown while the inspector was seated in the front room of his house. There was a terrific explosion causing severe bodily injuries. A portion of the skull near the right temple was blown away and the right leg was torn off at the knee-joint. Death was instantaneous. The house of the inspector is situated in an open and rather lonely place on the road leading to the suburbs with open railway ground on the east and the railway line on the south

Another account says that the deceased inspector was lying in his bedroom when the bomb was hurled into that room through an open window facing the street. For the last five years the deceased had been engaged in making investigations into several political cases in the Dacca district, notably some of the covert acts in the Dacca and Barisal conspiracy cases. Prior to his coming to Mymensingh, he is said to have received threatening letters at Dacca, and considering that his life was in danger the police authorities transferred him to Mymensingh.

INDIAN WOMEN'S ESCAPE FROM JAIL.

A HOLE BURNT THROUGH A DOOR.

Female prisoners in Indian jails are generally quite amenable to discipline and they serve their terms of imprisonment with a quiet resignation to the inevitable. Attempts at escape are very rare among them: but that some of them will run risks to regain their liberty is proved by an incident in the Ranchi Jail. It is quoted in an official report as an instance of much determination and resourcefulness and the particulars given are certainly interesting. Two women were the only inmates of a ward and they planned to effect their escape at night. They first passed an iron cot through a grated window in the back-yard of the female ward; then set fire to a wooden door, using for this purpose a kerosine lamp hung in the ward. A hole having been burned through the wood they crawled into the open yard. There was still the prison wall to be scaled, but a rude ladder was quickly made with the aid of the cot, a piece of angle-iron six feet long, four brooms with bamboo handles, the wooden handle of a grindstone and some aloe fibre string. These materials were lying about, owing to the carelessness of the subordinate staff. There was still the drop from the top of the wall to be provided against, but the women knotted their saris, anchored one end to the iron cot and so made a rope down which they slid to the ground. Enterprise and resource such as this says the *Pioneer* almost justified their escaping altogether, but they were recaptured in the end, doubtless much to the relief of the prison staff whose slackness had contributed to make the adventure possible.

MR. HUGHES BULLER, officiating Director of the Criminal Intelligence Department, left Simla, on tour, on Oct. 1. Sir Charles Cleveland, the permanent Director, is expected back about a month hence.

BURMA BANK.

ANOTHER DIVIDEND FOR CREDITORS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 2.

With reference to Mr. Justice Ormond's rejection of the offer of a London Syndicate to purchase four lakhs of shares of the British Burma Petroleum Company, held by the Bank of Burma (in liquidation) at 4s. 6d., the matter has come up in Chambers before the judge on the Original Side on the application of Mr. Charlesworth, Official Liquidator.

On Monday Messrs. Dantra and de Glanville, on behalf of the Burma Investments, Limited, debtors to the Bank, who hold a number of British Burma Petroleum Company shares as security, and Mr. Charlesworth waited on Mr. Justice Ormond in Chambers regarding the Syndicate's offer.

Mr. Dantra, on instructions from the Advisory Committee, dissented from the proposal, and urged for an allocation of the shares valuing them at 5s. each, among creditors. Any creditor whose claim was below the value of five shares would receive payment in cash proportionately to the allocation of the shares.

His lordship passed orders accordingly.

This means an additional dividend of fifteen per cent to the creditors of the Bank of Burma.

THE HINDUSTAN BANK FAILURE.

A NOMINAL CAPITAL OF TEN LAKHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 2.

The Hindustan Bank of Multan has suspended payment. Its nominal capital was 10 lakhs, of which 6 lakhs are said to have been subscribed and 1 1-4 lakhs paid up.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK.

NOTICE ISSUED TO DEPOSITORS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 2.

A Quetta telegram states that a meeting of local shareholders and depositors was held on Wednesday when Mr. Malik Narain Das, agent of Mr. Harkishen Lal, distributed printed forms requesting the depositors to write down the amounts for the withdrawal of deposits and to send the forms to Lahore.

SEVERE PRESS CRITICISM.

Commenting on Tuesday's meeting of the shareholders of the People's Bank, the *Civil and Military Gazette* says:—"If proof were needed of the necessity for reinforcing the Company Law, it was provided by the extraordinary proceedings on Tuesday. Here was a case where it might have been supposed that the directorate would have been forced to go more deeply into the actual facts and figures of the bank's assets and liabilities than they have ever been disposed to do. Instead, we find the Napoleon of finance carefully evading, as far as possible, what ought to have been the main topic of the speech and, after highly astute appeals to popular sympathy and patriotism, indulging the audience with the delightful vision of reconstruction, he had no very precise explanations to offer as to ninety-six lakhs tied up in investments, hundis, pro-notes, land securities and so forth. Still less had he any concern with awkward issues raised by the auditor's letter. He knew his audience, and he acted on his knowledge in the fashion that must excite the admiration of his talents, of course, he professed himself ready to submit the valuation of the bank's assets to "independent" audit and it is true that a committee of investigation was appointed at the meeting, but, with all due respect to the gentlemen selected to sit on the committee, we very much question their competence to carry out the duties that have been entrusted to them."

AN INDIAN PAPER'S VIEWS.

The *Punjab*, writing on the same subject, says:—"It seems things were not done at the meeting in the way they ought to have been. The press all over the country had demanded that the directors should make a full, frank and authoritative statement of the circumstances under which they ordered the suspension of payment, as well as of the actual state of things. At this moment, the directors, as a body, do not appear to have made any statement at all. Mr. Harkishen Lal made a statement, but the greater part of it was not quite relevant to the issue, so far as the crisis is concerned. He laid the whole blame upon the critics of the bank. What the public want to know is why he and his fellow directors allowed what they are pleased to call "flagrant misrepresentation" to go on for nine long months and thus help to bring things to a crisis. Mr. Harkishen Lal gave a general assurance that the securities on which the money had been lent out were for the most part good, and that the bulk of money was realisable, but what the people were anxious to have before them at this stage are the facts, and not anyone's opinions. We are in deep sympathy with the [illegible] reconstruction but the [illegible] the bank is practically [illegible] which must be gone into in a practical spirit. The first thing necessary is to know the actual situation."

PLAGUE RETURNS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 2.

An increase was reported in the mortality from plague in India during the week ending September 27. The number of cases was exceeded by 367, and the fatal cases recorded were 407 in excess of the figures of the week previous. The number of seizures and deaths in the week under review was 2,380 and 1,764, respectively. In the Bombay Presidency, there was an increase of 365 deaths and in the United Provinces an increase of 16. The figures in the other Provinces were as follows:—Madras, 71 deaths; Bengal 1; Bihar and Orissa, 31; the Punjab, 24; Burma, 44; and Mysore, 126.

POLICE CRIMES.

OFFICERS CONVICTED OF TORTURE.

JUDGE DISAGREES WITH ASSESSORS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 2.

The case against Hashmatrai, deputy jailor, Karachi, Abdul Kadir, a police constable, and Rama, a jail warder, who stood charged with torturing Mahomed Faize and Haji in order to extort a confession of the theft of a box containing ornaments and cash of the total value of Rs. 1,650 from a hackney carriage which had been hired by the deputy jailor, was concluded in the Sessions Court of Karachi before Mr. Hayward, Judicial Commissioner of Sind, last evening.

The two assessors gave their opinion that the accused were not guilty.

The judge, differing from them, found all the three accused guilty and sentenced them as follows:—Hashmatrai deputy jailor, to undergo six months simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500; Abdul Kadir, police constable, to undergo twelve months' rigorous imprisonment and Rama, jail warder, to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED EXTORTION.

TWO POLICE SUB-INSPECTORS ON TRIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

Upendra Chandra Dutt, a Sub-inspector of Dhamrai, has been put on trial on charges of extorting Rs. 50 from one Ansarati, after wrongfully confining him for a day and also of extorting Rs. 22 from Birendra Kumar Bom.

Another Sub-inspector of Kapasia has also been put on trial on a charge of extorting Rs. 50 by wrongfully confining two persons on a charge of theft. In the latter case the Deputy Magistrate who enquired into it at the previous trial recommended the prosecution of the complainant and the case was dismissed. It has ultimately been revived by the District Magistrate.

The hearing of both the cases was adjourned.

CHARGE OF MISCONDUCT.

OBJECTION ON QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MULTAN, Oct. 2.

A commission consisting of Mr Leslie Jones, Divisional Judge, and Mr Farquhar, Superintendent of Police, Rawalpindi, appointed to enquire into the alleged misconduct of Chaudhri Ghulam Rasool, Deputy Superintendent of Police, and Mohamed Sarwar, Sub-Inspector.

Mr Rallia Ram, Special Public Prosecutor, with Babu Mahendranath, appeared for the crowd, while the Deputy Superintendent was represented by Mr Chandhri Sahabuddin and the Sub-Inspector by Mr Bahagatram, Advocate, beside other pleaders.

After the charges against the police officers were read, Mr. Chaudhri Sahabuddin raised a preliminary objection as to whether the enquiry is being held under Act 37 of 1850 or under Police departmental rules.

The Public Prosecutor replied that the enquiry was being held under the Departmental Rules.

Mr. Sahabuddin contended that the rules did not apply to gazetted police officers, as under the Police Act "Superintendent" included Deputy and Assistant Superintendents, who were expressly excluded from the operation of the departmental rules. He further pointed out that certain privileges were given by the Act of 1850 to public officers suspected of misconduct, which, in the present case, had been denied to the Deputy Superintendent, prejudicing him thereby. In conclusion, he submitted that although Government could dismiss a gazetted officer off hand, the Commissioner had no jurisdiction to try Ghulam Rasool.

After about half an hour's consultation the Commissioner intimated that he had wired to Government for instructions whether the inquiry was to be under the Act of 1850, and postponed the sitting until to-morrow.

CHARGE OF BRIBERY.

FURTHER EVIDENCE AGAINST MAGISTRATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 2,

The evidence of Lala Sri Ram, Extra Assistant Commissioner, before the Commission of Enquiry into the charges against Barkat Ali, was as follows:—He was, he said, officially informed on February 26 that he should call for the men suspected of having given bribes. The same day the Deputy Commissioner came to Moga and, at his order, he recorded the statements of Gajjan Singh and Pars Ram on the first charge. Sajjan Singh, Khem Singh, Jitta Singh, Harnam Singh, and Gandha were also examined and produced before the Deputy Commissioner. The latter asked them whether they had paid any money to Barkat Ali and whether they had made a statement as recorded by the witness. They replied in the affirmative. Khushal Chand, petition writer of Kot Badal Khan, proved the execution of four bonds on which Jiwan Singh borrowed Rs. 700, and stated that the money was paid in his presence.

After Sri Ram's evidence, Mr. Bavan Petman stated that he closed the case for the Crown, and Barkat Ali was called upon to file his lists of witnesses and documents.

Barkat Ali proceeded to examine the witnesses on the first charge, some of whom were to prove an alibi with regard to himself and his lame brother on the 29th.

Mr. Bosworth Smith, Deputy Commissioner, Ferozepore, was called as a witness for the defence.

(*Other Telegrams will be found on page 8*)

NEWS IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.

WOMAN'S HEROISM IN THE ALPS.

VAIN EFFORT TO SAVE A MAN.

The following messages, which arrived by the French mail yesterday afternoon, are in advance of the English mail:—

VIENNA, Sept. 14.

Details of a tragic accident on the Rax Alp in the Austrian Alps, in which a French professor of aristocratic family, M. Maurice de Lilienthal, lost his life are related by a Vienna lady.

M. Lilienthal and a young lady started from a mountain hut early on Friday morning to climb to the summit (6,596ft. high). They went alone, as both were practised mountaineers. M. Lilienthal suffered from the intense cold, and when they were near the top he was seized with cramp. He called to the lady to assist him as he was unable to go on.

Although both were clinging to the steep side of a rock, she let go one hand in order to massage the arms of her companion, keeping her position meanwhile with the utmost difficulty. Feeling stronger, M. Lilienthal resumed the climb, but lost his hold on the rocks and fell down a precipice, nearly sweeping the lady from her precarious foothold in his fall. She recovered her balance, and in spite of her shock and terror she returned to the mountain hut for help.

FOUR CLIMBERS MISSING.

Pontresina (Engadine), Sept. 14.

A party consisting of M. Christ and M. Kasper, of Pontresina; M. Wilkowsky, of Samaden, and Mlle. Buenli, of Celerina, which left the Disvolezza hut on Saturday morning to ascend the Palu had not returned this evening. The party was seen on Saturday morning at ten o'clock on the first peak of the Palu, and then a fog and snowstorm obscured all trace of them. Owing to the bad weather it is feared that the mountaineers have met with disaster.

DESPERATE DUBLIN.

HUNGER AND TRADE PARALYSIS

Dublin, Sep. 14.

The Dublin employers have taken desperate remedies, and, have pledged the prosperity of the city to escape from the troubles with the transport workers. For the last two years Mr. Larkin has been a dictator in the Labour world of Ireland, and the fear of Larkinism kept the majority of the employers "willing to strike but fearing to fail." There were talks of compromise and mutual concessions, but the liberation on bail of Mr. Larkin, who had been committed for trial for alleged seditious conspiracy in connection with the recent riots, was like a bomb thrown into the chamber of peace.

No sooner was he out of gaol than the employers held a hurried meeting, and decided to act by their resolution to lock out every transport worker, and on the same day 400 farmers in the County of Dublin also declared war on the 2,000 agricultural labourers who are under Mr. Larkin's banner. Thus, Mr. Larkin's own weapons are turned against him. The employers are locking out in sections. Messrs. Paterson, the match manufacturers, have closed down their factory. Messrs. O'Reilly, paper bag manufacturers, have paid off a number of their hands. Seven hundred carters have been paid out of employment. Seamen and firemen have been given notice. Between 2,000 and 3,000 labourers in the building trade are out of work, and after to-morrow it will be impossible for any members of the Transport Union to find work in Dublin.

This action by the employers means paralysis of trade and a possible famine. Goods cannot be handled at the docks. Market produce may not enter the city. Already the price of coal and food has gone up enormously, and their is hunger in the poor quarters of the city.

A week ago it was hoped that the British Trade Union delegates would stove the difficulties of the situation, but these hopes have been dispelled. Meanwhile, Mr. Larkin's men have been met with open defiance. Messrs. Jacob, the biscuit manufacturers, and one of the largest employers in Dublin after dismissing members of the Transport Workers' Union and closing down their works, have decided to open again to-morrow with free labour. This is a bold and enterprising experiment, which will have an important bearing on the position. If Messrs. Jacob can get sufficient independent labour to work their business without molestation, then, indeed, the power of Larkinism is broken.

MOTOR TRADE SENSATION.

New York, Sept. 14.

According to despatches from Columbus (Ohio), Standard Oil capital is preparing to enter the motor-car industry on a scale which is likely to open up a new era in the industry here and abroad.

The promoters are Mr. Sterling Newell, Mr. F. S. Whitcomb, Mr. R. F. Denison, Mr. Thomas Fay, and Mr. Ellis Dielm. Messrs. Newell, Whitcomb, Denison, and Dielm are attorneys who represent the interests of Standard Oil and of Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Mr. Fay is one of the leading automobile engineers of the world, past president of the Society of Automobile Engineers, and a prolific writer on technical subjects.

The Rockefeller Motor Company it is stated will take over the rights and property of the Goby Engine Company, and will use the commodious works now occupied by the latter in Cleveland. The tremendous significance contained in the news that the leading factors in the Standard Oil Company will become identified with the manufacture of automobile engines that will give an average of fifty miles to the gallon either petrol or kerosene, lies in the fact that petrol is much restricted in supply, while kerosene is heavy and sagging in price.

In addition to manufacturing a very distinctive automobile engine it is reported [illegible] much circumstantial detail that Standard Oil capital has concluded arrangements to form a corporation with the idea of taking over a number of

large automobile factories. Announcements made so far are that three companies are under consideration or have been purchased and that they will turn out 100,000 machines in the 1915 season, which commences about a year hence. These automobiles are to sell at from £70 to £200.

At the offices of the Standard Oil company here it is denied that the company, as such, contemplates any participation in the motor-car business.

NURSE'S DEATHBED CONFESSION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

After mourning four years for her East-born baby who she believed had been buried in infancy, Mrs. Batrice Gaddis, a young widow of Bridgeton, N. J., has learned that the child is living with a well-to do Philadelphia family.

In 1909, when Mrs. Gaddis was living in Mauch Chunk, Pa., her husband was killed in a coal mine explosion. Soon after that she became a mother in a Mauch Chunk hospital. There was another mother in the hospital and this woman's child died. The nurse in charge of the two cases realised that Mrs. Gaddis was a poor widow with four other children, whereas the other woman was of a family that had much money. The nurse exchanged the babies giving Mrs. Gaddis the other mother's dead child, and giving Mrs. Gaddis's living baby to her ward companion.

A few days ago Mrs. Gaddis received word from the nurse, still in Mauch Chunk, to go there instantly. She found the nurse upon her deathbed, and in the room was also the "other woman." The nurse told the story, and for the first time the two mothers knew the truth. The nurse begged forgiveness before she died, and this was granted by the women.

Then the woman who had possession of the Gaddis child appealed to Mrs. Gaddis for the custody of the little girl who had been brought up as her own. She pointed out that Mrs. Gaddis never had known her daughter, and had four other children, whereas the little one was the only child the Philadelphia home ever had known.

Mrs. Gaddis yielded to the entreaties and has taken legal steps to permit her child to be adopted into the home which she supposes is hers by birthright.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

"The Times" military correspondent, in an article in that journal to-day on the Channel Tunnel scheme, says :—

"However considerable the commercial advantages of the tunnel may appear, to be, whether we attribute much or little value to the safeguards at our end of it, and whether we rate the national risk to be great or small, there can be no question that a tunnel will add to our anxieties and will modify the conditions under which the defence of the country will have to be undertaken. Consequently, and until a national army has been created in England, it would be an act of folly to barter away our insularity, to add fresh dangers to those already confronting us and to burden ourselves with a land frontier and more Continental responsibilities."

PLAGUE IN AMERICA.

New York, Sept. 14.

Considerable surprise has been caused here by the admission, officially made to-day for the first time that bubonic plague "is in this country and has been for some time." The case which has provoked this admission is that of a man who died at Martinez a small town some twenty miles from San Francisco on Friday. To-day Surgeon-General Rupert Blue, one of the heroes of the Spanish American War, issued an appeal to all citizens of California to co-operate in a campaign for the extermination of gophers, or ground squirrels which spread the plague. Surgeon-General Blue in his appeal affirms that the plague "is not being brought in from other countries."

JEWELLED "KNEELETS."

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.

"Kneelets," made of gold, and some of them set with precious stones, have appeared in the Philadelphia streets worn by fair promenaders who favour the slit skirt as one step more daring than the golden anklets which startled the gazers a year ago. They apparently are made to fit closely just below the knee and to glisten and glitter as a wearer's stride causes the slit skirt to open and close. One of the most reputable jewellery houses admits it is receiving a greater demand for them, than it can supply, and says it is furnishing them to women in exclusive society circles, as well as to actresses.

THE BOMBAY CHORAL UNION.

The above organisation made its debut before the Bombay public last night, when A. R. Gaul's sacred cantata "The Holy City" was rendered. The Colaba Baptist Church was well filled for the occasion with a highly appreciative audience. The Choir Union, which only sprang into existence about two months ago, is mainly recruited from members of the choirs of local Nonconformist churches.

In last night's performance the choir shewed considerable merit, and reflected great credit on their energetic conductor Mr. E. J. Parsons. The opening item "Love not the world" was very well rendered, great sympathy being shewn in the observance of light and shade. The choruses "Thine is the Kingdom" and "Great and marvellous" were also quite good, though the choir would do well to improve their attack and balance. In some of the other choruses, pianissimo portions were not sufficiently observed.

The soloists were Mrs. E. D. Jenkyns, Soprano; Mrs. E. J. Parsons, Mezzo Soprano; Miss Willson, Contralto; Mr. W. Johnson, Tenor and Mr. S. Tuck, Bass. These all did well in their respective items.

The choir were accompanied by Miss McHattie at the organ, and Mr. Seymour Dove at the piano.

Rev. H. E. Barrell presided, and announced at the close that the proceeds would be divided between the Wesleyan Church Organ Fund, and the Baptist Church Building Fund.

THE BESANT LITIGATION.

RELEVANCE OF THE WISHES OF MINORS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

The further hearing of the appeal preferred by Mrs. Annie Besant against the judgment of Mr. Justice Bakewell, in the suit in which Narayaniah claimed the custody of his minor sons, was continued at the High Court.

Continuing his argument the pleader for the respondent pointed out by reference to 9 Madras I. L. R., that the wishes of minors were not material when a civil suit was brought by the father for the custody of his children.

In reply to a question from the Chief Justice, he answered that so far as a father's rights over his children were concerned they would not be interfered with by the courts unless it was shown that the father had by his conduct forfeited his natural rights and only in such cases would the courts consult the wishes of the minors. It would be enough for him on the facts in this case to show that the training, to which the defendant was subjecting the minors should put an end to her guardianship. He referred to Irish reports of 1902 and to the Guardians and Wards Act to show that the wishes of the minors were to be consulted only when their welfare could not be otherwise provided for. Orders had frequently been passed in the equity courts of England with regard to the custody of children without consulting their wishes at all. He referred to 21 George, 3 to 70, Section 18, which preserved to Hindus and Mahomedans their parentage under Hindu and Mahomedan Law, and which was still unrepealed. It was only the welfare of the minors as interpreted in the light of the personal law of minors which would influence the courts. He then referred to the Besant case in 11, Chancery Division, 508, as showing that a complete delegation of the father's right was not possible under the law. He then went on to deal with the cases cited on the other side.

The Chief Justice pointed out that there was no question of parental rights in the case.

Counsel for the respondent said the appellant was wrong in raising as a ground of appeal that Mr. Justice Bakewell's order appointing the minors wards of court was against any well settled rule, since circumstances might arise, as was recognised in 6 Calcutta, when it would be necessary to make such an order.

DEIFICATION OF A MINOR.

Continuing his arguments on behalf of the respondent the pleader invited their Lordships' attention to portions of evidence which showed that the older minor's body was to be used as a vehicle for the coming of Lord Maitreya and that consequently the elder minor had been so deified that a number of respectable persons had prostrated before him. He commented on the reckless manner in which the defendant had sought to justify that prostration by alleging that the plaintiff himself set the example, an allegation which was not proved or even attempted to be proved. The defendant had made the minors take vows of poverty and celibacy. Such training was certainly abnormal, hence the argument that the elder minor was at the time of decree within a few weeks of attaining his majority. He then commented on these vows at length to show that the boys were practically intended to lead the life of sanyasiyas. The letter of guardianship was then read and commented upon. It showed that one wish of the father was that the minors should have a university education under the supervision of the defendant. Sir R. Subramania Iyer's letter was also read as supporting that conclusion, but the defendant had broken her undertaking in that respect, in that she had tried to make the boys vehicles for superhuman manifestations and hence the only reason which entitled the defendant to the guardianship of the minors was at an end.

SEQUEL TO FIGHT IN A TEA-GARDEN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

At the High Court, before Justice Imam, an application for bail was made on behalf of three garden coolies who had been convicted by the magistrate of Chittagong of causing hurt to Mr. Bremner, manager of the Barmasia tea-garden, and sentenced each to ten days' rigorous imprisonment.

There was a free fight between the manager and his staff on the one hand and the coolies on the other. The planter used his revolver and injured some of the coolies, who instituted a case which is still pending, while in the meantime some of the coolies were put on their trial and convicted.

His Lordship granted bail to all the petitioners.

BENGAL FLAT SUNK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

The Indian General Steam Navigation Co.'s flat "Shamna," loaded with miscellaneous goods for the "Pujah" bazar, met with an accident, and sank in the Sundarbands last week on its way from Calcutta to Dacca. Great excitement prevails amongst the Dacca merchants as most of the goods was not insured.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

The market for coal shares was steady to-day, and business took place on a fairly liberal scale. Jute was stronger without much doing. Transactions reported included:—Bhalgeras, Rs. 22-12; Baraboni, Rs. 16; Barrakar, Rs. 16-6; to Rs. 15-10; Damra Rs. 2-12-; Lakurka, Rs. 18-12; Salt Lake, Rs. 9-4 to Rs. 9-8; Sendra, Rs. 14-12. Jute Clive (ord,) were at Rs. 52-8; and Kankarrah rose to Rs. 183-8 0.

SOUTH INDIAN INDUSTRIAL COMPANY.

PETITION FOR WINDING-UP.

(FROM O U CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 2.

At the Madras High Court, before Mr. Justice Bakewell an application was made by Messrs. A. R. Hajee Fakir Mahomed Sait and Sons, as creditors, for an order winding up the South Indian Industrial Co., Limited. The main grounds on which the application was based, was that the company was indebted to the petitioners, that the petitioners were the largest creditors, that the company was commercially insolvent and was unable to pay its ordinary debts.

The Hon. Mr. T. Richmond, who appeared for the petitioners, set out the state of affairs of the company and contended that he had made out a strong case for its winding up.

Mr. Eardley Norton, barrister, who had been retained on behalf of the company, asked for three months, within which Messrs. Hajee Ismail Sait and Sons undertook to pay all the dues to petitioners.

His Lordship expressed himself disposed on consideration of the whole of the facts to grant time for tow months, and Mr Norton agreed to accept this provided leave were granted to extend that period by a month if it was shown that efforts were being made to pay off the petitioners' dues.

His Lordship, in making the order, granting two months' time, observed that the liabilities of the company were not trade liabilities but were liabilities incurred on account of capital, that in the balance sheets the stock was entered as ten lakhs of rupees and it seemed to His Lordship, therefore, that there were funds to meet the capital liabilities of the company and that if time were granted the company would be in a position to meet its ordinary current demands. In these circumstances it was equitable that the company should be granted further time.

The petition, was accordingly adjourned for two months at the end of which time the company would be at liberty to state to the court what steps it had taken to meet the petitioners' liability and to apply for further time if required.

The question of costs was allowed to stand over.

The petition, therefore, stands adjourned to December 2.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

The Finance Member will probably pay a visit to Calcutta during his autumn tour.

The newspaper entitled *The Political Bhomiya* of Aug. 15 published weekly in Gujarati at Ahmedabad is proscribed.

It is proposed to hold a Science Congress in the rooms of the Asiatic Society of Bengal during the week ending January 17.

The Chitral Reliefs reached Mugha Camp on September 30 all well. A report received from Kandahar by the *Pioneer* states that serious rioting by men from the neighbouring villages occurred there recently. The Kazi and the Mufti were killed.

The result of the children's performance at Simla of "The Spirit of Spring," which was so successfully organised by Mrs. Nethersole, has resulted in Rs. 1,934 being handed over to Lady Hardinge's Cottage Homes in Simla.

The manœuvres in Eastern Bengal will begin in January, troops being concentrated some time after Christmas holidays. The movements will be under the orders of General Sir Robert Scallon, Commanding the Lucknow Division.

A large leopard has been shot on the Vellakonda Hills by the Rev. F. W. Stait, of Udayagiri. It appears that Mr Stait and Mr. Sundra Raj, of the Madras Museum Staff, were in that vicinity, and were informed that a leopard, which for some weeks had been destroying sheep and oxen belonging to the villages, had killed a fine cow. Mr. Stait and Mr. Sundra Raj decided to watch beside the kill, in the hope that the animal would return, and this it did. A fine shot by Mr. Stait put an end to its career. It proved to be a large male leopard in its prime.

A Secunderabad correspondent writes:—"A Shroff employed by H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway has been brought in from Seram, a station a few miles from the Wadi Junction, suffering from the effects of a seemingly merciless thrashing which he alleges was administered by the Police Amin of the town, while he was on his way home with the Station cash. The victim is now in the Railway Hospital, where a medical examination revealed that he must have been struck from sixty to seventy times."

In the report for 1912 by the Inspector-General of Police in Assam twenty-four cases of obstructing the railway line were noted, besides seventeen instances of stone-throwing at trains. In one locality the offences were reported to have ceased when the villagers were allowed to have the openings they wanted through some new fencing which had been put up. But the need of energetic measures to put a stop to such outrages is obvious. The Eastern Bengal State Railway have issued notices calling attention to two exemplary sentences which were passed last month.

Mr. P. Raman Tampi, Sessions Judge of Kottayam, Travancore, spoke very strongly, in a case of kidnapping the other day, on what he described as the conditions of slavery which were found to exist on some of the estates in the Travancore highlands. He said that there was an impression abroad that slave traffic was carried on with impunity there and that "once attached to an estate as a coolie, the defenceless creature was deprived of all individuality and treated as a chattel." The arm of the law was, he said, not strong or long enough to reach the worst offenders.

Mr. Tucker will officiate for, and not succeed, Colonel Pinhey as Resident at Hyderabad. As has been stated, Colonel Pinhey goes home in March next on sick leave.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

STABLES IN UNSUITABLE LOCALITIES.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon at the Municipal Hall, Mr. A. M. Todd, the President, presiding.

Consideration was given to the report of the Committee regarding the erection of hackney stables at Boodhan Wadi, Girgaum.

The Committee's report stated that in their petitions Mr. Dorabji Framji and others objected to the erection of the stables in the locality on the ground that they would cause a great nuisance, breed mosquitoes and depreciate their properties.

The Committee received a further letter, dated August 4, from Mr. Dorabji Framji, complaining that the work of erecting the stables was being proceeded with, and a letter dated August 8 from Messrs Pestonji Rustim Kola & Co. solicitors, on behalf of Mr. Pirojshaw Jiwanji Keravalla, stating that their client had obtained from the Commissioner permission to erect the stables and that on the strength of the sanction he had proceeded with the work of erection and had already entered into agreement with tenants for letting out portions of the stables when erected and that any subversion of the Commissioner's decision in the matter would inflict a heavy loss upon their client. After careful consideration of the whole correspondence and after personal inspection of the locality the Committee saw no reason for the Corporation to interfere in the matter.

DISSENTING MINUTES.

Mr. R. B. Mantri in a minute stated it was very unfortunate that the erection of hackney stables should have been allowed in the midst of a locality inhabited by respectable families of cleanly habits. Moreover, the site of the stables forms part of a big area of land situated at the corner of the Girgaum and Thakurdwar Roads which from its situation would be very suitable for residental buildings for well-to-do middle class people. He was surprised that considering the surroundings and the situation the Health Department should have seen no objection to the stables from a sanitary point of view.

Mr. J. B. Petit in another minute stated that as a rule he was against the erection of stables in the midst of residental localities unless such erection was absolutely and urgently necessary in the interest and for the convenience of the public. He did not think that the circumstances of the case before the Committee justified the inclusion of the proposed stables in the latter category.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, in moving the adoption of the report, said that the Committee had inspected the place and were satisfied that it would not be a nuisance. The Commissioner and the Health Officer were also of opinion that when erected the stables would not be such a nuisance as required withdrawal of the permission already given.

AN AMENDMENT.

Mr. Vasantrao Dabholkar moved an amendment to the effect that the report be recorded and the Commissioner be requested to reconsider his judgement.

He said that the stables were being erected in the heart of the city and on the ground of sanitation he asked the Commissioner to reconsider his judgement and he was sure on second thought he would withdraw the permission.

Mr. R. B. Mantri seconded the amendment.

Dr. Dinshah Master was opposed to permission being given to the erection of stables in the crowded parts of the city.

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetjee moved as an amendment that the report be adopted and the Commissioner be requested not to permit in future erection of stables in the midst of thickly populated localities.

The President said that the Corporation was considering a specific case and in an amendment quite a separate subject could not be contained. Dr Jehangir's amendment was out of order and the new subject he intended to introduce could be brought before the Board by a separate notice of motion.

Mr. Kavasji Jehangir complained that Mr. Dabholkar's amendment lacked in courtesy to the Committee whom he altogether disregarded and requested the Commissioner to reconsider his judgment. It would be better if the report was referred back to the Committee.

Mr. J. B. Petit moved another amendment to the effect that the report be adopted with an expression of opinion that the Commissioner should withdraw the permission granted for the erection of the stables.

Dr. Maiseri seconded the amendment.

Dr. Sukhia said that the Commissioner had given permission to erect the building but that he was free to issue license for the building being used for the purposes of stables.

Mr. D. E. Wacha said that whenever the Executives granted permission for the location of a stable, a dustbin or such other things, the neighbours objected. Where should the Executives then go? Of course, if after the building was completed and animals were stabled the Commissioner found that it became a nuisance, he would of his own accord cancel the license and cause the nuisance to be stopped without being asked by the Corporation or any other person.

On a division the amendments were defeated and the Committee's report was adopted.

THE BACK BAY SMELLS NUISANCE.

The Corporation next considered the Commissioner's letter forwarding the Executive Engineer's report regarding the nuisance caused by the smells perceived in the Back Bay.

The Engineer's report, dated August 18, stated that regarding the smells perceived in Bank Bay during last June and July, owing to the abnormal rainfall during these months all the main sewers in Bombay were so surcharged that relief had to be given by opening the connections to the storm water drains. He also pointed out that the work of completing the new pumping station at Love Grove was proceeding satisfactorily and that as this work would be completed in a few months, the necessity for using the storm overflows next monsoon should only occur on rare occasions.

On the motion of Dr. Dinshah B. Master, the letter was recorded and the Corporation resolved to request the Commissioner to take steps to prevent the repetition of the nuisance in future.

THE MUNICIPAL ACT.

On the motion of Husainbhoy A. Lalji the following proposition was adopted:—"That in view of the fact that under the Municipal Act as at present in force there is no appeal from the judgment of the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court in Municipal Election cases, and that important franchise rights of ratepayers are thereby seriously affected, and in view of the fact that in the case of incorrect judgments delivered by the Courts in such cases Government are compelled to issue notifications to the effect that such judgments should be disregarded, as in the recent case of Josuf Nurmahommed against the President of the Matheran Municipality and Mr. Ghandi and others, the Committee reconstituted by Corporation Resolution No. 1904, dated the 26th June, 1913, regarding improvements in the Law and Procedure of Municipal Elections, be requested to consider and report whether it would not be advisable to approach Government for an amendment of Section 33 of the Municipal Act so as to admit of an appeal being made to the High Court in cases in which the Advocate General or the Legal Remembrancer to Government certifies that there are grounds existing which could be argued before the Appellate Court, whose decision shall be conclusive. That the Committee be also requested to consider the desirability of providing that in filling up vacancies in the Corporation under Section 34 of the Municipal Act the Corporation shall not appoint any one whose election has been set aside by the Court."

This concluded the business before the meeting.

SALLE FRANCAISE.

A meeting of the members of the Salle Francaise was held on Wednesday, when Prof. Louis Peltier gave a causerie on the life and works of Alphonse Daudet by reading from the author's charming "Lettres de Mon Moulin", the fascinating stories "La Chevre de M. Seguen", "La Mule du Pape", "Lelixir du Reverend Pere Gaucher". The lecturer said that the life of Daudet fell into three distinct periods: poverty, success and good fortune, illness and death. He was born at Nines in Southern France in 1840. His father was a manufacturer but was ruined by the Revolution of 1848, and was obliged to remove to Lyons where young Daudet was sent to school at the Lycee. But the change did not improve the family fortunes, and poor Alphonse was obliged to renounce his studies and become an usher at Alais. Sensitive and short sighted as he was he could not manage the boys, and his position soon became so intolerable that he set out for Paris with a volume of poems composed by him and entitled "Les Amoureuses" and lived with his brother Ernest. He has described with realistic fidelity his early struggles with poverty and bad fortune in his "Le Petit Chose." The Empress, wife of Napoleon III, was charmed by the young author's poems, and at her instance the Duc de Morny conferred on him a government appointment, which afforded him relief from the pinch of poverty and a fair proportion of leisure for literary pursuits. In 1867, he married Mademoiselle Julia Allard, a woman of culture and literary tastes, who proved to be his great helpmate in his literary work, and he attributed much of the value of his letters to her. In 1874 he produced his "Froment Jeune et Risle Aine," which established his reputation as a great novelist and which achieved great success. In 1886 he wrote "La Bille Nivernaise" which he dedicated to his son Lucien, and which is considered the best story for children that exist in the whole of French literature. Though an artist and a poet he was the most realistic of contemporary novelists. He wrote nothing in his novels, which he had not observed and noted while looking about him, but also took care to observe and note the exceptional and the strange. He would play truant while he was at school and take delight in choosing a passer by and dogging his footsteps across the city, with a view to draw in conclusions from his occupations and acts as to his life, the condition of his soul, his joys and his sadness. He had a style peculiar to himself and was one of those authors, who are lost in translation, and in order to be appreciated should be read in the original. His style disarmed criticism. He had charm, force and above all the gift of painting human life. Dandet had the supreme gift of creating one of those types of humanity destined to live for ever, Tartarin de Tarascon, who was at once the French Don Quixote and Sanchopanza, and who represented the meridional nature with its enthusiasm, illusions and its image.

The lecturer concluded his causerie by quoting the words of Emile Zola "He was a charmer."

HOUSE COLLAPSE.

NEIGHBOURS REMOVE JUST IN TIME.

The walls of a five storied house in Narayan Dhru-street belonging to one Amoobai, collapsed on Wednesday evening. The building had been vacated before the collapse occurred, but the tenants of the adjoining house had a most providential escape.

It appears that cracks were noticed in the walls of the house and the police asked the tenants to vacate. The Municipal Engineer examined the building and said the collapse might occur at any moment, and that the collapse of the walls might endanger the adjoining house. The tenants of that building were therefore warned. When one of the walls came down the tenants of the adjoining building removed from the building. About ten minutes after their departure the wall on that side also collapsed, causing considerable damage to their house. The damage was to the extent of about Rs. 5,000. The timely removal of the tenants in all probability saved loss of life.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company was held yesterday afternoon at the offices of the Company, in Albert Building, Hornby-road, Mr. Sorabji H. Batliwala presiding.

The following resolutions altering certain clauses in the Articles of Association and which were passed at an extraordinary meeting held on September 18 were confirmed.

In clause L, Article 102, the words "or such percentage less than 5 p. c. and 2 1-2 p. c. respectively as the Directors may fix" shall be inserted between the words "on buildings and structures" and "and the agents commission" in the fifth line of the said clause

In Article 129a the words "or such other percentage less than 5 p. c. and 2 1-2 p. c. respectively as the Directors may fix" shall be inserted between the words "buildings and structures" and "and the agents commission" in the fifth line of the said article.

The Government of India have been pleased to grant an honorarium to Sub-Conductor J. Clements, Supply and Transport Corps, for his invention of an improved pattern of "jhool" for mules and riding ponies in India.

LAW INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

IGATPURI MOTOR-CAR CASE.

APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL NOT PERMITTED.

In the well-known Igatpuri motor-car accident case, last Tuesday, the Hon. Mr. Setalwad, on behalf of the defendant Mr. Sorabji Hormusji Batliwala obtained a rule calling on the plaintiff, Mr. Jamsetji Merwanji Wadia, to show cause why an appeal to the Privy Council, should not be made.

The rule was heard yesterday by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor.

The Hon. Mr. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared to support the rule, while the Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, appeared to show cause.

The grounds of appeal, on which the defendant sought to approach the Privy Council, were among others that the Appellate Court should have held that, as Mr. Wadia was being gratuitously driven by his friend, no liability could attach, unless there was gross negligence amounting to culpable default; that the Appellate Court erred in holding that the defendant was bound to act to the best of his skill, which ought to have been such, as a person skilled in these matters, was reasonably expected to possess; that the Appellate Court erred in holding that the cause of the accident was due to the reckless and excessive speed at which Mr. Batliwala drove the motor; that the Appellate Court should have held that the defendant had in a moment of confusion and danger erred in his judgment, as to the course to be adopted.

Mr. Setalwad contended that the Appellate Court having reduced the amount of damages awarded by Mr. Justice Macleod from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 36,000 had not affirmed the decree of the Lower Court as laid down in Section 110 Civil Procedure Code. Counsel continuing said that if the Privy Council took a different view of the facts of the case, a substantial question of law would arise before that court. Mr. Setalwad also argued that motor traction was an important factor of the future and that it was desirable to have the decision of the highest judicial tribunal on the point.

The Chief Justice, in declining to grant a certificate for an appeal to the Privy Council, said that the decree against which an appeal was sought was the decree of the Appellate Court which affirmed the decision of the trial Court. In that it was held that the defendant was guilty of negligence, and he was liable to pay damages to the extent of Rs. 36,000.

His Lordship further said that looking at the words in section 110 Civil Procedure Code, the Court was of opinion, that the decree of the Appellate Court affirmed the decree of the Court immediately below it.

As regards the question, whether the appeal involved a substantial question of law, his lordship observed, that there were in the case concurrent findings in both Courts as to the gross negligence of the defendant, and no question of law would arise in the Privy Council, if these findings were accepted.

The decision in Moffat vs. Bateman, a decision of the Privy Council, had decided the question of the liability attaching to the driver of a carriage. The principle so far as the driving of the motor-car was the same, and the Court did not think any further decision of the highest Judicial Tribunal was necessary.

The Court did not think this was a fit case, in which a certificate to appeal to the Privy Council should be granted.

Their lordships accordingly discharged the rule with costs.

LEAVE TO APPEAL.

Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor, yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Pestonji Rustim Kola and Co., appeared on behalf of Mr. A. B. Dubash and another, respondents in the appeal filed by Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co., and applied for leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

Mr. Setalwad said that the "Gymeric" was due in Bombay about the end of November.

Their Lordships granted a rule and made it returnable on the 10th instant. The order for injunction against the "Gymeric" was stayed till Monday.

POLICE COURTS.

THE NAME ON THE PLATES.

Sakharam Madhu was yesterday committed to stand his trial at the High Court Criminal Sessions by Mr. A. H. S Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of theft of brass plates, of the value of Rs. 5.

The accused took the plates to a shopkeeper on Duncan road, and asked him to give some money on the pledge of the plates. The shop-keeper found there was some name carved on them and that it was not the accused's. There was some altercation between the two on that account and a police sepoy, hearing it, came to the shop and arrested the accused. It was found that the articles belonged to a woman named Sitabai residing at Bhendy Gully.

THEFT OF A DIAMOND.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case yesterday in which Deputy Inspector Sargon charged a Bengali, named Mohendra Chuckerbutty, with the theft of a diamond valued at Rs. 200.

Mr. B. B. Kampari, pleader, appeared for the complainant; and Mr. V. F. Vicaji, pleader, represented the accused.

It appeared that the accused was employed in the shop of the complainant, who works as a setter of precious stones. About six months ago a Parsi customer gave the complainant a diamond to be set in as stud. The diamond was missed, and the complainant settled the claim of his client by paying him Rs. 201. The complainant dismissed all his servants and communicated the matter to the police.

About a month ago the police were enabled to trace the diamond to the accused, and he was arrested.

The accused pleaded guilty, and prayed for mercy of the Court.

His Worship, considering that the accused was a young man of 22 years of age and that he had been in custody for the past month and that this was his first offence, sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment and fined him Rs. 100, or in default two months' rigorous imprisonment.

MORE ILLICIT COCAINE.

Chief Excise Inspector McCarthy charged Abdul Kader and Vithoo Mahade[illegible] before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, with being found in possession of small grains of cocaine.

The first accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. [illegible]. The second accused said that the [illegible] had put the packet into his pocket, but admitted having been convicted [illegible] before for possession of cocaine.

The Magistrate convicted him and sentenced him to fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT "REWA."

The hired transport "Rewa," under the command of Captain T. Kerr, arrived in Bombay Harbour yesterday from Southampton, which port she left on September [illegible] with drafts for different regiments and furlough men. She carried 70 officers, [illegible] ladies, 18 children, 25 warrant officers, [illegible] women, 22 children, 1,010 non-commissioned officers and men, 81 women, and [illegible] children.

The following are the names of the officers:—

Lieuts. C. G. Jellie, R. I. Fus., J. E. O'Dwyer, Notts and Derby Regt., M. G. Leeb. L. N. Lane, Regt., T. E. M. Batterby and J. L. Whitty, Leinster Regt., the Rev. J. Mahoney, R. C. Chaplain, the Rev. W. E. Wingfield C. of E. Chaplain, Captains F. N. Thorne, R. Sussex Regt., R. H. Cheape and wife, Dragoon Guards, J. H. J. Williams, Royal Fusiliers, Lieuts. A. V. Pope, 1 th Hussars, and E. V. Watson and wife, R. G. A., Majors A. H. Bowring and wife, R. F. A., C. L. Polte[illegible] wife and daughter, E. Kent Regt., C. J. O. Gorman, R. A. M. C., L. L. G. Thorpe, Lieut.-Col. R. G. Onsley, R. F. A., Major R. L. Angles wife and 2 children, R. A. M. C., Lieut. J. E. E. D'Esterre and wife R. G. A., Lieut. and 2 Master W. Butler wife and 7 children 4th Worcester Regt., Lieut. J. de L. Simonds, R. G. A., Capt. A. T. Frost, R. A. M. C., Lieut. W. Stewart, K. A. M. C., Capt. W. M. Stewart, Cameron Highlanders, Captains H. L. Wilbett, Norfolk Regt. C. R. Ingram, R. W. Kent., M. K. F. Hodgson, Notts and Derby Regt., Lieut. H. C. R. Sanders, E. Yorks. Regt. H. T. Davies, Royal Fusiliers, G. D. Shuttleworth York and Lancs. Regt., 2nd Lieut, A. L. Kent Lemon Yorks Lanes. Regt., Captains F. S. Proleyn, A. V. D. D. W. Pollok, wife and child, Worcester Regiment, D. G. Cowie, R. G. A. and D. C. Knollys, 19th Punjabis, Lieuts. O. Wynne, R. A. M. C., H. Hussey wife and 3 children, Army School, G. J. S. King, R. Engineers, J. H. Bridge, I.M.S., 2nd Lieuts. J. W. B. Tindall, unattached list, L. Playfair, Royal Scots, K. Horan, ox and Bucks, L. I., M. A. B. Johnston, R. G. A., R. Gore, 13th Hussars, R. G. L. Kennedy, 8th Hussars, G. G. J. Clifford, 8th Hussars, G. Fielden, 7th Hussars, G. Walmsley, K. R. R. C., H. T. Barker, K. R. R. C., E. T. D. Strettell, E. Kent, Regiment, D. D. Barry, High L. I., G. G. N. Lodge, E. Surrey Regiment, E. F. Carne, R. F. A., H. G. Hayes, R. F. A., R. L. O. Carew, R. G. A., E. J. Williams, R. G. A., R. H. Dewing, R. E., A. Mason, R. E., E. L. Wateridge, Leicester Regiment, and R. H. R. Parminter, Manchester Regiment, Col. J. H. V. Growe wife and 2 daughters, R. A., Family of Lt. Syrett and 5 children, R. A., Nursing Sisters I. M. Harrison and K. Crawley, Q. A. I. M. N. S., Lieut. C. C. Darley, R. F. A., I. F. Holmes, I.M.S., and T. H. Beckley, R. F. A., Capts. G. R. Hartley and wife, I. O. D. and J. M. W. O'Rorke, 25th Cavalry, wife of Capt. and Quartermaster Shannon, R. I. Fus, Lieuts, G. M. Hutton, 22nd Cavalry and L. S. Wadeson, R. I. Marine.

ARRIVALS.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.

The Anchor Line steamer "Scindia," is due to arrive here about noon on the 5th instant with the following passengers.

Mr H T W Bonsfield	Maj A E Sealy
Mr E Fleming	Mrs Sealy and Infant
Mr W Holder	Mr H B Shepherd
Mr L Inglis	Mrs Shepherd child and Infant
Mrs Inglis	Mrs A R Wilkinson
Lt V W C Moore-Lace	
Miss B Prideaux	

DEPARTURES.

PER S. S. "NERA"

The following passengers will proceed to Colombo and Australia by the Messageries Maritimes Coy's steamer "Nera" on the 3rd inst from the stream. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at 2-15 p. m. at Ballard Pier. Deck passengers, servants and ayahs must came to the Disinfection Shed, near Prince's Dock, with all their kits and baggage at 11-30 a. m.

COLOMBO	SYDNEY
Mr C C Gleaves	Mr Villard
Mr Rebentrost	Mr Schivann
Mr J J Mitton	Mr Condere
Mr Bhoola Coora	Mr Dumas
Mr Desnague	Mr Montanban
FREMANTLE	Mr Paul
Rev Father Rias	Mr H Engine
Rev Father Gomez	Mr Dickson
Mr Busheer	Seven Emmigrants
MELBOURNE	Mr Schembri
Mr Carrus	Seven Emmigrants
Mrs Scheneberger and child	Mr Carmelo
Mr Canalo	Mr Ferizan
Mrs Perge and child	Mr Farrugier
Mr Canals	Mr Cortis
Mr Salader	Junner J Allen
Mr J Liptrott	NOUMEA
Mr Gulam Alie Khan	Mr & Mrs Grangie and child
Sergt F E Muchmore Bombardier Smart	Mrs Lancon
Sergt A F Clifton wife and 2 children	Rev Father Ronel
ADELAIDE	Rev Father Clenet
Gunner E P Hole	Mr Bertin
	Mr Bloe
	Mr S Chuseberi
	Mr Lemoine
	Mr Charbanneau
	Mr and Mrs Rippe
	Mr Masselot

H. H. THE NAWAB OF RADHANPUR.

H. H. the Nawab Sahib of Radhanpur came to Bombay on Wednesday from Poona, where he had gone at the invitation of H. E. the Governor, on Sept. 29. He left later for his State by the Gujerat mail.

It is notified in Army Orders that the Government of India have sanctioned the publication of a Manual of Roman Hindustani which contains instructions for the transliteration of Urdu, Nagri and Gurmukhi scripts into the Roman character. The system described therein will supersede all other systems in use in regimental schools of the Indian Army.

TEMPERANCE IN BOMBAY.

The following memorial has been addressed to his Excellency Lord Willingdon, by the Poona Temperance Association:—

May it please Your Excellency,

The Poona Temperance Association desires to place before your Excellency a statement of the progress that has been made during the last six years in the direction of the limitation of the facilities for drinking in this Presidency, and at the same time of the aims that this Association has set before itself—aims which cannot be carried out without the assistance of Government—with a view to preserving and strengthening the temperate habits of the people and guarding them against the danger lest this degrading vice should become increasingly common among them. The temperance problem in India is different from that in the West. Its purpose here is to protect a people, remarkable for their sobriety, from a vice which may otherwise insidiously obtain an entrance among them along with other customs which are being introduced from the West, a vice which is already threatening to become a very serious evil among certain classes in this country. It is necessary that constant vigilance be exercised if India is to be preserved from so serious a disaster, and the aim of this Association is to assist Government in this matter and to remined it that it should always seek, not to obtain a high revenue from this traffic, but to reduce the traffic within as narrow limits as possible and so to preserve the high character for sobriety that India has hitherto borne. The association believes that this is a very urgent duty and that the danger to this country from the evil of intemperance is a very real one, and it therefore ventures respectfully to invite your Excellency's co-operation in carrying out its aim, it which it is confident that it has your Excellency's sympathy.

The Association recognises with satisfaction that some progress has been made during the last six years in the direction of removing abuses in the Excise administration and of bringing within more proper limits the opportunities of obtaining liquor. A very decided step in advance in the direction of consulting the views of the people themselves was taken in October, 1908, when local Excise Committees were appointed for Poona City and Cantonment. While the powers of these Committees, upon which there is a majority of official members are merely advisory, their recommendations have been generally accepted and have brought about decided improvements in certain directions. These might have been greater had the Committees been called together and consulted more frequently. Previously to the last meeting of the Poona Committees which was held in February last, they had not been called together for more than three years.

As a result of the recommendations of these Excise Committees the number of country liquor shops in the Cantonment was reduced from nineteen to eleven and in the City from ten to eight. While this Association does not consider that the limit of the number of shops necessary has by any means been reached, it recognises that a great improvement in what was a very objectionable condition of things, especially in Poona Cantonment, was effected by this reduction. Not only was the number of shops thus reduced but the hours of sale were fixed as from 9 a. m. to 8-30 p. m. instead of being, as formerly, from sunrise to 9-30 p. m. The Association would point out that these improvements, so long overdue, were only secured when direct representatives of popular opinion were called into consultation. We have here, it appears, strong evidence in favour of immediate contact in this matter between the administration and the people themselves who are aware of the needs of the situation and are keenly sensitive to its dangers, as the department concerned cannot always be expected to be. A recent census of the views of the residents in a section of the City shows that the limit of reduction that the people of Poona desire has not yet been reached, while a study of the conditions in the Cantonment will show that there the number of shops is very greatly in excess of the need.

Another respect in which improvement has been effected is that of the allotment of the licenses. Formerly this was carried out by the method of public auction, the shop being given to the highest bidder in spite of the fact, to which this Association again and again drew the attention of Government that in many cases it was impossible except by illicit practices for the licenses to avoid incurring heavy loss on the transaction. The obvious fact that Government was making a profit on the license sales because of illegal methods on the part of the vendor at length caused action to be taken for the mitigation of the evil and now a fixed fee system is in force. The result is that the temptation to adopt illicit practices in order to push the sale of liquor is obviously to some extent reduced. At the same time there is a danger lest under this system vested interests should be created.

In these respects there has been an improvement in the Abkari administration in recent years and some glaring abuses against which this Association had protested have been removed. It does not follow, however, that there is not yet much remaining to be done and your Excellency's attention is now invited to some directions in which improvement is greatly needed. In the first place this Association would continue to urge as it has done in the past that it is highly desirable that the authority which grants licences should be distinct from that which collects the revenue from those licenses. The object of the revenue authorities is naturally to raise revenue. The object of the licensing authority should be to reduce the revenue from liquor by reducing the consumption. The acceptance of very high bids for licences though it was impossible by legal means to recover that some from sales,—to which reference has already been made,—was due to a natural desire on the part of the revenue authority to obtain as large a return as possible for Government from that source. For that reason it was somewhat difficult to persuade the Excise authorities of the abuse that this practice involved. If it be admitted that this reform in the administration is desirable, the question arises, to whom is the licensing authority to be transferred? It may be transferred, as is suggested below, to the local Excise Committees.

In reference to the local Excise Committees, the Association urges that, whether or not the licensing authority is entirely transferred to them, they should have increased powers. At present these powers are merely advisory. It may be claimed that in that capacity these Committees have shown efficiency and that their recommendations should now have the force of enactments in reference to the matters entrusted to them, viz., the number and location of liquor shops and the hours during which they are to remain open. It was stated when those Committees were formed that it was necessary to provide for the retention by the officers of Government of the ultimate responsibility in such matters. That will be retained though the Committees are given executive powers as there is a majority of Government officers on all such Committees.

It has farther to be pointed out that in many matters of detail the recommendations of the Government of India and of the Indian Excise Committee of 1905-06 have not been carried out in this district. This is the case, for example, in regard to the distance between shops. The Government of India Resolution of 15th August, 1907, lays down that "if two or more shops are equally convenient to any considerable number of persons the fact affords what the Government of India would regard as *prima facie* evidence that the number of shops in that particular area is excessive." It is only necessary to examine the situation of the shops in Poona Cantonment to see that these recommendations are not complied with. The shops in Goota Street and Sachapir Street, for example, are within a very short distance, indeed, of each other and the same is the case with other shops. It is further laid down in Government of India Resolutions that no new shop should be opened unless there is a demand for it. That this recommendation is not always acted upon may be shown from the case of Ghoda, a village near Poona, in the Khed Taluka, where a liquor shop was recently opened. It is true that when a notification was issued asking for objections to the opening of the shop no objections were made, but when this Association asked that a ballot of the inhabitants should be taken on the subject, the request was refused and the Collector of Poona made the statement that even if it was only a minority that asked for the shop it should be granted. In these and other ways the resolutions and recommendations of Government, prepared for the guidance of local authorities with a view to the proper control of this traffic have been set aside.

This Association respectfully invites your Excellency's attention to the suggestions for reform in the Excise administration that have been given above as well as to the evidence that has been adduced to show that vigilance is necessary if abuses are to be prevented and if this evil is to be curtailed and controlled. Your Excellency has here an opportunity of doing much to guard this people from an evil that is undoubtedly threatening their future and so to win the gratitude of many who greatly fear lest this vice, which has wrought such havoc in other lands, should obtain a hold upon India also.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Mr. Behramji Nowroji Gamadia to be a Delegate of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court at Bombay, in the room of Mr. Phirozshah Bahamanji Jijibhoy, deceased.

Mr. V. D. Joglekar, Subordinate Judge, Tasgaon and Vita, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 8th September.

Mr. C. N. Mehta to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Broach, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. P. J. Taleyarkhan or pending further orders.

Mr. K. R. Natu, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Athni, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Tasgaon and Vita.

Mr. K. G. Kulkarni, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Sangmeshwar to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Athni.

Saiyid Fakhruddin Abubakar El Edrus, Huzar Deputy Collector, Nasik, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from 5th September or subsequent date.

Mr. K. G. Raja, Head Accountant, Nasik is appointed to act at Huzar Deputy Collector, Nasik, during the absence on leave of Saiyid Fakhruddin Abubakar El Edrus, or pending further orders.

Mr. C. H. Bristow, I. C. S., passed an examination in Hindustani on 1st September 1913.

During the absence on leave of Mr. C. J. Nathani, Mr. V. N. Schoni to act as Inspector under the Glanders and Farcy Act for the whole of the City of Bombay.

Mr. Abdul Majid Khan, to be act as Second Class, Fifth Grade, Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Sangmeshwar, during the absence on leave of Mr. V. D. Joglekar or pending further orders.

Khan Saheb Jan Mahomed Huseinbhai Shaikh to serve as a corresponding member of the Bombay Provincial Advisory Committee for Indian students going to England for the Ahmedabad District in place of Mr. Lalshankar Umiashankar deceased.

Mr. Atmaram Balkrishna Bhasme is appointed to be Subordinate Government Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Gokak in the Belgaum District for a period of three years vice Mr. Pandurang Moreshwar Natu, resigned.

Mr. A. H. Hoskot is appointed to be Subordinate Government Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Gadag in the Dharwar District for a period of three years vice Mr. Rengarao Raghavendra Mangalwedhekar, resigned.

Mr. Badiuzzaman Habibuddin Kazi to be Special Mahomedan Deputy Educational Inspector for Urdu schools in the Central Division.

Mr. Diwakar Chintaman Joshi, is authorised is to practise as a Pleader in the Ratnagiri District.

Mr. Achyut Siddheshvar Phadke, as authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Ratnagiri District.

Mr. H. R. Kothawala, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana, is granted thirty days' privilege leave with effect from the 16th September.

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BOMBAY SEASON REPORT.

The following central summary of crop and season reports in the Bombay Presidency during the past week has been published:—

During the week there was moderate to slight rain in parts of the Presidency proper except north Gujarat. The rain was beneficial but is still insufficient in parts of the Konkan, Deccan, Belgaum and Kolhapur. The standing crops were slightly damaged by rats in parts of Karachi and Rewa Kantha, by locusts in parts of Sukkur Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, and Nawabshaw and by insects in parts of the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmednagar and Bijapur; they were withering for want of rain in parts of Ratnagiri, Ahmednagar, Poona and Satara. Harvesting of kharif crops generally continues. Lands are being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Khandesh, Nasik, Satara, Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha and sowing has commenced in some places. The supply of fodder was adequate. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and Poona. Drinking water supply was adequate. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of Sholapur and Dharwar.

The public health was generally good. Prices have a tendency to fall in parts of Sind and are fluctuating in the Deccan. The quantities of good-grains purchasable per rupee in Sind were normal to 37 per cent less than normal. The quantities in the Presidency proper were as follows:—

	Percentage below normal.
Gujarat	14 to 21
Konkan	9 to 34
Deccan	15 to 48
Karnatak...	31 to 48

Numbers on gratitious relief for the week ending 27th September were 306 in Poona, Sholapur and Bijapur.

The following reports are for various districts:—

Karachi.—No rain during week for season 13 inches 49 cents at Karachi, in the district maximum 44 inches 8 cents at Jati, minimum 12 inches 23 cents at Manjhand. Standing crops damaged by rats in Mirpur Sakro, Ghorabary, Sujaval, Mirpur Batoro, Jati, Shahbandar, Kotri and Manjhand talukas. Locusts appeared in Karachi taluka, but caused no damage to corps. Harvesting of kharif corps commenced in Shahbandar, Ghorabari and Mirpur Batoro talukas. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Drinking water-supply adequate. Price of rice 7, of bajri 13 and of jowari 13 seers per rupee. Price of grass and kadbi 40 seers per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Karachi 30 per cent. less than normal.

Sukkur.—No rain during week; for season 1 inch 49 cents at Sukkur, in the district maximum 5 inches 47 cents at Shikarpur, minimum 2 inches 13 cents at Rohri. River at Bukkur 5 feet 87 inches against 5 feet 17 inches on same date last year. Locusts appeared in Sukkur, Ubauro, Rohri, Pano Akil and Mirpur talukas, and did slight damage to crops in parts of Rohri, Mirpur, Ubauro, and Sukkur taluass Crops in good condition elsewhere. Land being prepared for rabi cultivation in Sukkur, Garhi Yasin, Pano Akil, Ghotki and Ubauro talukas. Fodder-supply adequate, agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 12 of bajri 14 of wheat 11 1-2 and of rice 6-1-2 seers per rupee. Price of green kadbi Re. 0-5-0 per maund. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Sukkur 33 and of bajri 10 per cent. less than normal.

Hyderabad.—No rain during week; for season 10 inches 28 cents at Hyderabad, in the district maximum 38 inches 52 cents at Badin, minimum 15 inches 63 cents at Hala. Standing crops slightly damaged by locusts in parts of Hala taluka. Harvesting of kharif crops commenced in Hala and Guni talukas. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation in Badin and Guni talukas. Prospects fair. Supply of fodder sufficient except in Badin taluka. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 12, of bajri 13, of rice 6½ and of wheat 9 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari, purchasable per rupee at Hyderabad 25 and of bajri 19 per cent. less than normal.

Upper Sind Frontier.—No rain during week; for season 12 inches 92 cents at Jacobabad, in the district maximum 4 inches 99 cents at Kandkot, minimum 1 inch 24 cents at Kashmir. Standing crops in good condition except for slight damage by insects to sesamum and jowari crops in Jacobabad and Thul talukas. Harvesting of bajri commenced in Kandkot taluka. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Sowing commenced in Kandkot Kashmor and Shahdapur talukas. Supply of fodder adequate, Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 15 and of bajri 16 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Jacobabad 25 and of bajri 20 per cent. less than normal.

Thar and Parkar.—No rain during week; for season 19 inches 17 cents at Mirpur Khas, in the district maximum 40 inches 91 cents at Mithi, minimum 10 inches 12 cents at Sanghar. Locusts appeared in Chachro and Diplo talukas and caused slight damage to crops in Diplo taluka. Harvesting of bajri continues in parts of Jamrao tract. Picking of cotton commenced in Jamesabad taluka. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Nara Valley and Jamrao tract. Fodder-supply sufficient. Price of jowari 14, of bajri 13, of rice 7 1-2 and of wheat 10 1-2 seers per rupee. Price of grass 4 bundles per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Mirpur Khas 37 per cent, less than normal.

Nawabshah.—No rain during week; for season 15 inches 46 cents at Nawabshah, in the district maximum 15 inches 87 cents at Sakrand, minimum 2 inches 8 cents at Kandiaro. Locusts appeared in parts of Moro, Kandiaro and Nasrat talukas and did slight damage to crops in parts of Nasrat and Kandiaro talukas. Harvesting commenced except in parts of Sakrand and Sinjhoro talukas. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation in Naushahro, Masrat and Kandiare taluka. Supply of fodder sufficient. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 16, of bajri 15, of wheat 11 and of rice 6 seers per rupees. Price of dry kadbi Rs. 15 per 10 seer each. Quantity of jowari and bajri purchasable per rupee at Nawabshah normal.

Ratnagiri—Rain during week 27 cents at Ratnagiri, in the district maximum 1 inch 82 cents at Rajapur, minimum 19 cents at Dapoli; for 66 inches 77 cents at Ratnagiri, in the district maximum 142 inches 75 cents at Mandangad, minimum 55 inches 88 cents at Devgad. Rainfall insufficient. Late sown crops withering. Harvesting of early sown crops continues. Supply of fodder and water plentiful. Agricultural stock in good condition. Stocks of grain adequate. Price of rice 7 seers 13o hataks per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Ratnagiri 25 per cent. less than normal.

Ahmednagar.—Rain during week 2 inches 20 cents at Ahmednagar, in the district maximum 1 inch 76 cents at Rohuri, minimum 10 cents at Sangamner; for season 20 inches 82 cents at Ahmednagar, in the district maximum 21 inches 59 cents at Akola, minimum 9 inches 25 cents at Nevasa. Rainfall general, beneficial and useful to late sown bajri and germinated jowari crops. More rain still needed in parts of Parner, Karjat, Jamkhed, Ahmednagar, Nevasa and Kopargaon talukas. Harvesting of kharif crops in progress. Standing crops withering in parts of Karjat, 5 Amknod and talukas. Insects appeared in parts of Rohuri taluka and slightly damaged jowari and bajri crops. Sowing of jowari continues. Cattle in good condition. Agricultural stock deficient. Green grass sufficient. Kadbi not available. Water-supply sufficient except in parts of Shrigonda taluka where it is diminishing. Price of jowari 11 seers and of bajri 11 seers 3 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Ahmednagar 48 per cent. less than normal.

Poona.—Rain during week 85 cents at Poona, in the district maximum 2 inches 86 cents at Maval, minimum 7 cents at Purandhar; for season 22 inches 56 cents at Poona, in the district maximum 62 inches 83 cents at Mulshi, minimum 7 inches 97 cents at Bhimthadi. Rainfall fair to moderate in the Western Division and in Sirur taluka and slight elsewhere. More rain urgently needed. Standing crops in good condition in the Western Division and in parts of Sirur and Purandhar talukas. Crops in parts of Bhimthadi and Indapur talukas and Dhond petha have completely withered. Rabi sowing generally commenced. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural insufficient except in Indapur taluka and Dhond petha. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of jowari 10 seers 13 chataks and of bajri 10 seers 3 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Poona 85 and of bajri 30 per cent less than normal. Stocks of grain sufficient. Demand and supply of labour generally well balanced. Rates of wages 4 to 6 annas for males and 2 to 4 annas for females. Condition of cultivators and labourers fair. Dole being distributed to 18 village servants and 64 decrepit persons.

Satara.—Rain during week maximum 3 inches 12 cents at Tasgaon, minimum 17 cents at Satara; for season 26 inches 69 cents at Satara in the district maximum 68 inches 71 cents at Javali, minimum 7 inches 86 cents at Phaltan. Rainfall beneficial. More rain urgently needed. Standing crops withered in parts of Man and Khatav talukes and khandala petha and suffering for want of rain elsewhere. Harvesting of minor crops in progress. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Sowing of rabi crops commenced in some, places. Fodder-supply sufficient except in Man taluka. Agricultural stock in good condition except in Man taluka where deteriorating. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate except in Man taluka where diminishing. Price of jowari 13 seers 6 chataks and of bajri 12 seer 12 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Satara 19 and of bajri 15 per cent less than normal.

Bijapur.—Rain during week 34 cents at Bijapur, in the district maximum 2 inches 37 cents at Bagalkot, minimum 8 cents at Indi; for season 12 inches 15 cents at Bijapur, in the district maximum 18 inches 49 cents at Muddebihal minimum 6 inches 45 cents at Bilgi. Rainfall beneficial to standing kharif crops and useful for rabi sowing. Sowing of cotton and jowari continues. Prospects improving. Standing kharif crops and rabi seedlings slightly damaged by grass-hoppers in parts of Sindgi taluka. Fodder-supply adequate. Green grass available. Agricultural stock sufficient and in fair condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of jowari 22½, and of kadbi 75 lbs. per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Bijapur 48 per cent. less than normal. Dole being distributed to 28 village servants.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 1 inch 65 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 2 inches 75 cents at Samgaon, minimum 15 cents at Khanapur; for season 34 inches 76 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 86 inches 45 cents at Chandgad, minimum 7 inches 56 cents at Parasgad. More rain needed in parts of Athhi and Khanapur talukas. Standing crops suffering for want of rain in parts of Khanapur taluka and improved by recent rain elsewhere. Garden crops in good condition. Sowing of jowari continues, of wheat and grain commenced and of cotton resumed in Gokak, Athni, Chikodi and Parasgad talukas and Murgod petha Prospects improved. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate. Stocks of grain adequate. Price of jowari 11, of bajri 12, of wheat 8 1-4 and of rice 7 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Belgaum 40 and of bajri 31 per cent. less than normal.

Kolapur and Southern Maratha Country.—Rain during week 3 inches 14 cents at Kolapur, in the Agency maximum 3 inches 85 cents at Khandali, minimum 25 cents at Malkapur; for season 24 inches 81 cents at Kolhapur, in the Agency maximum 164 inches 17 cents at Bavda. More rain urgently needed. Sowing of cotton and and jowari commenced. Standing crops damaged by grass-hoppers in Gudgeri. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Cattle adequate. Price of jowari 10 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Kolapur 41 per cent. less than normal.

The Cunarder Franconia, on arrival at Queenstown from Boston, reported having passed on Sept. 6, in lat. 48°53, long. 34°13, a vessel's mast 60ft. high, painted blue, covered with marine growth, and most dangerous to navigation.

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STAGE NOTES.

"SEALED ORDERS," AT DRURY LANE.

Spectacularly, "Sealed Orders" is as interesting as anything of the kind ever produced at Drury Lane. Scene after scene has its curious actuality. In the first act we are shown a cottage garden at Epsom—it is delightful. This changes to a diamond merchant's office in Hatton Garden, with oak panelling and glazed partitions—and it really looks like such a place. Then we are transported to the interior of a huge tent at a Chelsea flower-show, with masses of bloom, ferns drooping from pendent wire cages, and a throng of promenading ladies whose dresses are beyond description by a mere male. After that comes a picture of the Chelsea Embankment, with the river beyond, and the buildings of the further bank admirably painted: this picture (by Mr. R. McCleery) was received by the house with a round of applause. The interior of a fashionable West End gaming-house was seemingly a solid thing of polished walls and columns, quite splendid, yet not too much so. A moneylender's office in Bond-street, crowded with *objects d'art*, seemed no less real; and then came the deck of a British battleship, with great guns and turrets, and lines of electric lights, and a ball in progress—a very brilliant picture indeed. Afterwards the big room at Christie's, with a sale in progress, provided further touches of pictorial fidelity, though the shouts of the bidders sounded rather comical in a place where practically all bids are indicated silently by signs, and the pictures on the walls scarcely suggested a sale at the height of the season. And towards the end we had quite wonderful scenes on the Downs, in mid-air (from the deck of an airship), and among the waves of the English Channel—all surely touching the limit of scenic illusion. No wonder the huge audience received the huge pictorial display with enthusiasm.

THREE PLOTS.

As a play, too, "Sealed Orders" undoubtedly has its points. Written by those old hands at the game, Messrs. Cecil Raleigh and Henry Hamilton, it gives us practically three plots, one dealing with the theft of £21,000 worth of diamonds from the safe of the Hatton Garden office; another concerned with the effort of the Ambassador of "a certain foreign Power" to secure possession of some sealed orders stowed away in the safe of the cabin of Admiral Lord Hugh Gaveston, G. C. B., and the third concerned with the gambling debts of the Admiral's pretty young wife, and the aforementioned Ambassador's efforts to bring off at one and the same moment a double *coup*—the ruin of Lady Felicia Gaveston and the destruction of the British Fleet. Needless to say, the sealed orders are saved from falling into the wrong hands; Lady Felicia's honour is also saved, and the Ambassador, like Lord Ullin in the poem, is left lamenting. Before the end is reached, however, we go through strange excitements: at one moment on the glittering battleship; at the next in Park-lane, with motor-cars flashing hither and thither; and always with any amount of pressure in the general conversation. It is, perhaps, a pity that the one really dramatic scene—that of the robbery of the safe at Hatton Garden—falls in the first act. It kept the first nights audience as still as mice, and the cheer that followed it was the loudest of the evening.

A STRONG CAST.

Amid so much pictorial splendour the mere actor is apt to be somewhat overwhelmed. Yet, so strong is the company that here again recently brought its triumphs. Mr. C. M. Hallard, for example, made a very real hit by his acting in the robbery scene; Miss Fanny Brough, as a palmist's accessory both in love and in business, was as delightful as ever and Mr. Hale Hamilton, as the palmist, was not ten minutes on the stage before he had revived all the popularity he enjoyed with London playgoers as the hero of "Get Rich Quick Wallingford." Miss Madge Fabian was sweet and plantive as the Admiral's foolish yet so charming little wife; Mr. Rebert Ayrton as an old moneylender, and Mr. E. H. Kelly as a younger one, provided sharply-cut character sketches, which won due recognition; Mr. Edward Sass was very solemn and bluff as the Admiral; and the veteran Mr. E. W. Royce, whom it it was pleasant to hear the house applaud on his first entry, gave a very excellent and effective performance as an aged associate of "crooks." The whole huge production went with surprising smoothness, and the verdict upon it was "Another Drury Lane success."

"GIRLS."

The three-act comedy called "Girls," by the late Mr. Clyde Fitch, presented at the Prince of Wales' Theatre and quite friendlily received by the audience, is one of the lighter efforts of its author's prolific pen. Like so much of his work, it strikes one as the composition of a man who knew, or cared, very little about life and a great deal about theatrical effect. Its theme is the simple one of three supposedly manhating girls, who speedily capitulate in the most ardent way to the first man who makes an honest demand for their affections. All, or nearly all, of it seems quite artificial. There is, of course, in real life, the type of woman who deems herself able to be independent of masculine society, and especially of masculine protection; but her intellectual position is a very different one from that of the heroiners in "Girls," which, indeed, is never much more than a transparent affectation. However, shallow as it all is, and obvious as are its general intentions and processes, it has undoubtedly appealed to the generality of the audience, and will probably continue for some time to come to find a public who will appreciate its quite elementary humours.

Its best scene occurs in the last act, where one of the heroines; Violet Lansdowne by name, 'wheedles' a "proposal" out of a misogynist lawyer's clerk named Loot; and a good deal of the effect of the episode was the result of the quite excellent acting of a Mr. H. E. Garden (an actor whom one does not remember having seen before) in the part of the clerk. Here we had what we all too seldom see on the stage nowadays, a genuine piece of the art of "impersonation." The actor was not self-conscious. He did not act to the audience. He seemed truly to be Loot, and nothing but Loot. His ill-fitting clothes, stubby moustache, baleful eyes, quiet voice, and grim mouth, all seemed to belong to a *character*. His mere glance had significance, and more than once a little facial twist, unaccompanied by a single spoken word, sent a wave of laughter over the house. As this is, so far as one know, the first time one has seen Mr. H. E. Garden act, one obviously cannot say how much of his effect was due to personality and how much to art, but certainly a good deal of it was the result of thoroughly artistic work; and to him the honours of the evening must undoubtedly be accorded.

THE ORIGIN OF A PLAY.

Mr. Henry Arthur Jones, whose new farcical comedy, "Mary Goes First," is to be produced by Miss Marie Tempest at the Play-house spoke in an interview with a Press representative of the origin of the piece, and gave an outline of its principal characters. It is a modern play, with a dozen characters altogether, the scene being laid throughout in the drawing-room at Mr. Felix Galpin's. "Mary obviously is Miss Tempest," Mr. H. A. Jones said at the outset, "the part being that of a leader of society in a large English town. The play deals with a question of social precidency which occupies a good many ladies both in higher and lower stations than that which is filled by Mrs. Whichello. The germ of the play came to me when I was out at some diplomatic dinner that was given in one of our dependencies. The host had asked me to meet some of the notabilities of the place, and just before the guests arrived he grew uncertain as to which should go in the first. His distress and perplexity suggested to me that this question of social presidency might be used as the theme of a play. Although I made a note of the idea at the time, yet it was not until a couple of years ago that the story began to take shape.

MME. SARAH BERNHARDT'S VISIT.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has a place of her own in the affection of the London playgoer, and a place of which any foreign artist might well be proud. During her present visit Mme. Bernhardt will exhibit the wide range of her powers by appearing in such diverse parts as Theodora, Cleopatra, Joan of Arc, and Marguerite Gautier. She inaugurated her season by presenting the second act of Rostand's "La Samaritaine." The author has brooded with a fertile and not unworthy imagination upon the story of the woman who spoke with Christ at the well. In the excerpt presented by Mme. Bernhardt we see her returned in amazement to her neighbours full of the message of love and redemption that has been poured into her inmost being. Mme. Bernhardt fills us from her first entrance with the sense of the *illumine*—uplifted, passionate, yearning to import the priceless treasure of truth, and burning with a wisful tenderness that seems to radiate from the Presence whose press she still bears. It is a finely-written scene, and the emotion of the Oriental crowd surges to and from the transformed woman in waves that dance and sparkle in M. Rostand's brilliant diction. But the supreme notes are in the boundless pathos of the redeemed magdalen, the pouring gentleness and love that seem to dissolve the strident elements of the crowd gradually into an impulse of universal abnegation and surrender. Mme. Bernhardt is never greater than in such passages of womanly passivity, when she seems the vehicle of magnetising and subduing passion. She brings the act to a close in a vein of fervent realisation which unites the emotions of uttermost reverence with those of a fearless and sincere humanity.

LADIES' CORNER

COBWEB GOWNS IN AMERICA.

American dressmakers are devoting some attention to the possibilities of pina cloth from the Philippines, as an artistic substitute for the diaphanous gowns worn by American women, who demand the very latest thing in dress fabrics. The stores are ordering considerable quantities for next season, says the "Telegraph's" New York correspondent.

Pina cloth is more diaphanous than the thinnest of voile, more pellucid than the most clinging crepe de Chine, and more transparent than the filmiest of crepe meteor. It can be doubled several times and still be transparent. In one layer it has no more thickness than cobweb, and gowns made of pina will be called cobweb gowns. It is called pina cloth because it is made of half silk and half pineapple fibre.

FEAR OF FUR FAMINE.

Is there a danger that the animals whose skins provide the best and more expensive furs will become extinct? A member of a firm who claim to be the largest furriers in the world told a London Press representative that the position in this respect was more grave than most people thought.

Chinchilla, silver fox, and sable are, in particular, getting more scarce, the shortage in the last-named, of course, being due to the action of the Russian Government in ordering a close time in respect of Russian sables. It is expected that this close time will be beneficial in the end. The price of chinchilla, however, is higher this year than last, while silver fox fully maintains the high prices of last year, as does also ermine.

Some idea of the value of chinchilla may be gauged from the fact that chinchilla skins are worth literally more than their weight in gold. Both stone and baummarten will be affected this year owing to the shortage of sables, the price of the martens naturally rising in sympathy with the price of sables, which latter they more nearly resemble than any other fur.

Musquash this year will be about the usual price, for muskrats breed so freely that there is little chance of any famine. Of late years more men at Home have taken to furs than formerly. Pony skin had added to its popularity, and is to-day one of the most popular skins for the motorist, being very pliable when properly treated. Certain varieties, such as Russian pony, can be easily cleaned, it being possibly to sponge them without damaging them. One of the dearest furs to-day is still the sea otter, a good pelt of which is always worth £500, whilst a very fine specimen which this firm had in their London department was valued at £90. Another fur which is becoming rapidly more expensive, and which is now considerably dearer than seal, is the broadtail, a name given to skins taken from lambs of a certain breed, which are killed as soon as they are born. Broadtail is perhaps the finest fur existing, being much finer than astrachan, and having a surface almost like moire silk.

A successful trial trip was made over Cove Common, Aldershot, in mail week, by the new Astra Torres airship which has been built for the Navy. The airship carried eight passengers, all of whom expressed satisfaction with her behaviour.

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FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

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from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.
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THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER
is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.
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"WORTH £5 A DOSE"
"I also recommended it to a Sergeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.
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